nehta

Structured Content Specification

PCEHR Medicare Overview Version 1.1

27 September 2013

Approved for external use

National E-Health Transition Authority Ltd

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Document Information

Document owner

Document Owner

The National Clinical Terminology and Information Service

Change history

Version	Date	Comments
1.0	30 Apr 2013	Initial release.
1.1	27 Sep 2013	Revised cardinality of some sections.

Related documents

Name	Version/Release Date
NEHTA Acronyms, Abbreviations & Glossary of Terms	Version 1.2, Issued 25 May 2005
Medicare/DVA Benefits Report Structured Content Specification	Version 1.1, Issued 18 June 2012
Pharmaceutical Benefits Report Structured Content Specification	Version 1.1, Issued 18 June 2012
Australian Childhood Immunisation Register Structured Content Specification	Version 1.1, Issued 26 July 2012
Australian Organ Donor Register Structured Content Specification	Version 1.1, Issued 18 June 2012
Participation Data Specification	Version 3.2, Issued 20 July 2011
Information Requirements - Medicare Overview	Version 1.0, Issued 05 July 2012
Miscellaneous Detailed Clinical Model Specification	Version 1.2, Issued 22 December 2011
Medicare Repositories Detailed Clinical Model Specification	Version 1.0, Issued 22 December 2011
Medication Instruction And Action Detailed Clinical Model Specific- ation	Version 2.2, Issued 04 September 2013

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1 Introduction

This document is a Structured Content Specification (SCS) for Medicare Overview. It specifies the information structure of NEHTA-compliant documents that collate health information from the Personally Controlled Electronic Health Record (PCEHR) system from the following:

- Medicare Benefits Scheme (MBS)
- · Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS)
- Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (RPBS)
- · Australian Childhood Immunisation Register (ACIR)
- Australian Organ Donor Register (AODR)

Appendix C, *Specification Guide for Use* provides definitional details on data type constraints applied to data elements defined in the SCS. It also provides important information on how to read and use the SCS and is therefore an essential compendium for better understanding of the SCS.

NEHTA values your questions and comments about this document. Please direct your questions or feedback to clinicalinformation@nehta.gov.au.

1.1 Document Purpose

The content within this document provides reviewers (software development teams, architects, designers, clinicians and informatics researchers) with the necessary information (or references to information held outside this document) to evaluate and assess the clinical suitability of NEHTA-endorsed specifications for the electronic transfer of Medicare Overview.

It is also a key input to the NEHTA Medicare Overview CDA Implementation Guide [NEHT2013w], which describes how to implement NEHTA-compliant Medicare Overview using the HL7 Clinical Document Architecture [HL7CDAR2].

1.2 Intended Audience

This document is intended for software development teams, architects, designers, clinicians and informatics researchers who are responsible for the delivery of clinical applications, infrastructure components and messaging interfaces. It is also intended for those who wish to evaluate the clinical suitability of NEHTA-endorsed specifications.

1.3 Document Scope

This document specifies the essential clinical data groups and elements to be captured in a Medicare Overview exchange and the constraints that should be applied. Its scope is aligned to the document Concept of Operations: Relating to the introduction of a Personally Controlled Electronic Health Record System [DHA2011b].

This is not a guide to implementing any specific messaging standard.

1.4 Known Issues

This is a preliminary draft for trial implementation.

Known issues with this document are described in Appendix A, Known Issues.

2 Medicare Overview Structured Document

2.1 MEDICARE OVERVIEW

Identification

Label	MEDICARE OVERVIEW
Metadata Type	Structured Document
Identifier	SD-16767
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.100.16767

Definition

Definition	The Medicare Overview provides Medicare Benefits Scheme (MBS) claims history, Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) and Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (RPBS) claims history, Australian Childhood Immunisation Register (ACIR) history and Australian Organ Donor Register (AODR) information that is in the individual's PCEHR.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

Usage

Conditions of Use	This structured document SHALL contain either exactly one instance of <i>Medicare</i> <i>Overview Exclusion Statement</i> or exactly one instance of each of the following sections:
	MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES HISTORY
	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS HISTORY
	AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER HISTORY
	AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER INFORMATION
	This structured document SHALL NOT contain both an instance of <i>Medicare Overview Exclusion Statement</i> and instances of the four sections.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Data Hierarchy

	MEDIC	ARE OVERVIEW						
CONT	EXT							
	8	SUBJE	SUBJECT OF CARE					
		DOCUI	DOCUMENT AUTHOR					
		DateTir	me Autho	red	11			
		Earlies	t Date for	Filtering (DateTime Health Event Started)	01			
		Latest	Date for I	Filtering (DateTime Health Event Ended)	01			
		HEALT	HCARE	FACILITY	00			
		Medica	ire Overv	iew Instance Identifier	00			
	~	LINK			00			
		Structu	red Docu	iment Identifier	00			
CONT	ENT	ENT						
	~	Medica	Medicare Overview Exclusion Statement (EXCLUSION STATEMENT)					
		Τ	Genera	I Statement	11			
		8	INFOR	MATION PROVIDER	00			
		8	SUBJE	CT	00			
		1 53	Exclusi	on Statement Instance Identifier	00			
		~	LINK		00			
		1000	Detailed Clinical Model Identifier					
	~~	MEDIC	MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES HISTORY					
		~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT					
			Т	General Statement	11			
				INFORMATION PROVIDER	00			
				SUBJECT	00			

Exclusion Statement Instance Identifier	00
LINK	00
Detailed Clinical Model Identifier	00
MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES	01
MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICE	1*
Date of Service	11
Medicare MBS/DVA Item	11
Service in Hospital Indicator	01
SERVICE REQUESTER	01
SERVICE PROVIDER	01
INFORMATION PROVIDER	00
SUBJECT	00
Medicare/DVA Funded Service Instance Identifier	00
Medicare/DVA Funded Service Document Link (LINK)	11
Link Nature	11
	01
Target Document (Link Target)	11
Detailed Clinical Model Identifier	00
Medicare/DVA Funded Services Instance Identifier	00
	00
Section Identifier	00
Medicare/DVA Funded Services History Instance Identifier	00
LINK	00

		Section Identifier						
~	PHARM	ACEUT	CEUTICAL BENEFITS HISTORY					
	~~	EXCLU	XCLUSION STATEMENT					
		Τ	Genera	I Statement	11			
		8	INFOR	MATION PROVIDER	00			
		8	SUBJE	CT	00			
			Exclusi	on Statement Instance Identifier	00			
		~	LINK		00			
		1 500	Detaile	d Clinical Model Identifier	00			
	~	PHARM	MACEUT	ICAL BENEFIT ITEMS	01			
		~	PHARM	ACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM	1*			
			001011001	PBS/RPBS Item Code	11			
			001011001	PBS/RPBS Manufacturer Code	01			
			T	Brand (Pharmaceutical Item Brand)	11			
			Τ	Item Generic Name (Pharmaceutical Item Generic Name)	11			
			T	Item Form and Strength (Pharmaceutical Item Form and Strength)	11			
			1 7°00	Date of Supply	11			
			1 7 000	Date of Prescribing	11			
			1	Quantity	11			
			123	Number of Repeats	11			
			8	INFORMATION PROVIDER	00			
			8	SUBJECT	00			
				Pharmaceutical Benefit Item Instance Identifier	00			
			~~	Pharmaceutical Benefit Item Document Link (LINK)	11			

				001011001	Link Na	ture	11	
				001011001	Link Ro	le	01	
					Target [Document (Link Target)	11	
				Detailed	d Clinical	Model Identifier	00	
			Pharma	aceutical	Benefit I	tems Instance Identifier	00	
		~~	LINK				00	
			Section	1 Identifie	f		00	
		Pharma	aceutical	Benefits	History I	nstance Identifier	00	
	~~	LINK					00	
	4692	Sectior	ection Identifier					
~	AUSTF	RALIAN (ALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER HISTORY					
	~~	EXCLU	EXCLUSION STATEMENT					
		Τ	Genera	General Statement				
		8	INFOR	MATION	PROVID	ER	00	
		8	SUBJE	CT			00	
			Exclusi	ion Stater	ment Inst	ance Identifier	00	
		~	LINK				00	
			Detaile	d Clinical	Hodel Id	dentifier	00	
	~~	AUSTF	AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRIES					
			AUSTR	AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRY				
			~~	VACCINE ADMINISTRATION ENTRY				
				~~	Vaccine	Administration (MEDICATION ACTION)	11	
					001011001	Vaccine Type (Therapeutic Good Identification)	11	

			e	Additional Medicine Detail (Additional Therapeutic Good Detail)	00
			T	Instructions to Subject of Care or Carer (Medication Action Instructions)	00
			T	Formula	00
			~~	Ingredients and Form (CHEMICAL DESCRIPTION OF MEDICATION)	00
			001011001	Medicare Antigen Code (Reason for Action)	0*
			~~	Quantity of Medication (AMOUNT OF MEDICATION)	00
			T	Comment (Medication Action Comment)	00
			123	Vaccine Dose Number (Sequence Number)	01
			~	Administration (MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION)	00
			*	Brand Substituted (Brand Substitution Occurred)	00
			T	Batchid (Batch Identifier)	00
			7	Date of Expiry (Expiry Date)	00
				DISPENSED TO	00
			123	Number of this Dispense	00
			123	Maximum Number of Repeats	00
			001011001	Claim Category	00
			001011001	Administrative Item Code	00
			001011001	Administrative Manufacturer Code	00
			\mathbf{T}		
				Administrative System Identifier	00
				INFORMATION PROVIDER	00
				SUBJECT	00
			1	Date Vaccination Received (Medication Action DateTime)	11
				Medication Action Instance Identifier	00

			~~	LINK	00
				Detailed Clinical Model Identifier	00
		VACCI		CELLATION ENTRY	01
		~~	Vaccine	e Cancellation (MEDICATION ACTION)	11
			001011001	Vaccine Type (Therapeutic Good Identification)	11
			@	Additional Medicine Detail (Additional Therapeutic Good Detail)	00
			Τ	Instructions to Subject of Care or Carer (Medication Action Instructions)	00
			Τ	Formula	00
			~	Ingredients and Form (CHEMICAL DESCRIPTION OF MEDICATION)	00
			001011001	Medicare Antigen Code (Reason for Action)	0*
			~	Quantity of Medication (AMOUNT OF MEDICATION)	00
			Τ	Comment (Medication Action Comment)	00
			123	Vaccine Dose Number (Sequence Number)	01
			~	Administration (MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION)	00
			*	Brand Substituted (Brand Substitution Occurred)	00
			Τ	Batchid (Batch Identifier)	00
			1 200	Date of Expiry (Expiry Date)	00
				DISPENSED TO	00
			123	Number of this Dispense	00
			123	Maximum Number of Repeats	00
			001011001	Claim Category	00
			001011001	Administrative Item Code	00
			001011001	Administrative Manufacturer Code	00

					Administrative System Identifier	00
				8	INFORMATION PROVIDER	00
				8	SUBJECT	00
				1 75	Date Vaccination Cancelled (Medication Action DateTime)	01
				161111111111111	Medication Action Instance Identifier	00
				~~	LINK	00
					Detailed Clinical Model Identifier	00
			~	VACCII	NE CANCELLATION REASON	0*
				001011001	Type (Vaccine Cancellation Reason Type)	11
				20	Period (Vaccine Cancellation Reason Period)	11
				Τ	Comment (Vaccine Cancellation Reason Comment)	11
				8	INFORMATION PROVIDER	00
				8	SUBJECT	00
				1611	Vaccine Cancellation Reason Instance Identifier	00
				~~	LINK	00
				4632	Detailed Clinical Model Identifier	00
		Austral	ian Child	hood Im	munisation Register Entries Instance Identifier	00
	~~	Austral	ian Child	hood Im	munisation Register Entries Document Link (LINK)	11
		001011001	Link Na	ature		11
		001011001				
			Target I	Documei	nt (Link Target)	11
		Section	Identifie	f.		00

		Austral	Australian Childhood Immunisation Register History Instance Identifier						
	~~	LINK	INK						
		Sectior	ection Identifier (
~	AUSTR	ALIAN C	ORGAN I	DONOR	REGISTER DECISION INFORMATION	01			
	~~	EXCLU	ISION S	TATEME	NT	01			
		Τ	Genera	al Statem	ent	11			
		8	INFOR	MATION	PROVIDER	00			
		8	SUBJE	CT		00			
			Exclusi	on State	ment Instance Identifier	00			
		~~	LINK						
			Detailed Clinical Model Identifier						
	~~	AUSTR	AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER DETAILS						
		~~	AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER ENTRY						
			1 7°	Date of	Initial Registration	11			
				Donatio	on Decision	11			
			~	ORGAI	N AND TISSUE DONATION DETAILS	01			
				•	Bone Tissue Indicator	11			
					Eye Tissue Indicator	11			
				*	Heart Indicator	11			
					Heart Valve Indicator	11			
				*	Kidney Indicator	11			
				*	Liver Indicator	11			
				*	Lungs Indicator	11			
				*	Pancreas Indicator	11			

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				*	Skin Tissue Indicator	11		
				INFOR	MATION PROVIDER	00		
			8	SUBJE	CT	00		
				Australi	an Organ Donor Register Entry Instance Identifier	00		
			~~	LINK		00		
				Detailed	d Clinical Model Identifier	00		
		46 <u>9</u> 2	Austral	ian Orgai	n Donor Register Details Instance Identifier	00		
		~	Austral	Australian Organ Donor Register Details Document Link (LINK)				
			001011001	Link Na	ture	11		
			001011001	Link Ro	le	01		
				Target [Document (Link Target)	11		
		163	Section	i Identifie	f	00		
		Austral	Australian Organ Donor Register Information Instance Identifier					
	~~	LINK	LINK 0					
		Section	Identific	er		00		

2.2 SUBJECT OF CARE

Identification

Label	SUBJECT OF CARE
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-10296
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.10296

Definition

Definition	Identifies the person about whom the health information contained in this <i>Medicare Overview</i> has been captured.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Patient Individual

Usage

Conditions of Use	This is a reuse of the PARTICIPATION data group, which is described in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v].
	The following constraints are additional to those specified in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v]. Constraints are explained in Appendix C, <i>Specification Guide for Use</i> .
	Additional obligation and occurrence constraints:
	 Participation Period is PROHIBITED.
	LOCATION OF PARTICIPATION is PROHIBITED .
	Entity Identifier is ESSENTIAL.
	 Relationship to Subject of Care is PROHIBITED.
	EMPLOYMENT DETAIL is PROHIBITED .
	DEMOGRAPHIC DATA is ESSENTIAL.
	• Sex is ESSENTIAL.
	DATE OF BIRTH DETAIL is ESSENTIAL.
	• AGE DETAIL is ESSENTIAL .
	Qualifications is PROHIBITED .
	Indigenous Status is ESSENTIAL.
	Other additional constraints:

	 Participation Type SHALL have an implementation-specific value equivalent to "Subject of Care".
	Role SHALL have an implementation-specific value equivalent to "Patient".
	 The value of one Entity Identifier SHALL be an Australian IHI.
	 PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE SHALL be instantiated as a PERSON.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
	MEDICARE OVERVIEW	11

2.3 DOCUMENT AUTHOR

Identification

Label	DOCUMENT AUTHOR
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-10296
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.10296

Definition

Definition	The device that composed the Medicare Overview document.	
Definition Source	NEHTA	
Synonymous Names	Author	

Usage

Conditions of Use	This is a reuse of the PARTICIPATION data group, which is described in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v].
	The following constraints are additional to those specified in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v]. Constraints are explained in Appendix C, <i>Specification Guide for Use</i> .
	Additional obligation and occurrence constraints:
	Participation Period is PROHIBITED .
	LOCATION OF PARTICIPATION is PROHIBITED .
	ADDRESS is PROHIBITED .
	ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION DETAIL is PROHIBITED .
	ENTITLEMENT is PROHIBITED .
	Qualifications is PROHIBITED .
	Entity Identifier is ESSENTIAL.
	Other additional constraints:
	 Role SHALL have an implementation specific value equivalent to "Not Applicable".
	 Participation Type SHALL have an implementation-specific value equivalent to "Document Author".
	 The value of one Entity Identifier SHALL be a PCEHR Assigned Identifier for Device (PAI-D).

PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE SHALL be instantiated as a DEVICE.

Conditions of Use Source

Relationships

NEHTA

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
	MEDICARE OVERVIEW	11

2.4 DateTime Authored

Identification

Label	DateTime Authored
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-20105
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.20105

Definition

Definition	The date, or date and time, that the <i>Medicare Overview</i> document was constructed from the source documents.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	DateTime

Usage

Examples	Please see DateTime in Appendix C, Specification Guide for Use for examples
	and usage information on specifying a date or time (or both).

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
	MEDICARE OVERVIEW	11

2.5 DateTime Health Event Started

Identification

Label	Earliest Date for Filtering
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-15507
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.15507

Definition

Definition	The date, or date and time, on or after which all source documents were authored.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	The earliest date-time used in selecting documents for this view.
Data Type	DateTime

Usage

Examples	Please see DateTime in Appendix C, Specification Guide for Use for examples
	and usage information on specifying a date or time (or both).

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
	MEDICARE OVERVIEW	01

2.6 DateTime Health Event Ended

Identification

Label	Latest Date for Filtering
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-15510
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.15510

Definition

Definition	The date, or date and time, on or before which all source documents were authored.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	The latest date-time used in selecting documents for this view.
Data Type	DateTime

Usage

Examples	Please see DateTime in Appendix C, Specification Guide for Use for examples
	and usage information on specifying a date or time (or both).

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
	MEDICARE OVERVIEW	01

2.7 MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES HISTORY

Identification

Label	MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES HISTORY
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-16780
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16780

Definition

Definition	Information held by the Department of Human Services about healthcare services provided to an individual that have been funded in part or in full by Medicare or the Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA).
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

Usage

Conditions of Use	Each instance of this section SHALL contain either exactly one instance of <i>EXCLUSION STATEMENT</i> or exactly one instance of <i>MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES</i> .
	This section SHALL NOT contain both an instance of <i>EXCLUSION STATEMENT</i> and an instance of <i>MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES</i> .
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
	MEDICARE OVERVIEW	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
	MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES	01
	Medicare/DVA Funded Services History Instance Identifier	00
~	LINK	00
	Section Identifier	00

2.8 MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES

Identification

Label	MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES	
Metadata Type	Section	
Identifier	S-16643	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16643	

Definition

Definition	Information held by the Department of Human Services about healthcare services provided to an individual that have been funded in part or in full by Medicare or the Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA).
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

Relationships

Parents

Da Ty	ta pe	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
		MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES HISTORY	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
~	MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICE	1*
46XX	Medicare/DVA Funded Services Instance Identifier	00
~	LINK	00
1600	Section Identifier	00

2.9 PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS HISTORY

Identification

Label	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS HISTORY
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-16778
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16778

Definition

Definition	Information held by the Department of Human Services about a pharmaceutical item prescribed and dispensed to an individual and partially or fully funded under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) or Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (RPBS).
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

Usage

Conditions of Use	Each instance of this section SHALL contain either exactly one instance of <i>EXCLUSION STATEMENT</i> or exactly one instance of <i>PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEMS</i> .
	This section SHALL NOT contain both an instance of <i>EXCLUSION STATEMENT</i> and an instance of <i>PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEMS</i> .
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
	MEDICARE OVERVIEW	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEMS	01
	Pharmaceutical Benefits History Instance Identifier	00
~	LINK	00
	Section Identifier	00

2.10 PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEMS

Identification

Label	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEMS
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-16649
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16649

Definition

Definition	Information held by the Department of Human Services about a pharmaceutical item prescribed and dispensed to an individual and partially or fully funded under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) or Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (RPBS).
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS HISTORY	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
~~	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM	1*
	Pharmaceutical Benefit Items Instance Identifier	00
~	LINK	00
	Section Identifier	00

2.11 AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER HISTORY

Identification

Label	AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER HISTORY
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-16776
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16776

Definition

Definition	Information held by the Department of Human Services about vaccines administered to a child for immunisation, or conditions that prevent that child from being immunised.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

Usage

Conditions of Use	Each instance of this section SHALL contain either exactly one instance of <i>EXCLUSION STATEMENT</i> or exactly one instance of <i>AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRIES</i> .
	This section SHALL NOT contain both an instance of <i>EXCLUSION STATEMENT</i> and an instance of <i>AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRIES</i> .
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
	MEDICARE OVERVIEW	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
	AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRIES	01
	Australian Childhood Immunisation Register History Instance Identifier	00
~	LINK	00
	Section Identifier	00

2.12 AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRIES

Identification

Label	AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRIES		
Metadata Type	Section		
Identifier	S-16658		
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16658		

Definition

Definition	Information held by the Department of Human Services about vaccines administered to the child for immunisation, or conditions that prevent the child from being immunised.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~~	AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER HISTORY	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
	AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRY	1*
	Australian Childhood Immunisation Register Entries Instance Identifier	00
~	Australian Childhood Immunisation Register Entries Document Link (LINK)	11
	Section Identifier	00
2.13 AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRY

Identification

Label	AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRY
Metadata Type	Choice
Identifier	C-16759
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.105.16759

Definition

Definition	A run-time choice to be made between a VACCINE ADMINISTRATION ENTRY and a VACCINE CANCELLATION ENTRY.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Because this data component is a choice, each instance of this data component will contain exactly one of the child data groups.

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
	AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRIES	1*

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
	VACCINE ADMINISTRATION ENTRY	01
~	VACCINE CANCELLATION ENTRY	01

2.14 VACCINE ADMINISTRATION ENTRY

Identification

Label	VACCINE ADMINISTRATION ENTRY	
Metadata Type	Section	
Identifier	S-16763	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16763	

Definition

Definition	A section to hold the details of administration of a vaccine.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous	
Names	

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
	AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRY	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
~	Vaccine Administration (MEDICATION ACTION)	11

2.15 VACCINE CANCELLATION ENTRY

Identification

Label	VACCINE CANCELLATION ENTRY	
Metadata Type	Section	
Identifier	S-16762	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16762	

Definition

Definition	A section to hold details of the cancellation of the administration of a vaccine.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
	AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRY	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
~	Vaccine Cancellation (MEDICATION ACTION)	11
~	VACCINE CANCELLATION REASON	0*

2.16 AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER DECISION INFORMATION

Identification

Label	AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER DECISION INFORMATION
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-16774
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16774

Definition

Definition	Information about the individual's organ and tissue donation decisions, held by the Department of Human Services, for use within the Australian Organ Donor Register.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

Usage

Conditions of Use	Each instance of this section SHALL contain either exactly one instance of EXCLUSION STATEMENT or exactly one instance of AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER DETAILS.
	This section SHALL NOT contain both an instance of <i>EXCLUSION STATEMENT</i> and an instance of <i>AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER DETAILS</i> .
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
	MEDICARE OVERVIEW	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
~	AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER DETAILS	01
	Australian Organ Donor Register Information Instance Identifier	00
~	LINK	00
	Section Identifier	00

2.17 AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER DETAILS

Identification

Label	AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER DETAILS
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-16670
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16670

Definition

Definition	Information held by the Department of Human Services about an individual's organ and tissue donation decisions, for use within the Australian Organ Donor Register (AODR).
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER DECISION INFORMATION	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
~	AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER ENTRY	11
	Australian Organ Donor Register Details Instance Identifier	00
~	Australian Organ Donor Register Details Document Link (LINK)	11
	Section Identifier	00

3 Medicare Overview Exclusion Statement Detailed Clinical Model

This chapter describes a re-use of version 1.1 of the Exclusion Statement Detailed Clinical Model.

3.1 Purpose

To positively record the absence or exclusion of any clinical findings or evaluations within the health record.

3.2 Use

Use to record the positive exclusion or absence of clinical findings or evaluations within the health record. This DCM avoids the need to use terminology to express negation about any item within the health record. Specialisations of this DCM will capture specific and more detailed information about common exclusions, such as problems or diagnoses. This DCM has been deliberately kept simple and open in order to capture simple statements about anything that may be usefully recorded as absent or excluded within the health record.

3.3 Misuse

Do not use to record the exclusion or absence of adverse reactions, problems, diagnoses or interventions (procedures) - use specific specialisations of this DCM in these situations.

3.4 EXCLUSION STATEMENT

Identification

Label	Medicare Overview Exclusion Statement
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16134
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16134

Definition

Definition	An explicit statement about the absence of information.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous	
Names	

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
	MEDICARE OVERVIEW	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
Τ	General Statement	11
8	INFORMATION PROVIDER	00
8	SUBJECT	00
46 X	Exclusion Statement Instance Identifier	00
~	LINK	00
163	Detailed Clinical Model Identifier	00

3.5 General Statement

Identification

Label	General Statement
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16135
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16135

Definition

Definition	A general statement about the absence or exclusion of data values.
Definition Source	openEHR Foundation
Synonymous Names	
Context	Any information required to be explicitly recorded as being absent or excluded within the record.
Context Source	openEHR Foundation
Data Type	Text

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Medicare Overview Exclusion Statement (EXCLUSION STATEMENT)	11

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4 Exclusion Statement Detailed Clinical Model

This chapter describes a re-use of version 1.1 of the Exclusion Statement Detailed Clinical Model.

4.1 Purpose

To positively record the absence or exclusion of any clinical findings or evaluations within the health record.

4.2 Use

Use to record the positive exclusion or absence of clinical findings or evaluations within the health record. This DCM avoids the need to use terminology to express negation about any item within the health record. Specialisations of this DCM will capture specific and more detailed information about common exclusions, such as problems or diagnoses. This DCM has been deliberately kept simple and open in order to capture simple statements about anything that may be usefully recorded as absent or excluded within the health record.

4.3 Misuse

Do not use to record the exclusion or absence of adverse reactions, problems, diagnoses or interventions (procedures) - use specific specialisations of this DCM in these situations.

4.4 EXCLUSION STATEMENT

Identification

Label	EXCLUSION STATEMENT
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16134
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16134

Definition

Definition	An explicit statement about the absence of information about documents.	
Definition Source	NEHTA	
Synonymous Names		

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES HISTORY	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
Τ	General Statement	11
8	INFORMATION PROVIDER	00
8	SUBJECT	00
163	Exclusion Statement Instance Identifier	00
~	LINK	00
163	Detailed Clinical Model Identifier	00

4.5 General Statement

Identification

Label	General Statement
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16135
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16135

Definition

Definition	A general statement about the absence or exclusion of data values.
Definition Source	openEHR Foundation
Synonymous Names	
Context	Any information required to be explicitly recorded as being absent or excluded within the record.
Context Source	openEHR Foundation
Data Type	Text

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT	11

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5 Medicare/DVA Funded Service Detailed Clinical Model

This chapter describes a re-use of version 1.0 of the Medicare/DVA Funded Service Detailed Clinical Model.

5.1 Purpose

To provide information held by the Department of Human Services about Medicare and the Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA) funded services provided to an individual.

5.2 Use

Use to display or share, in the PCEHR and related applications, information about Medicare and the Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA) funded services that have been provided to an individual.

5.3 MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICE

Identification

Label	MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICE
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16639
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16639

Definition

Definition	Information held by the Department of Human Services about a healthcare service provided to an individual that has been funded in part or in full by Medicare or the Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA).
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This is the service for which funding was claimed and not necessarily the actual service that was supplied.

Relationships

Parents

Dat Typ	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES	1*

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
1	Date of Service	11
001011001	Medicare MBS/DVA Item	11
*	Service in Hospital Indicator	01
	SERVICE REQUESTER	01
8	SERVICE PROVIDER	01
8	INFORMATION PROVIDER	00

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
	SUBJECT	00
	Medicare/DVA Funded Service Instance Identifier	00
~	Medicare/DVA Funded Service Document Link (LINK)	11
	Detailed Clinical Model Identifier	00

5.4 Date of Service

Identification

Label	Date of Service
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16640
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16640

Definition

Definition	The recorded date the service was supplied.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	DateTime

Usage

Examples	Please see DateTime in Appendix C, Specification Guide for Use for examples
	and usage information on specifying a date or time (or both).

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICE	11

5.5 Medicare MBS/DVA Item

Identification

Label	Medicare MBS/DVA Item
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16641
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16641

Definition

Definition	The Medicare MBS or DVA item number and a short description of the service provided.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Please note that the item number of the service provided and a short description of the service are both mapped to this element.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Medicare MBS/DVA Item Values

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICE	11

5.6 Medicare MBS/DVA Item Values

Identification

Label	Medicare MBS/DVA Item Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16641
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16641

Definition

Definition	A list of values that combine the item number and a short description of the service provided, under either the Medicare or DVA benefits schedule.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Notes	These values are to be derived from the Medicare and DVA benefits schedules.

Value Domain

Source NEHTA

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
001011001	Medicare MBS/DVA Item	11

5.7 Service in Hospital Indicator

Identification

Label	Service in Hospital Indicator
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16642
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16642

Definition

Definition	Indicator to show whether the service was provided in a hospital.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This indicator is true if the service was provided in a hospital.
Data Type	Boolean

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICE	01

5.8 SERVICE REQUESTER

Identification

Label	SERVICE REQUESTER
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-10296
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.10296

Definition

Definition	The clinician or other healthcare specialist who requested the service.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

Usage

Conditions of Use	This is a reuse of the PARTICIPATION data group, which is described in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v].
	The following constraints are additional to those specified in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v]. Constraints are explained in Appendix C, <i>Specification Guide for Use</i> .
	Additional obligation and occurrence constraints:
	LOCATION OF PARTICIPATION is PROHIBITED .
	 Relationship to Subject of Care is PROHIBITED.
	DEMOGRAPHIC DATA is PROHIBITED .
	Employment Type is PROHIBITED .
	Occupation is PROHIBITED .
	 Position in Organisation is PROHIBITED.
	ENTITLEMENT is PROHIBITED .
	Qualifications is PROHIBITED .
	Other additional constraints:
	 Participation Type SHALL have an implementation-specific value of equivalent to "Service Requester".
	• Role SHOULD have a value chosen from 1220.0 - ANZSCO - Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations, First Edition, Revision 1 [ABS2009]. However, if a suitable value in this set cannot be found, then any code set that is both registered with HL7 and publicly available MAY be used.

• PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE **SHALL** be instantiated as a PERSON.

Conditions of NEHTA Use Source

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICE	01

5.9 SERVICE PROVIDER

Identification

Label	SERVICE PROVIDER
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-10296
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.10296

Definition

Definition	The individual who provided the service.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This item captures identification information on the healthcare provider who provided the service under the MBS/DVA benefits scheme.

Usage

Conditions of Use	This is a reuse of the PARTICIPATION data group, which is described in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v].
	The following constraints are additional to those specified in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v]. Constraints are explained in Appendix C, <i>Specification Guide for Use</i> .
	Additional obligation and occurrence constraints:
	LOCATION OF PARTICIPATION is PROHIBITED .
	 Relationship to Subject of Care is PROHIBITED.
	DEMOGRAPHIC DATA is PROHIBITED .
	ENTITLEMENT is PROHIBITED .
	Qualifications is PROHIBITED .
	Other additional constraints:
	 Participation Type SHALL have an implementation-specific value equivalent to "Service Provider".
	• Role SHOULD have a value chosen from 1220.0 - ANZSCO - Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations, First Edition, Revision 1 [ABS2009]. However, if a suitable value in this set cannot be found, then any code set that is both registered with HL7 and publicly available MAY be used.
	 PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE SHALL be instantiated as a PERSON.

Conditions of NEHTA Use Source

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICE	01

5.10 LINK

Identification

Label	Medicare/DVA Funded Service Document Link	
Metadata Type	Data Group	
Identifier	DG-16692	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16692	

Definition

Definition	A link to an instance of another Detailed Clinical Model (DCM) or a document containing an instance of another DCM.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Links may be to structures inside the enclosing document or inside other documents.

Usage

Conditions of Use	The link SHALL point to an external document.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~~	MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICE	11

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
001011001	Link Nature	11
001011001	Link Role	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
	Target Document (Link Target)	11

5.11 Link Nature

Identification

Label	Link Nature
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16698
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16698

Definition

Definition	The general semantic category of the relationship between this instance of this DCM, i.e. the source, and the target DCM instance or target document.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This is one of two attributes which together communicate the semantics of the relationship between the source and target DCMs or document. This attribute is intended to be a coarse-grained category that can be used to enable interoperability between sender and receiver.
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Link Nature Values

Usage

Conditions of Use	The value SHALL be LINK-E0 ("is a related documentation").
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Medicare/DVA Funded Service Document Link (LINK)	11

5.12 Link Nature Values

Identification

Label	Link Nature Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16698
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16698

Definition

DefinitionThe set of values for the general semantic category of the relationship between
this instance of this DCM, i.e. the source, and the target DCM instance or target
document.Definition SourceNEHTA

Value Domain

Source	ISO 13606-3:2009		
Permissible Values	The permissible values are those specified in Termlist LINK_NATURE in ISO 13606-3:2009 Health informatics - Electronic health record communication - Part 3: Reference archetypes and term lists [ISO2009a]. They are listed here.		
	LINK-A0, is related to	A generic category for any Link, the details of which will be given by the value of Link Role.	
LINK-B0, is confirmed by or The authorised by or d bas [DC prov Link insta to th part		The target link contains [an instance of a DCM or document] that acts as the legal or clinical basis for the activity documented in the source [DCM instance], or is a declaration of intent to provide (or not to provide) requested care. This Link is to be used to connect two [DCM instances or DCM and document], as opposed to the inclusion of a corroborating or authorising participant as an identified party within a single [DCM instance or document].	
	LINK-C0, is related to the same problem or health issue	The target [instance of a DCM or document] documents health or health care that pertains to the same clinical situation as the source [DCM instance]. One of the two might be defining a problem for which the other is a manifestation, or the relationship might for example be cause and effect, stages in an evolving clinical history, a different interpretation of an observation, a clinical indication or contraindication.	
	LINK-D0, is related to the same care plan, act or episode	The source and the target [instances of DCM or documents] are each documenting parts of the same care plan, act or episode. One of the	

two might be defining the same care plan, act or episode, or both might be related milestones.

The target [instance of a DCM or document] is an alternative documentary form of the source [DCM instance], such as re-expression of the same clinical information or additional supplementary explanatory information.

Relationships

LINK-E0, is a related

documentation

Data Type Name	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
001011001	Link Nature	11

5.13 Link Role

Identification

Label	Link Role
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16699
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16699

Definition

Definition	The detailed semantic description of the relationship between this instance of this DCM, i.e. the source, and the target DCM instance or target document.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This is one of two attributes which together communicate the semantics of the relationship between the source and target DCMs. This attribute provides for a specific description of the actual role played by the target in relation to the source. This attribute may be populated from any suitable terminology, and therefore might support human readership better than interoperable automated processing.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Link Role Values

Usage

Conditions of Use	The value SHALL be LINK-E4 ("excerpts").
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Data Type Name		Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Medicare/DVA Funded Service Document Link (LINK)	01

5.14 Link Role Values

Identification

Label	Link Role Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16699
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16699

Definition

Definition	The set of values for the detailed semantic description of the relationship between this instance of this DCM, i.e. the source, and the target DCM instance or target document.	
Definition Source	NEHTA	
Context	These values are used within the context of values from <i>Link Role</i> . They provide greater specificity and may be selected more for human readership than for interoperable automated processing.	
Context Source	NEHTA	

Value Domain

Source	ISO 13606-3:2009		
Permissible	om Termlist LINK_ROLE in ISO 13606-3:2009 [ISO2009a].		
Values	Values MAY be from any suitable terminology.		
	Some values from Termlist LINK_ROLE in ISO 13606-3:2009 Health informatics - Electronic health record communication - Part 3: Reference archetypes and term lists [ISO2009a] are:		
	LINK-A1, unspecified The term is used when no semantic information is available for this Link in the EHR system from whi EXTRACT has been created.		
	LINK-A2, suggests The interpretation expressed in the target compore a possible cause or outcome of the findings docu in the source component.		
	LINK-B1, endorses The interpretation expressed in the source compor provides confirmatory evidence or a confirmatory o of the interpretation expressed in the target compo		
source com		The observation or interpretation documented in the source component provides confirmatory evidence of the interpretation expressed in the target component.	
	LINK-D1, outcome	The clinical situation documented in the target component is the direct outcome of the situation documented in the source component.	

LINK-E1, documented by	A clinical situation documented in the source component is more formally documented in the target component.
LINK-E4, excerpts	The source component is an extract (copy) of part or all of the information contained within the target component.

Usage

Conditions of
UseEach of the link terms in LINK_ROLE from ISO 13606-3:2009 is a sub-category
of a corresponding term in *Link Nature Values*, where that correspondence is
indicated by the first letter after the code string "LINK-" e.g. the term LINK-A1 is a
subcategory of term LINK-A0. If a term in this list is used for the *Link Role* data
element, the appropriate corresponding value SHALL be used from *Link Nature*
Values.Conditions of
Use SourceISO 13606-3:2009

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
001011001	Link Role	11

5.15 Link Target

Identification

Label	Target Document
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16700
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16700

Definition

Definition	The logical "to" object in the link relation, as per the linguistic sense of the Link Nature data element (and, if present, the Link Role data element).
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Link UniqueIdentifier

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Medicare/DVA Funded Service Document Link (LINK)	11

6 Exclusion Statement Detailed Clinical Model

This chapter describes a re-use of version 1.1 of the Exclusion Statement Detailed Clinical Model.

6.1 Purpose

To positively record the absence or exclusion of any clinical findings or evaluations within the health record.

6.2 Use

Use to record the positive exclusion or absence of clinical findings or evaluations within the health record. This DCM avoids the need to use terminology to express negation about any item within the health record. Specialisations of this DCM will capture specific and more detailed information about common exclusions, such as problems or diagnoses. This DCM has been deliberately kept simple and open in order to capture simple statements about anything that may be usefully recorded as absent or excluded within the health record.

6.3 Misuse

Do not use to record the exclusion or absence of adverse reactions, problems, diagnoses or interventions (procedures) - use specific specialisations of this DCM in these situations.

6.4 EXCLUSION STATEMENT

Identification

Label	EXCLUSION STATEMENT
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16134
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16134

Definition

Definition	An explicit statement about the absence of information about documents.	
Definition Source	NEHTA	
Synonymous Names		

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS HISTORY	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
Τ	General Statement	11
8	INFORMATION PROVIDER	00
8	SUBJECT	00
1600	Exclusion Statement Instance Identifier	00
~	LINK	00
1600	Detailed Clinical Model Identifier	00
6.5 General Statement

Identification

Label	General Statement
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16135
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16135

Definition

Definition	A general statement about the absence or exclusion of data values.
Definition Source	openEHR Foundation
Synonymous Names	
Context	Any information required to be explicitly recorded as being absent or excluded within the record.
Context Source	openEHR Foundation
Data Type	Text

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT	11

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7 Pharmaceutical Benefit Item Detailed Clinical Model

This chapter describes a re-use of version 1.0 of the Pharmaceutical Benefit Item Detailed Clinical Model.

7.1 Purpose

Information held by the Department of Human Services about pharmaceutical items prescribed and dispensed to an individual.

7.2 Use

Use to display or share, in the PCEHR and related applications, information about pharmaceutical items prescribed and dispensed to an individual.

7.3 PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM

Identification

Label	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16674
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16674

Definition

Definition	Information held by the Department of Human Services about a pharmaceutical item prescribed and dispensed to an individual and partially or fully funded under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) or Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (RPBS).
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This is the pharmaceutical item for which funding was claimed and not necessarily the actual pharmaceutical item that was supplied.

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEMS	1*

Children

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
001011001	PBS/RPBS Item Code	11
001011001	PBS/RPBS Manufacturer Code	01
Τ	Brand (Pharmaceutical Item Brand)	11
Τ	Item Generic Name (Pharmaceutical Item Generic Name)	11
Τ	Item Form and Strength (Pharmaceutical Item Form and Strength)	11
	Date of Supply	11

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
7 (3)	Date of Prescribing	11
1	Quantity	11
123	Number of Repeats	11
8	INFORMATION PROVIDER	00
8	SUBJECT	00
REAL	Pharmaceutical Benefit Item Instance Identifier	00
~	Pharmaceutical Benefit Item Document Link (LINK)	11
REAL	Detailed Clinical Model Identifier	00

7.4 PBS/RPBS Item Code

Identification

Label	PBS/RPBS Item Code
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16062
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16062

Definition

Definition	Administrative code and short description of the pharmaceutical item supplied.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This element is to be used to assist with claims processing.
	This would typically be used for the PBS Scheduled Item Code, which is a Department of Health and Ageing allocated detailed code that specifies the use and funding about the use of a particular medication.
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	PBS/RPBS Item Code Values

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM	11

7.5 PBS/RPBS Item Code Values

Identification

Label	PBS/RPBS Item Code Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16645
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16645

Definition

Definition	The set of item codes (and associated short descriptions) contained in the PBS Schedule list.
Definition Source	NEHTA

Value Domain

Source

Department of Health and Ageing, PBS Schedule item code.

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
001011001	PBS/RPBS Item Code	11

7.6 PBS/RPBS Manufacturer Code

Identification

Label	PBS/RPBS Manufacturer Code
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16675
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16675

Definition

Definition	The PBS-assigned administrative code identifying the manufacturer of the pharmaceutical item supplied.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This element is to be used to assist with claims processing.
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	PBS/RPBS Manufacturer Code Values

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type Name	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM	01

7.7 PBS/RPBS Manufacturer Code Values

Identification

Label	PBS/RPBS Manufacturer Code Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16647
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16647

Definition

Definition	The set of values derived from the PBS manufacturer code.
Definition Source	NEHTA

Value Domain

Source

Department of Health and Ageing, PBS manufacturer code.

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
001011001	PBS/RPBS Manufacturer Code	11

7.8 Pharmaceutical Item Brand

Identification

Label	Brand
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16703
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16703

Definition

Definition	The brand of the pharmaceutical item supplied.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

Usage

Examples	1. Amoxil (Trade Product of Medicinal Product Amoxycillin)
----------	--

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM	11

7.9 Pharmaceutical Item Generic Name

Identification

Label	Item Generic Name
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16676
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16676

Definition

Definition	The generic name of the item supplied.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

Usage

Examples 1. Amoxycillin

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~~	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM	11

7.10 Pharmaceutical Item Form and Strength

Identification

Label	Item Form and Strength
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16677
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16677

Definition

Definition	The form and strength of the item supplied.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

Usage

Examples	1. Capsules 500mg
----------	-------------------

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM	11

7.11 Date of Supply

Identification

Label	Date of Supply
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16678
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16678

Definition

Definition	The recorded date the pharmaceutical item was supplied.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This is essentially the date of dispense. The PBS system does not record the date the item/s was actually collected by patient.
Data Type	DateTime

Usage

Examples	Please see DateTime in Appendix C, Specification Guide for Use for examples
and usage information on specifying a date or time (or both).	

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~~	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM	11

7.12 Date of Prescribing

Identification

Label	Date of Prescribing
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16679
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16679

Definition

Definition	The date the pharmaceutical item was prescribed.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	DateTime

Usage

Examples	Please see DateTime in Appendix C, Specification Guide for Use for examples
	and usage information on specifying a date or time (or both).

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM	11

7.13 Quantity

Identification

Label	Quantity
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-10145
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.10145

Definition

Definition	The number of doses or physical amount of the therapeutic good.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Quantity

Usage

Examples1. 20 capsules

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM	11

7.14 Number of Repeats

Identification

Label	Number of Repeats
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-10169
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.10169

Definition

Definition	The number of repeats of the prescription that have been authorised by the prescriber for a given medication.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Integer

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM	11

7.15 LINK

Identification

Label	Pharmaceutical Benefit Item Document Link
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16692
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16692

Definition

Definition	A link to an instance of another Detailed Clinical Model (DCM) or a document containing an instance of another DCM.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Links may be to structures inside the enclosing document or inside other documents.

Usage

Conditions of Use	The link SHALL point to an external document.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM	11

Children

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
001011001	Link Nature	11
001011001	Link Role	01

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
	Target Document (Link Target)	11

7.16 Link Nature

Identification

Label	Link Nature
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16698
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16698

Definition

Definition	The general semantic category of the relationship between this instance of this DCM, i.e. the source, and the target DCM instance or target document.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This is one of two attributes which together communicate the semantics of the relationship between the source and target DCMs or document. This attribute is intended to be a coarse-grained category that can be used to enable interoperability between sender and receiver.
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Link Nature Values

Usage

Conditions of Use	The value SHALL be LINK-E0 ("is a related documentation").
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Pharmaceutical Benefit Item Document Link (LINK)	11

7.17 Link Nature Values

Identification

Label	Link Nature Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16698
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16698

Definition

Definition The set of values for the general semantic category of the relationship this instance of this DCM, i.e. the source, and the target DCM instance	
	document.
Definition Source	NEHTA

Value Domain

Source	ISO 13606-3:2009	
Permissible Values	The permissible values are those specified in Termlist LINK_NATURE in ISO 13606-3:2009 Health informatics - Electronic health record communication - Part 3: Reference archetypes and term lists [ISO2009a]. They are listed here.	
	LINK-A0, is related to	A generic category for any Link, the details of which will be given by the value of Link Role.
	LINK-B0, is confirmed by or authorised by	The target link contains [an instance of a DCM or document] that acts as the legal or clinical basis for the activity documented in the source [DCM instance], or is a declaration of intent to provide (or not to provide) requested care. This Link is to be used to connect two [DCM instances or DCM and document], as opposed to the inclusion of a corroborating or authorising participant as an identified party within a single [DCM instance or document].
	LINK-C0, is related to the same problem or health issue	The target [instance of a DCM or document] documents health or health care that pertains to the same clinical situation as the source [DCM instance]. One of the two might be defining a problem for which the other is a manifestation, or the relationship might for example be cause and effect, stages in an evolving clinical history, a different interpretation of an observation, a clinical indication or contraindication.
	LINK-D0, is related to the same care plan, act or episode	The source and the target [instances of DCM or documents] are each documenting parts of the same care plan, act or episode. One of the

two might be defining the same care plan, act or episode, or both might be related milestones.

LINK-E0, is a related documentation

The target [instance of a DCM or document] is an alternative documentary form of the source [DCM instance], such as re-expression of the same clinical information or additional supplementary explanatory information.

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
001011001	Link Nature	11

7.18 Link Role

Identification

Label	Link Role
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16699
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16699

Definition

Definition	The detailed semantic description of the relationship between this instance of this DCM, i.e. the source, and the target DCM instance or target document.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This is one of two attributes which together communicate the semantics of the relationship between the source and target DCMs. This attribute provides for a specific description of the actual role played by the target in relation to the source. This attribute may be populated from any suitable terminology, and therefore might support human readership better than interoperable automated processing.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Link Role Values

Usage

Conditions of Use	The value SHALL be LINK-E4 ("excerpts").
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Pharmaceutical Benefit Item Document Link (LINK)	01

7.19 Link Role Values

Identification

Label	Link Role Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16699
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16699

Definition

Definition	The set of values for the detailed semantic description of the relationship between this instance of this DCM, i.e. the source, and the target DCM instance or target document.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Context	These values are used within the context of values from <i>Link Role</i> . They provide greater specificity and may be selected more for human readership than for interoperable automated processing.
Context Source	NEHTA

Value Domain

Source	ISO 13606-3:2009			
Permissible Values	Values SHOULD be from Termlist LINK_ROLE in ISO 13606-3:2009 [ISO2009a].			
Values	Values MAY be from a	ny suitable terminology.		
		nlist LINK_ROLE in ISO 13606-3:2009 Health informatics rd communication - Part 3: Reference archetypes and term		
	LINK-A1, unspecified link	The term is used when no semantic information is available for this Link in the EHR system from which the EXTRACT has been created.		
	LINK-A2, suggests	The interpretation expressed in the target component is a possible cause or outcome of the findings documented in the source component.		
	LINK-B1, endorses	The interpretation expressed in the source component provides confirmatory evidence or a confirmatory opinion of the interpretation expressed in the target component.		
	LINK-C3, evidence for	The observation or interpretation documented in the source component provides confirmatory evidence of the interpretation expressed in the target component.		
	LINK-D1, outcome	The clinical situation documented in the target component is the direct outcome of the situation documented in the source component.		

LINK-E1, documented by	A clinical situation documented in the source component is more formally documented in the target component.
LINK-E4, excerpts	The source component is an extract (copy) of part or all of the information contained within the target component.

Usage

Conditions of	Each of the link terms in LINK_ROLE from ISO 13606-3:2009 is a sub-category
Use	of a corresponding term in <i>Link Nature Values</i> , where that correspondence is
	indicated by the first letter after the code string "LINK-" e.g. the term LINK-A1 is a
	subcategory of term LINK-A0. If a term in this list is used for the Link Role data
	element, the appropriate corresponding value SHALL be used from Link Nature
	Values.
Conditions of Use Source	ISO 13606-3:2009

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
001011001	Link Role	11

7.20 Link Target

Identification

Label	Target Document
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16700
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16700

Definition

Definition	The logical "to" object in the link relation, as per the linguistic sense of the <i>Link Nature</i> data element (and, if present, the <i>Link Role</i> data element).
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Link UniqueIdentifier

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Pharmaceutical Benefit Item Document Link (LINK)	11

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8 Exclusion Statement Detailed Clinical Model

This chapter describes a re-use of version 1.1 of the Exclusion Statement Detailed Clinical Model.

8.1 Purpose

To positively record the absence or exclusion of any clinical findings or evaluations within the health record.

8.2 Use

Use to record the positive exclusion or absence of clinical findings or evaluations within the health record. This DCM avoids the need to use terminology to express negation about any item within the health record. Specialisations of this DCM will capture specific and more detailed information about common exclusions, such as problems or diagnoses. This DCM has been deliberately kept simple and open in order to capture simple statements about anything that may be usefully recorded as absent or excluded within the health record.

8.3 Misuse

Do not use to record the exclusion or absence of adverse reactions, problems, diagnoses or interventions (procedures) - use specific specialisations of this DCM in these situations.

8.4 EXCLUSION STATEMENT

Identification

Label	EXCLUSION STATEMENT
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16134
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16134

Definition

Definition	An explicit statement about the absence of information about documents.		
Definition Source	NEHTA		
Synonymous Names			

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
	AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER HISTORY	01

Children

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
Τ	General Statement	11
8	INFORMATION PROVIDER	00
8	SUBJECT	00
	Exclusion Statement Instance Identifier	00
~	LINK	00
	Detailed Clinical Model Identifier	00

8.5 General Statement

Identification

Label	General Statement
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16135
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16135

Definition

Definition	A general statement about the absence or exclusion of data values.
Definition Source	openEHR Foundation
Synonymous Names	
Context	Any information required to be explicitly recorded as being absent or excluded within the record.
Context Source	openEHR Foundation
Data Type	Text

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT	11

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9 Vaccine Administration Detailed Clinical Model

This chapter describes a re-use of version 4.0 of the Medication Action Detailed Clinical Model.

9.1 Purpose

The recording of activities undertaken with regard to a medicine, vaccine or other therapeutic good, and linking to the instruction if appropriate.

9.2 Use

For recording the planning, issuing of a prescription, dispensing, administration, cessation, suspension, completion of a medicine, vaccine or other therapeutic good. This will usually be in response to a medication order but may be administered immediately without an order at times, thus requiring recording of the administration alone (e.g. in an emergency situation). Such a record may be made to indicate the administration of a dose, dispensing of a certain quantity or as a record of ceasing a medication. The state of the medication instruction is altered by the action taken as indicated in the pathway definition.

There is a date and time at which this action took place (as there is for all actions) and use of this DCM indicates that some action has actually occurred.

9.3 Misuse

Use when recording an instruction or order (use Medication Instruction DCM).

9.4 MEDICATION ACTION

Identification

Label	Vaccine Administration
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16210
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16210

Definition

Definition	Details of the administration of a vaccine to the child.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Details of the item can include a description, duration and quantity of the medication and the dosage which should be administered.

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	VACCINE ADMINISTRATION ENTRY	11

Children

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
001011001	Vaccine Type (Therapeutic Good Identification)	11
e	Additional Medicine Detail (Additional Therapeutic Good Detail)	00
Τ	Instructions to Subject of Care or Carer (Medication Action Instructions)	00
Τ	Formula	00
~	Ingredients and Form (CHEMICAL DESCRIPTION OF MEDICATION)	00
001011001	Medicare Antigen Code (Reason for Action)	0*
~~	Quantity of Medication (AMOUNT OF MEDICATION)	00

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
Τ	Comment (Medication Action Comment)	00
123	Vaccine Dose Number (Sequence Number)	01
~	Administration (MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION)	00
*	Brand Substituted (Brand Substitution Occurred)	00
Τ	Batchid (Batch Identifier)	00
	Date of Expiry (Expiry Date)	00
	DISPENSED TO	00
123	Number of this Dispense	00
123	Maximum Number of Repeats	00
001011001	Claim Category	00
001011001	Administrative Item Code	00
001011001	Administrative Manufacturer Code	00
	Administrative System Identifier	00
8	INFORMATION PROVIDER	00
8	SUBJECT	00
	Date Vaccination Received (Medication Action DateTime)	11
4632	Medication Action Instance Identifier	00
~?	LINK	00
HEXX	Detailed Clinical Model Identifier	00

9.5 Therapeutic Good Identification

Identification

Label	Vaccine Type
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-10194
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.10194

Definition

Definition	The medicine, vaccine or other therapeutic good that was the focus of the action.
Definition Source	Therapeutic Goods Administration
Synonymous Names	Item Name
Context	This includes medications and medical devices. It includes drugs, appliances, dressings, and reagents.
Context Source	NEHTA
Notes	Identifies a therapeutic good, which is broadly defined as a good which is represented in any way to be, or is likely to be taken to be, for therapeutic use (unless specifically excluded or included under Section 7 of the <i>Therapeutic Goods Act 1989</i>).
	Therapeutic use means use in or in connection with:
	 preventing, diagnosing, curing or alleviating a disease, ailment, defect or injury; or
	 influencing, inhibiting or modifying a physiological process; or
	 testing the susceptibility of persons to a disease or ailment; or
	 influencing, controlling or preventing conception; or
	 testing for pregnancy; or
	 replacement or modification of parts of the anatomy.
	From [TGA1989a].
	The formal definition of a therapeutic good (from the <i>Therapeutic Goods Act 1989</i>) can be found at: [TGA1989a].
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Medicines Terminology

Usage

Conditions of	Where the therapeutic good can be identified by an AMT (Australian Medicines
Use	Terminology) concept, the value of this data element SHALL be the AMT ConceptID
	and Preferred Term. For details see Medicines Terminology.

	For items without an AMT code, the value from "Australian Vaccine Code" SHOULD be used.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Examples	Some examples of AMT ConceptID and their AMT Preferred Term are:
	 926706011000036104 Engerix-B Paediatric 10 microgram/0.5 mL injection: suspension, 1 x 0.5 mL syringe
	2. 73900011000036106 Liquid PedvaxHIB (Haemophilus influenza type b capsular polysaccharide vaccine 7.5 microgram/0.5 mL) injection: suspension, vial
	3. 73949011000036106 Priorix (measles virus (Schwarz) live attenuated vaccine 1000 CCID50 units + mumps virus (Jeryl Lynn, strain RIT 4385) live attenuated vaccine 5000 CCID50 units + rubella virus (Wistar RA 27/3) live attenuated vaccine 1000 CCID50 units) injection: powder for, vial
Misuse	Detailing the formula of a compounded (extemporaneous) medication.

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Vaccine Administration (MEDICATION ACTION)	11

9.6 Medicines Terminology

Identification

Label	Medicines Terminology
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16115
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16115

Definition

Definition	A set of values used to refer to medicines and other therapeutic goods.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Notes	An explanation of AMT concepts can be found in Australian Medicines Terminology Editorial Rules (v2 model) [NEHT2011bs].
	Prescribing and dispensing use different sets of values.

Value Domain

Source	Australian Medicines Terminology
Permissible Values	The permissible values are the members of the following seven AMT reference sets:
	929360061000036106 Medicinal product reference set
	929360081000036101 Medicinal product pack reference set
	929360071000036103 Medicinal product unit of use reference set
	929360021000036102 Trade product reference set
	929360041000036105 Trade product pack reference set
	929360031000036100 Trade product unit of use reference set
	929360051000036108 Containered trade product pack reference set
	Reference set allowed in the context of administering is listed below.
	Administering:
	929360031000036100 Trade product unit of use reference set
Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
001011001	Vaccine Type (Therapeutic Good Identification)	11

9.7 Reason for Action

Identification

Label	Medicare Antigen Code
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16492
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16492

Definition

Definition	A description of the antigen, or one of the antigens, contained in the administered vaccine.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This is not the reason for the medication instruction, rather it is the specific reason for the action, such as for administration of the medication.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Antigen codes and descriptions held by the Department of Human Services/Medicare to describe the antigens given in vaccines available in Australia.

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Vaccine Administration (MEDICATION ACTION)	0*

9.8 Sequence Number

Identification

Label	Vaccine Dose Number
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16424
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16424

Definition

Definition	The dose number of the provided vaccine.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Used to specify the sequence number of the dispensing (in a prescription with repeats) or medication administration action.
Data Type	Integer

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Vaccine Administration (MEDICATION ACTION)	01

9.9 Medication Action DateTime

Identification

Label	Date Vaccination Received
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16591
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16591

Definition

Definition	The recorded date the vaccination item was supplied or administered.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	DateTime

Usage

Examples	Please see DateTime in Appendix C, Specification Guide for Use for examples
	and usage information on specifying a date or time (or both).

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Vaccine Administration (MEDICATION ACTION)	11

10 Vaccine Cancellation Detailed Clinical Model

This chapter describes a re-use of version 4.0 of the Medication Action Detailed Clinical Model.

10.1 Purpose

The recording of activities undertaken with regard to a medicine, vaccine or other therapeutic good, and linking to the instruction if appropriate.

10.2 Use

For recording the planning, issuing of a prescription, dispensing, administration, cessation, suspension, completion of a medicine, vaccine or other therapeutic good. This will usually be in response to a medication order but may be administered immediately without an order at times, thus requiring recording of the administration alone (e.g. in an emergency situation). Such a record may be made to indicate the administration of a dose, dispensing of a certain quantity or as a record of ceasing a medication. The state of the medication instruction is altered by the action taken as indicated in the pathway definition.

There is a date and time at which this action took place (as there is for all actions) and use of this DCM indicates that some action has actually occurred.

10.3 Misuse

Use when recording an instruction or order (use Medication Instruction DCM).

10.4 MEDICATION ACTION

Identification

Label	Vaccine Cancellation
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16210
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16210

Definition

Definition	Details of the cancellation of a vaccine that was initially scheduled to be administered to the child.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Details of the item include a description, duration and quantity of the medication and the dosage which would have been administered prior to cancellation.

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	VACCINE CANCELLATION ENTRY	11

Children

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
001011001	Vaccine Type (Therapeutic Good Identification)	11
e	Additional Medicine Detail (Additional Therapeutic Good Detail)	00
Τ	Instructions to Subject of Care or Carer (Medication Action Instructions)	00
Τ	Formula	00
~	Ingredients and Form (CHEMICAL DESCRIPTION OF MEDICATION)	00
001011001	Medicare Antigen Code (Reason for Action)	0*
~	Quantity of Medication (AMOUNT OF MEDICATION)	00

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
Τ	Comment (Medication Action Comment)	00
123	Vaccine Dose Number (Sequence Number)	01
~?	Administration (MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION)	00
*	Brand Substituted (Brand Substitution Occurred)	00
Τ	Batchid (Batch Identifier)	00
1 700	Date of Expiry (Expiry Date)	00
8	DISPENSED TO	00
123	Number of this Dispense	00
123	Maximum Number of Repeats	00
001011001	Claim Category	00
001011001	Administrative Item Code	00
001011001	Administrative Manufacturer Code	00
	Administrative System Identifier	00
8	INFORMATION PROVIDER	00
8	SUBJECT	00
1 700	Date Vaccination Cancelled (Medication Action DateTime)	01
16000 A	Medication Action Instance Identifier	00
~~	LINK	00
AG AN	Detailed Clinical Model Identifier	00

10.5 Therapeutic Good Identification

Identification

Label	Vaccine Type
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-10194
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.10194

Definition

Definition	The medicine, vaccine or other therapeutic good that was the focus of the action.
Definition Source	Therapeutic Goods Administration
Synonymous Names	Item Name
Context	This includes medications and medical devices. It includes drugs, appliances, dressings, and reagents.
Context Source	NEHTA
Notes	Identifies a therapeutic good, which is broadly defined as a good which is represented in any way to be, or is likely to be taken to be, for therapeutic use (unless specifically excluded or included under Section 7 of the <i>Therapeutic Goods Act 1989</i>).
	Therapeutic use means use in or in connection with:
	 preventing, diagnosing, curing or alleviating a disease, ailment, defect or injury; or
	 influencing, inhibiting or modifying a physiological process; or
	 testing the susceptibility of persons to a disease or ailment; or
	 influencing, controlling or preventing conception; or
	 testing for pregnancy; or
	 replacement or modification of parts of the anatomy.
	From [TGA1989a].
	The formal definition of a therapeutic good (from the <i>Therapeutic Goods Act 1989</i>) can be found at: [TGA1989a].
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Medicines Terminology

Usage

Conditions of	Where the therapeutic good can be identified by an AMT (Australian Medicines
Use	Terminology) concept, the value of this data element SHALL be the AMT ConceptID
	and Preferred Term. For details see Medicines Terminology.

	For items without an AMT code (including some extemporaneous preparations), a text description is suitable. For a medication, this SHALL include the name of the medication (brand name or generic name equivalent), strength and dose form, where appropriate.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Examples	Some examples of AMT ConceptID and their AMT Preferred Term are:
	 926706011000036104 Engerix-B Paediatric 10 microgram/0.5 mL injection: suspension, 1 x 0.5 mL syringe
	2. 73900011000036106 Liquid PedvaxHIB (Haemophilus influenza type b capsular polysaccharide vaccine 7.5 microgram/0.5 mL) injection: suspension, vial
	3. 73949011000036106 Priorix (measles virus (Schwarz) live attenuated vaccine 1000 CCID50 units + mumps virus (Jeryl Lynn, strain RIT 4385) live attenuated vaccine 5000 CCID50 units + rubella virus (Wistar RA 27/3) live attenuated vaccine 1000 CCID50 units) injection: powder for, vial
Misuse	Detailing the formula of a compounded (extemporaneous) medication.
Misuse	Detailing the formula of a compounded (extemporaneous) medication.

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Vaccine Cancellation (MEDICATION ACTION)	11

10.6 Medicines Terminology

Identification

Label	Medicines Terminology
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16115
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16115

Definition

Definition	A set of values used to refer to medicines and other therapeutic goods.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Notes	An explanation of AMT concepts can be found in Australian Medicines Terminology Editorial Rules (v2 model) [NEHT2011bs].
	Prescribing and dispensing use different sets of values.

Value Domain

Source	Australian Medicines Terminology
Permissible Values	The permissible values are the members of the following seven AMT reference sets:
	929360061000036106 Medicinal product reference set
	929360081000036101 Medicinal product pack reference set
	929360071000036103 Medicinal product unit of use reference set
	929360021000036102 Trade product reference set
	929360041000036105 Trade product pack reference set
	929360031000036100 Trade product unit of use reference set
	929360051000036108 Containered trade product pack reference set
	Reference set allowed in the context of administering is listed below.
	Administering:
	929360031000036100 Trade product unit of use reference set

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
001011001	Vaccine Type (Therapeutic Good Identification)	11

10.7 Reason for Action

Identification

Label	Medicare Antigen Code
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16492
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16492

Definition

Definition	A description of the antigen, or one of the antigens, contained in the cancelled vaccine.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This is not the reason for the medication instruction, rather it is the specific reason for the action, such as for ceasing the medication.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Antigen codes and descriptions held by the Department of Human Services/Medicare to describe the antigens given in vaccines available in Australia.

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Vaccine Cancellation (MEDICATION ACTION)	0*

10.8 Sequence Number

Identification

Label	Vaccine Dose Number
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16424
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16424

Definition

Definition	The dose number of the scheduled administration of the vaccine, which was cancelled.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Used to specify the sequence number of the dispensing (in a prescription with repeats) or medication administration action.
Data Type	Integer

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~~	Vaccine Cancellation (MEDICATION ACTION)	01

10.9 Medication Action DateTime

Identification

Label	Date Vaccination Cancelled
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16591
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16591

Definition

Definition	The date on which the scheduled administration of the vaccine was cancelled.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	DateTime

Usage

Examples	Please see DateTime in Appendix C, Specification Guide for Use for examples
	and usage information on specifying a date or time (or both).

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Vaccine Cancellation (MEDICATION ACTION)	01

11 Vaccine Cancellation Reason Detailed Clinical Model

This chapter describes a re-use of version 1.0 of the Vaccine Cancellation Reason Detailed Clinical Model.

11.1 Purpose

Used within the Australian Childhood Immunisation Register to give details of the reasons surrounding the cancellation of a vaccine administration - either due to the individual's natural immunity to the vaccine antigen or medical contraindication to the vaccine.

11.2 Use

To be used in conjunction with the *Medication Action* DCM, which provides the details of the vaccine administration.

11.3 Misuse

This DCM is not intended to be used outside the context of the Australian Childhood Immunisation Register.

11.4 VACCINE CANCELLATION REASON

Identification

Label	VACCINE CANCELLATION REASON
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16748
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16748

Definition

Definition	The reason for the cancellation of the scheduled administration of the vaccine.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	VACCINE CANCELLATION ENTRY	0*

Children

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
001011001	Type (Vaccine Cancellation Reason Type)	11
	Period (Vaccine Cancellation Reason Period)	11
Τ	Comment (Vaccine Cancellation Reason Comment)	11
8	INFORMATION PROVIDER	00
8	SUBJECT	00
	Vaccine Cancellation Reason Instance Identifier	00
~	LINK	00
	Detailed Clinical Model Identifier	00

11.5 Vaccine Cancellation Reason Type

Identification

Label	Туре
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16756
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16756

Definition

Definition	A coded description of the condition that prevented the vaccination.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	There are only two expected values to this data element, namely natural immunity and medical contraindication.
	A null flavour supported by the underlying implementation may be used for this data element, if the reason is unknown or unsupported.
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Vaccine Cancellation Reason Type Values

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	VACCINE CANCELLATION REASON	11

11.6 Vaccine Cancellation Reason Type Values

Identification

Label	Vaccine Cancellation Reason Type Values	
Metadata Type	Value Domain	
Identifier	VD-16755	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16755	

Definition

DefinitionThe codes for specifying the reasons for vaccine cancellation.Definition SourceNEHTA

Value Domain

Source	NEHTA	
Permissible Values	1, Natural Immunity	The subject has developed a natural immunity to the antigen
	2, Medical Contraindication	The subject displayed contraindications to administering the vaccine

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
001011001	Type (Vaccine Cancellation Reason Type)	11

11.7 Vaccine Cancellation Reason Period

Identification

Label	Period
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16757
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16757

Definition

Definition	The time period in which either the natural immunity or medical contraindication that prevented vaccination (as denoted in the value of <i>Type</i> data element) took place.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	TimeInterval

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	VACCINE CANCELLATION REASON	11

11.8 Vaccine Cancellation Reason Comment

Identification

Label	Comment
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-15595
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.15595

Definition

Definition	Additional narrative about the conditions preventing the vaccination not captured in other fields.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	VACCINE CANCELLATION REASON	11

12 Australian Childhood Immunisation Register Entries Document Link Data Group

This chapter describes a re-use of version 1.1 of the Link Data Group.

12.1 Purpose

The *Link* data group defines a logical relationship between two instances of DCMs or an instance of a DCM and a document. Links can be used across documents, and across electronic health records (EHRs). Links can potentially be used between nodes of the same document. Multiple instances of the *Link* data group can be attached to the same item.

12.2 Use

1:1 and 1:N relationships between instances of DCMs can be expressed by using one, or more than one, respectively, links. Chains of links can be used to see "problem threads" or other logical groupings of items.

Links are only to be used between instances of DCMs or documents, i.e. between objects representing complete domain concepts. This is because relationships between sub-elements of whole concepts are not necessarily meaningful and may be confusing.

12.3 LINK

Identification

Label	Australian Childhood Immunisation Register Entries Document Link	
Metadata Type	Data Group	
Identifier	DG-16692	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16692	

Definition

Definition	A link to the Australian Childhood Immunisation Register source document.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

Usage

Conditions of Use	The link SHALL point to an external document.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRIES	11

Children

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
001011001	Link Nature	11
001011001	Link Role	01
	Target Document (Link Target)	11

12.4 Link Nature

Identification

Label	Link Nature
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16698
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16698

Definition

Definition	The general semantic category of the relationship between this instance of this DCM, i.e. the source, and the target DCM instance or target document.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This is one of two attributes which together communicate the semantics of the relationship between the source and target DCMs or document. This attribute is intended to be a coarse-grained category that can be used to enable interoperability between sender and receiver.
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Link Nature Values

Usage

Conditions of Use	The value SHALL be LINK-E0 ("is a related documentation").
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Australian Childhood Immunisation Register Entries Document Link (LINK)	11

12.5 Link Nature Values

Identification

Label	Link Nature Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16698
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16698

Definition

Definition	The set of values for the general semantic category of the relationship between this instance of this DCM, i.e. the source, and the target DCM instance or target	
	document.	
Definition Source	NEHTA	

Value Domain

Source	ISO 13606-3:2009	
Permissible Values	The permissible values are those specified in Termlist LINK_NATURE in ISO 13606-3:2009 Health informatics - Electronic health record communication - Part 3: Reference archetypes and term lists [ISO2009a]. They are listed here.	
	LINK-A0, is related to	A generic category for any Link, the details of which will be given by the value of Link Role.
	LINK-B0, is confirmed by or authorised by	The target link contains [an instance of a DCM or document] that acts as the legal or clinical basis for the activity documented in the source [DCM instance], or is a declaration of intent to provide (or not to provide) requested care. This Link is to be used to connect two [DCM instances or DCM and document], as opposed to the inclusion of a corroborating or authorising participant as an identified party within a single [DCM instance or document].
	LINK-C0, is related to the same problem or health issue	The target [instance of a DCM or document] documents health or health care that pertains to the same clinical situation as the source [DCM instance]. One of the two might be defining a problem for which the other is a manifestation, or the relationship might for example be cause and effect, stages in an evolving clinical history, a different interpretation of an observation, a clinical indication or contraindication.
	LINK-D0, is related to the same care plan, act or episode	The source and the target [instances of DCM or documents] are each documenting parts of the same care plan, act or episode. One of the

LINK-E0, is a related documentation

two might be defining the same care plan, act or episode, or both might be related milestones.

The target [instance of a DCM or document] is an alternative documentary form of the source [DCM instance], such as re-expression of the same clinical information or additional supplementary explanatory information.

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
001011001	Link Nature	11

12.6 Link Role

Identification

Label	Link Role
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16699
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16699

Definition

Definition	The detailed semantic description of the relationship between this instance of this DCM, i.e. the source, and the target DCM instance or target document.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This is one of two attributes which together communicate the semantics of the relationship between the source and target DCMs. This attribute provides for a specific description of the actual role played by the target in relation to the source. This attribute may be populated from any suitable terminology, and therefore might support human readership better than interoperable automated processing.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Link Role Values

Usage

Conditions of Use	The value SHALL be LINK-E4 ("excerpts").
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Australian Childhood Immunisation Register Entries Document Link (LINK)	01

12.7 Link Role Values

Identification

Label	Link Role Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16699
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16699

Definition

Definition	The set of values for the detailed semantic description of the relationship between this instance of this DCM, i.e. the source, and the target DCM instance or target document.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Context	These values are used within the context of values from <i>Link Role</i> . They provide greater specificity and may be selected more for human readership than for interoperable automated processing.
Context Source	NEHTA

Value Domain

Source	ISO 13606-3:2009	
Permissible	Values SHOULD be from	om Termlist LINK_ROLE in ISO 13606-3:2009 [ISO2009a].
Values	Values MAY be from a	ny suitable terminology.
		nlist LINK_ROLE in ISO 13606-3:2009 Health informatics rd communication - Part 3: Reference archetypes and term
	LINK-A1, unspecified link	The term is used when no semantic information is available for this Link in the EHR system from which the EXTRACT has been created.
	LINK-A2, suggests	The interpretation expressed in the target component is a possible cause or outcome of the findings documented in the source component.
	LINK-B1, endorses	The interpretation expressed in the source component provides confirmatory evidence or a confirmatory opinion of the interpretation expressed in the target component.
	LINK-C3, evidence for	The observation or interpretation documented in the source component provides confirmatory evidence of the interpretation expressed in the target component.
	LINK-D1, outcome	The clinical situation documented in the target component is the direct outcome of the situation documented in the source component.

LINK-E1, documented by	A clinical situation documented in the source component is more formally documented in the target component.
LINK-E4, excerpts	The source component is an extract (copy) of part or all of the information contained within the target component.

Usage

Conditions of	Each of the link terms in LINK_ROLE from ISO 13606-3:2009 is a sub-category
Use	of a corresponding term in <i>Link Nature Values</i> , where that correspondence is
	indicated by the first letter after the code string "LINK-" e.g. the term LINK-A1 is a
	subcategory of term LINK-A0. If a term in this list is used for the Link Role data
	element, the appropriate corresponding value SHALL be used from Link Nature
	Values.
Conditions of	ISO 13606-3:2009
Use Source	

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
001011001	Link Role	11

12.8 Link Target

Identification

Label	Target Document
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16700
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16700

Definition

Definition	The logical "to" object in the link relation, as per the linguistic sense of the <i>Link Nature</i> data element (and, if present, the <i>Link Role</i> data element).
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Link UniqueIdentifier

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Australian Childhood Immunisation Register Entries Document Link (LINK)	11

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13 Exclusion Statement Detailed Clinical Model

This chapter describes a re-use of version 1.1 of the Exclusion Statement Detailed Clinical Model.

13.1 Purpose

To positively record the absence or exclusion of any clinical findings or evaluations within the health record.

13.2 Use

Use to record the positive exclusion or absence of clinical findings or evaluations within the health record. This DCM avoids the need to use terminology to express negation about any item within the health record. Specialisations of this DCM will capture specific and more detailed information about common exclusions, such as problems or diagnoses. This DCM has been deliberately kept simple and open in order to capture simple statements about anything that may be usefully recorded as absent or excluded within the health record.

13.3 Misuse

Do not use to record the exclusion or absence of adverse reactions, problems, diagnoses or interventions (procedures) - use specific specialisations of this DCM in these situations.

13.4 EXCLUSION STATEMENT

Identification

Label	EXCLUSION STATEMENT
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16134
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16134

Definition

Definition	An explicit statement about the absence of information about documents.		
Definition Source	NEHTA		
Synonymous Names			

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
	AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER DECISION INFORMATION	01

Children

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
Τ	General Statement	11
8	INFORMATION PROVIDER	00
8	SUBJECT	00
E	Exclusion Statement Instance Identifier	00
~	LINK	00
	Detailed Clinical Model Identifier	00

13.5 General Statement

Identification

Label	General Statement
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16135
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16135

Definition

Definition	A general statement about the absence or exclusion of data values.
Definition Source	openEHR Foundation
Synonymous Names	
Context	Any information required to be explicitly recorded as being absent or excluded within the record.
Context Source	openEHR Foundation
Data Type	Text

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT	11

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14 Australian Organ Donor Register Entry Detailed Clinical Model

This chapter describes a re-use of version 1.0 of the Australian Organ Donor Register Entry Detailed Clinical Model.

14.1 Purpose

To record information about an individual's organ and tissue donation decisions within the Australian Organ Donor Register (AODR).

14.2 Use

Use to record or update information in the Australian Organ Donor Register (AODR) about an individual's organ or tissue donation decisions.

14.3 AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER ENTRY

Identification

Label	AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER ENTRY	
Metadata Type	Data Group	
Identifier	DG-16652	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16652	

Definition

Definition	Information about an individual's organ and tissue donation decisions, for use within the Australian Organ Donor Register (AODR).
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
	AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER DETAILS	11

Children

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
	Date of Initial Registration	11
	Donation Decision	11
~~	ORGAN AND TISSUE DONATION DETAILS	01
8	INFORMATION PROVIDER	00
8	SUBJECT	00
1600	Australian Organ Donor Register Entry Instance Identifier	00
~	LINK	00
Data Type	Name	Occurrences
--------------	------------------------------------	---------------
ALE NO	Detailed Clinical Model Identifier	00

14.4 Date of Initial Registration

Identification

Label	Date of Initial Registration
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16655
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16655

Definition

Definition	The date that the individual first registered their organ or tissue donation decision in the AODR.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	DateTime

Usage

Examples	Please see DateTime in Appendix C, Specification Guide for Use for examples
	and usage information on specifying a date or time (or both).

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER ENTRY	11

14.5 Donation Decision

Identification

Label	Donation Decision
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16657
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16657

Definition

Definition	The individual's decision about donation.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	True if the individual wishes to register decision to donate suitable organs and tissue for transplantation. False, if the individual wishes to register decision NOT to donate any organs or tissue for transplantation.
Data Type	Boolean

Usage

Conditions of Use	If the ORGAN AND TISSUE DONATION DETAILS data group is present, the value SHALL be "true", else the value SHALL be "false".
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Examples	

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER ENTRY	11

14.6 ORGAN AND TISSUE DONATION DETAILS

Identification

Label	ORGAN AND TISSUE DONATION DETAILS
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16660
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16660

Definition

Definition	A list of organs and/or tissues for transplantation that the individual has consented to donate.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~~	AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER ENTRY	01

Children

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
*	Bone Tissue Indicator	11
	Eye Tissue Indicator	11
	Heart Indicator	11
	Heart Valve Indicator	11
	Kidney Indicator	11
	Liver Indicator	11
	Lungs Indicator	11

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
•	Pancreas Indicator	11
•	Skin Tissue Indicator	11

14.7 Bone Tissue Indicator

Identification

Label	Bone Tissue Indicator
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16661
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16661

Definition

Definition	An indicator that describes the individual's decision to be a bone tissue donor.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Boolean

Usage

Examples

Relationships

	ata ype	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
•	~	ORGAN AND TISSUE DONATION DETAILS	11

14.8 Eye Tissue Indicator

Identification

Label	Eye Tissue Indicator
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16662
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16662

Definition

Definition	An indicator that describes the individual's decision to be an eye tissue (cornea) donor.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Boolean

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Dat Typ		Occurrences (child within parent)
~	ORGAN AND TISSUE DONATION DETAILS	11

14.9 Heart Indicator

Identification

Label	Heart Indicator
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16663
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16663

Definition

Definition	An indicator that describes the individual's decision to be a heart organ donor.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Boolean

Usage

Examples

Relationships

ata /pe	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	ORGAN AND TISSUE DONATION DETAILS	11

14.10 Heart Valve Indicator

Identification

Label	Heart Valve Indicator
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16664
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16664

Definition

Definition	An indicator that describes the individual's decision to be a heart valve donor.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Boolean

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
\$	ORGAN AND TISSUE DONATION DETAILS	11

14.11 Kidney Indicator

Identification

Label	Kidney Indicator
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16665
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16665

Definition

Definition	An indicator that describes the individual's decision to be a kidney organ donor.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Boolean

Usage

Examples

Relationships

	ata ype	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
•	~	ORGAN AND TISSUE DONATION DETAILS	11

Identification

Label	Liver Indicator
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16666
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16666

Definition

Definition	An indicator that describes the individual's decision to be a liver organ donor.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Boolean

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	ORGAN AND TISSUE DONATION DETAILS	11

14.13 Lungs Indicator

Identification

Label	Lungs Indicator
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16667
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16667

Definition

Definition	An indicator that describes the individual's decision to be a lung organ donor.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Boolean

Usage

Examples

Relationships

	ata ype	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
•	~	ORGAN AND TISSUE DONATION DETAILS	11

14.14 Pancreas Indicator

Identification

Label	Pancreas Indicator
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16668
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16668

Definition

Definition	An indicator that describes the individual's decision to be a pancreas organ donor.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Boolean

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	ORGAN AND TISSUE DONATION DETAILS	11

14.15 Skin Tissue Indicator

Identification

Label	Skin Tissue Indicator
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16669
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16669

Definition

Definition	An indicator that describes the individual's decision to be a skin tissue donor.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Boolean

Usage

Examples

Relationships

	ata ype	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
•	~	ORGAN AND TISSUE DONATION DETAILS	11

15 Australian Organ Donor Register Details Document Link Data Group

This chapter describes a re-use of version 1.1 of the Link Data Group.

15.1 Purpose

The *Link* data group defines a logical relationship between two instances of DCMs or an instance of a DCM and a document. Links can be used across documents, and across electronic health records (EHRs). Links can potentially be used between nodes of the same document. Multiple instances of the *Link* data group can be attached to the same item.

15.2 Use

1:1 and 1:N relationships between instances of DCMs can be expressed by using one, or more than one, respectively, links. Chains of links can be used to see "problem threads" or other logical groupings of items.

Links are only to be used between instances of DCMs or documents, i.e. between objects representing complete domain concepts. This is because relationships between sub-elements of whole concepts are not necessarily meaningful and may be confusing.

15.3 LINK

Identification

Label	Australian Organ Donor Register Details Document Link
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16692
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16692

Definition

Definition	A link to the Australian Organ Donor Register source document.	
Definition Source	NEHTA	
Synonymous Names		

Usage

Conditions of Use	The link SHALL point to an external document.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER DETAILS	11

Children

Data Type	Name	Occurrences
001011001	Link Nature	11
001011001	Link Role	01
	Target Document (Link Target)	11

15.4 Link Nature

Identification

Label	Link Nature
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16698
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16698

Definition

Definition	The general semantic category of the relationship between this instance of this DCM, i.e. the source, and the target DCM instance or target document.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This is one of two attributes which together communicate the semantics of the relationship between the source and target DCMs or document. This attribute is intended to be a coarse-grained category that can be used to enable interoperability between sender and receiver.
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Link Nature Values

Usage

Conditions of Use	The value SHALL be LINK-E0 ("is a related documentation").
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Australian Organ Donor Register Details Document Link (LINK)	11

15.5 Link Nature Values

Identification

Label	Link Nature Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16698
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16698

Definition

Definition	The set of values for the general semantic category of the relationship between
	this instance of this DCM, i.e. the source, and the target DCM instance or target
	document.
Definition Source	NEHTA

Value Domain

Source	ISO 13606-3:2009	
Permissible Values	The permissible values are those specified in Termlist LINK_NATURE in ISO 13606-3:2009 Health informatics - Electronic health record communication - Part 3: Reference archetypes and term lists [ISO2009a]. They are listed here.	
	LINK-A0, is related to	A generic category for any Link, the details of which will be given by the value of Link Role.
	LINK-B0, is confirmed by or authorised by	The target link contains [an instance of a DCM or document] that acts as the legal or clinical basis for the activity documented in the source [DCM instance], or is a declaration of intent to provide (or not to provide) requested care. This Link is to be used to connect two [DCM instances or DCM and document], as opposed to the inclusion of a corroborating or authorising participant as an identified party within a single [DCM instance or document].
	LINK-C0, is related to the same problem or health issue	The target [instance of a DCM or document] documents health or health care that pertains to the same clinical situation as the source [DCM instance]. One of the two might be defining a problem for which the other is a manifestation, or the relationship might for example be cause and effect, stages in an evolving clinical history, a different interpretation of an observation, a clinical indication or contraindication.
	LINK-D0, is related to the same care plan, act or episode	The source and the target [instances of DCM or documents] are each documenting parts of the same care plan, act or episode. One of the

two might be defining the same care plan, act or episode, or both might be related milestones.

LINK-E0, is a related documentation

The target [instance of a DCM or document] is an alternative documentary form of the source [DCM instance], such as re-expression of the same clinical information or additional supplementary explanatory information.

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
001011001	Link Nature	11

15.6 Link Role

Identification

Label	Link Role
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16699
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16699

Definition

Definition	The detailed semantic description of the relationship between this instance of this DCM, i.e. the source, and the target DCM instance or target document.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This is one of two attributes which together communicate the semantics of the relationship between the source and target DCMs. This attribute provides for a specific description of the actual role played by the target in relation to the source. This attribute may be populated from any suitable terminology, and therefore might support human readership better than interoperable automated processing.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Link Role Values

Usage

Conditions of Use	The value SHALL be LINK-E4 ("excerpts").
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Australian Organ Donor Register Details Document Link (LINK)	01

15.7 Link Role Values

Identification

Label	Link Role Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16699
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16699

Definition

Definition	The set of values for the detailed semantic description of the relationship between this instance of this DCM, i.e. the source, and the target DCM instance or target document.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Context	These values are used within the context of values from <i>Link Role</i> . They provide greater specificity and may be selected more for human readership than for interoperable automated processing.
Context Source	NEHTA

Value Domain

Source	ISO 13606-3:2009	
Permissible Values	Values SHOULD be from Termlist LINK_ROLE in ISO 13606-3:2009 [ISO2009a].	
values	Values MAY be from any suitable terminology.	
		nlist LINK_ROLE in ISO 13606-3:2009 Health informatics rd communication - Part 3: Reference archetypes and term
	LINK-A1, unspecified link	The term is used when no semantic information is available for this Link in the EHR system from which the EXTRACT has been created.
	LINK-A2, suggests	The interpretation expressed in the target component is a possible cause or outcome of the findings documented in the source component.
	LINK-B1, endorses	The interpretation expressed in the source component provides confirmatory evidence or a confirmatory opinion of the interpretation expressed in the target component.
	LINK-C3, evidence for	The observation or interpretation documented in the source component provides confirmatory evidence of the interpretation expressed in the target component.
	LINK-D1, outcome	The clinical situation documented in the target component is the direct outcome of the situation documented in the source component.

LINK-E1, documented by	A clinical situation documented in the source component is more formally documented in the target component.
LINK-E4, excerpts	The source component is an extract (copy) of part or all of the information contained within the target component.

Usage

Conditions of	Each of the link terms in LINK_ROLE from ISO 13606-3:2009 is a sub-category
Use	of a corresponding term in <i>Link Nature Values</i> , where that correspondence is
	indicated by the first letter after the code string "LINK-" e.g. the term LINK-A1 is a
	subcategory of term LINK-A0. If a term in this list is used for the Link Role data
	element, the appropriate corresponding value SHALL be used from Link Nature
	Values.
Conditions of Use Source	ISO 13606-3:2009

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
001011001	Link Role	11

15.8 Link Target

Identification

Label	Target Document
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16700
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16700

Definition

Definition	The logical "to" object in the link relation, as per the linguistic sense of the <i>Link Nature</i> data element (and, if present, the <i>Link Role</i> data element).
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Link UniqueIdentifier

Usage

Examples

Relationships

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)
~	Australian Organ Donor Register Details Document Link (LINK)	11

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16 UML Class Diagram

The following figure presents the data hierarchy using a UML 2.0 class diagram. The diagram displays data groups and data elements, together with their names, data types and multiplicities. Data elements are displayed as attributes. Data groups are displayed as classes, their names are represented as association role names. Association role names are only displayed if they differ from the associated class name. The diagram shows the data hierarchy excluding the details of participation. The default multiplicity is 1..1.

This UML diagram represents only the top levels of the data hierarchy and does not include all the data elements.



UML class diagram of the Medicare Overview data hierarchy (top level sections).



UML class diagram of the Medicare/DVA Funded Services History component.



UML class diagram of the Pharmaceutical Benefits History component.



UML class diagram of the Australian Childhood Immunisation Register (ACIR) component.



UML class diagram of the Australian Organ Donor Registry (AODR) component.

Appendix A. Known Issues

This appendix lists known issues with this specification at the time of publishing. NEHTA is working on solutions to these issues, and we encourage comments to further assist with development of these solutions.

Reference	Description
Links to external resources	If a link (usually in references section) spans across several lines, certain combinations of PDF reader and web browser have problems opening it.
Naming of "Vaccine Cancellation"	The term "Vaccine Cancellation" is a slight misnomer as cancellations apply to medications, but the term "exemption" applies to ACIR. The term "cancellation" is to be replaced by the term "exemption" in ACIR.
Use of Exclusion Statements	The use of Exclusion Statements to assert that there is no data present needs to be investigated further. That investigation may result in the Exclusion Statements being removed.
ACIR - Vaccine Dose Number	In ACIR records <i>Vaccine Dose Number</i> contains a positive integer (the sequence number of the dose), nothing, or the letter "b" (which indicates a vaccine given at birth). This SCS provides <i>Vaccine Dose Number</i> which can contain integer values and nothing, but not letters. It is not appropriate to use <i>Vaccine Dose Number</i> to record both the sequence number of the vaccine dose and the fact that the vaccine was given at birth, as they are two distinct concepts. Vaccines given at birth can be identified using <i>Date Vaccination Received</i> and <i>Date of Birth</i> as both are available. If a single indicator data element is required, an extra data element will have to be added.
Medicare Antigen Code values	Documents created by Medicare may contain a value for <i>Medicare Antigen Code</i> and <i>Medicare Overview</i> documents contain data from Medicare documents. However the details of the value domain for <i>Medicare Antigen Code</i> are not currently available.

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Appendix B. Change History

A summary of changes from one document version to the next. Changes to the change history are excluded.

B.1 Changes Introduced in this Document Version

Preliminary Pages

Corrected and updated related documents to include all related SCSs and DCM specifications.

Chapter 1 Introduction

Editorial and typographical errors corrected via editorial review.

Updated reference to MOV CDAIG to v1.1 [NEHT2013w].

Chapter 2 Medicare Overview Structured Document

Corrected editorial review issues (language, punctuation, formatting, presentation) in:

- 1. Definition and conditions of use of 2.1 MEDICARE OVERVIEW
- 2. Definition of 2.2 SUBJECT OF CARE
- 3. Definition of 2.3 DOCUMENT AUTHOR
- 4. Definition of 2.4 DateTime Authored
- 5. Definition and conditions of use of 2.7 MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES HISTORY
- 6. Definition of 2.8 MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES
- 7. Definition and conditions of use of 2.9 PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS HISTORY
- 8. Definition of 2.10 PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEMS
- 9. Definition and conditions of use of 2.11 AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER HISTORY
- 10. Definition 2.12 AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRIES
- 11. Usage (removed) and notes (added) of 2.13 AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRY
- 12 Definition 2.14 VACCINE ADMINISTRATION ENTRY
- 13 Definition 2.15 VACCINE CANCELLATION ENTRY
- 14. Definition and conditions of use of 2.16 AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER DECISION INFORMATION

2.7 MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES HISTORY - reworded the condition of use to remove "one or more instances".

2.9 PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS HISTORY - replaced instances of "Schedule" with "Scheme" and reworded the condition of use to remove "one or more instances".

2.9 PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS HISTORY - replaced instances of "Benefit" with "Benefits" and reworded the condition of use to remove "one or more instances".

2.10 PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS ITEMS - replaced instances of "Schedule" with "Scheme".

2.10 PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS ITEMS - replaced instances of "Benefit" with "Benefits".

2.11 AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER HISTORY - reworded the condition of use to remove "one or more instances".

7.3 PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM - replaced instances of "Benefit" with "Benefits".

2.16 AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER DECISION INFORMATION - reordered the definition, and reworded the condition of use to remove "one or more instances".

Various chapters

All instances of "provenance" have been replaced with "link".

Added to all data components of type DateTime the improved standard examples text.

3.4 EXCLUSION STATEMENT - removed "about documents" from the definition

Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 8 (Exclusion Statement Detailed Clinical Model) updated with changes made during editorial review of the DCM specifications.

Chapters 5, 7, 12 and 15 updated with changes to the LINK cluster from editorial review.

Added missing LINK data group condition of use to 5.10 LINK and 7.15 LINK.

Replaced examples text with a condition of use for all Link Nature data elements (5.11, 7.16, 12.4, and 15.4) and all Link Role data elements (5.13, 7.18, 12.6, and 15.6)

Expanded acronym DVA in 5.1, 5.2, and 5.3.

Fixed editorial issues in:

- 1. Definition of 5.5 Medicare MBS/DVA Item
- 2. Definition of 5.6 Medicare MBS/DVA Item Values
- 3. Definition of 5.8 SERVICE REQUESTER
- 4. Definition and notes of 5.9 SERVICE PROVIDER
- 5. 7.2 Use (Pharmaceutical Benefit Item Detailed Clinical Model)
- 6. Notes and Usage (removed) of 7.4 PBS/RPBS Item Code
- 7. Definition of 7.6 PBS/RPBS Manufacturer Code
- 8. Definition of 7.13 Quantity
- 9. Notes of 9.4 MEDICATION ACTION
- 10. Conditions of use of 9.5 and 10.5 Therapeutic Good Identification
- 11. Permissible values of 9.6 and 10.6 Medicines Terminology
- 12 Definition and Value Domain of 9.7 and 10.7 Reason for Action
- 13 Notes of 9.8 and 10.8 Sequence Number
- 14. Definition of 11.4 VACCINE CANCELLATION REASON
- 15 Definition and notes of 11.5 Vaccine Cancellation Reason Type
- 16 Definition of 11.6 Vaccine Cancellation Reason Type Values
- 17. 14.2 Use (Australian Organ Donor Register Entry Detailed Clinical Model)
- 18 Definition of 14.4 Date of Initial Registration
- 19. Definition of 14.5 Donation Decision
- 20 Definition of 14.7 through to 14.15 (the Indicator data elements)

Moved the Reference List to be the last chapter before the Index and updated to include references to the relevant SCSs and DCM specifications.

Updated the UML Diagrams with changes from the data hierarchy.

Appendix B. Change History includes latest revision (changes from editorial review).

Appendix D. Mapping from Requirements updated to include changes from the Data Hierarchy and names from the Information Requirements.

5.2 Use (of Medicare/DVA Funded Service) - slightly reworded the use statement.

5.7 Service in Hospital Indicator - replaced "if" with "whether" in the definition and replaced "item would be true where" with "indicator is true if" in the Notes.

5.8 SERVICE REQUESTER and 5.9 SERVICE PROVIDER - updated [ABS2006] to [ABS2009].

7.3 PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM - updated definition to match DCM definition.

9.7 Reason for Action and 10.7 Reason for Action - removed the not relevant example from Notes.

10.5 Therapeutic Good Identification - added a comma to the conditions of use as per editorial review comment.

Appendix A. Known Issues - removed entry for This Page intentionally blank.

Appendix A. Known Issues - removed an entry for Medicare Antigen Code values.

Appendix C. Specification Guide for Use - replaced "Sometimes" with "This is sometimes" in the entry for Text in the Data Types Legend.

Appendix C. Specification Guide for Use - replaced "definition" with "statement" in the Keywords Legend.

Appendix C. Specification Guide for Use - corrected the number of Tables 10 and 11 in Relationships Section Legend.

Reference List - replaced [ABS2006] with [ABS2009].

Reference List - added publication dates and hyperlinks to [NEHT2011aq] and [NEHT2012b].

Reference List - added hyperlinks to [NEHT2012bg] and [NEHT2011bt].

Reference List - updated [NEHT2012f] to [NEHT2013w].

Chapter 16 UML Class Diagram

Updated all diagrams.

Appendix C. Specification Guide for Use

C.1 Overview

Each Detailed Clinical Model (DCM) and Structured Content Specification (SCS) is designed to be a shared basis for data interpretation. It specifies rigorous business and technical definitions of data which systems may need to share. It is intended to be a logical specification of the data to be persisted within or communicated between systems. It is also the foundation for conformance, compliance and accreditation testing of implemented systems. NEHTA's CDA implementation guides are guides to the implementation of HL7 CDA R2 messages based upon these DCMs and SCSs.

Each DCM specifies all of the data components required for any use of a clinical concept, for instance an entry in a medical record such as a procedure or an imaging test. As such, they are maximal data sets. DCMs are building blocks which are trimmed to size for use in the construction of SCSs.

Each SCS specifies the data for a single type of clinical document or information exchange, such as a discharge summary. It is assembled using DCMs that have been constrained to eliminate data components not relevant to the particular context. For example, *Procedure* in a discharge summary uses only some of the data components required by *Procedure* in a specialist report.

C.2 The Structured Content Specification Metamodel

The NEHTA Structured Content Specification Metamodel (see Figure 1) is used to specify the overall structure of a Structured Content Specification.

A DCM can be regarded as a data group with no parent.



Figure 1: SCS Metamodel

There are two main components used to organise information within an SCS as follows:

Context: This contains information related to the overall context of the document.

- Content: This contains information that changes between different SCSs, but is always structured as shown, and consists of the following components:
 - Section
 - Data Group
 - Data Element
 - Value Domain

These components are described in more detail below.
Context

The purpose of the context is to identify and classify the document and to provide subjects of care and involved healthcare providers with the information related to the relevant healthcare events.

Content

Content contains a collection of personal information and health information pertinent to a subject of care which is derived from the healthcare event described in the document. The detail is organised into one or more data groups which are optionally grouped into sections.

Section

A section is composed of other sections, data groups, or both. It is an organising container that gives the reader a clue as to the expected content. The primary purpose of a section is to organise information in a manner that is suitable for the primary purpose for which it is collected, and to provide a way to navigate through the data components within the document, thereby enabling more efficient querying. It is recommended that the section support safe reuse for secondary purposes, e.g. clinical coding or inclusion in a summarised form in an electronic health record. A section is context-specific to the document in which it resides.

Data Group

Each data group is used to represent one concept. A data group consists of other data groups or data elements (or both). Some data groups are reused across DCMs.

Every instance of a data group SHALL have at least one child data component instantiated.

Participation

Participation is a special case of a data group that is based on a data group template, which is reused throughout the DCMs and SCSs. Participations are an amalgam of the Actors (see below) operating within a defined healthcare domain and the Roles they are playing within that domain.

A Participant has been defined to align with the concepts of the NEHTA interoperability framework [NEHT2007b]. It equates to an *Entity* that is related to the action described in an SCS as an *Actor*. A participant can be a human, an organisation or an IT system.

[NEHT2011v] defines the full Participation specification.

Choice

Choice represents a decision to be made at run-time between a disjunctive mandatory set of data groups defined at design-time, i.e. one and only one member of the set is chosen for each instance of the choice.

For example, at design time a Healthcare Provider provides a service but it is not until run-time that a decision can be made as to whether the provider is a person or an organisation. Hence when a Healthcare Provider Participant is instantiated, it will contain either an instance of the *Person* data group or an instance of the *Organisation* data group.

Data Element

A data element is the smallest named unit of information in the model that can be assigned a value. For example, *DateTime of Observation* and *Observation Note*. Data elements are bound to data types (see Data Types Legend). Some data elements are reused in different data groups.

Whilst all data elements are constrained by their data type, some data elements are further constrained by value domains (see Value Domain below).

Value Domain

A value domain constrains the permissible values for a data element. The values are often a subset of values based on a generic data type.

Value domains are reusable components and therefore, the same value domain can be referred to by different data elements in different contexts. Value domains are often specified as a reference set. A reference set (or a subset) is a constrained list of SNOMED CT-AU, AMT or LOINC concepts that are appropriate to a particular context. It is noted that many of these reference sets have been developed specifically for the context in which they appear. It is recommended that an assessment of fitness for purpose be undertaken before using any of the reference sets in another context.

Value domains constrain by either specifying a lower or upper bound (or both) on the range of permissible values or else by specifying a finite set of prescribed values. Such a set of prescribed values can be specified directly within the definition of the data element, or in a separate but associated specification or else by reference to one or more vocabulary/terminology reference sets. The table below provides some examples of value domains.

Data Element	Data Type	Example	of Value Domain	
Sex	CodedText		[SA2006a] and [SA2006b] derive their values from METeOR 270263 which includes values such as:	
		Value	Meaning	
		1	Male	
		2	Female	
		3	Intersex or Indeterminate	
		9	Not Stated/Inadequately Described	
Diagnosis	CodeableText		ED CT-AU reference set which references concepts Bronchitis' (Concept ID: 32398004).	
Therapeutic Good Identification	CodeableText	An AMT reference set which references concepts such as 'Ibuprofen Blue (Herron) (ibuprofen 200 mg) tablet: film-coated, 1 tablet' (Concept ID: 54363011000036107).		
Individual Pathology Test Result Name	CodeableText		subset which references concepts such as rol [Moles/volume] in Serum or Plasma' (ID: 14647-2).	

Table 1: Value Domain Examples

C.3 Icon Legend

These legends describe all icons that are used within the various NEHTA information specifications.

Metadata Types Legend

The following table explains each of the icons used to represent the metadata types within DCMs and SCSs.

Table 2: Metadata Types Legend

lcon	Metadata Types
	Structured Document
	Section
~	Data Group
2	Participation
	Choice

Data Types Legend

The following table explains each of the icons used to represent the data types bound to each data element in the SCSs. These data types are a profile of the **ISO 21090-2011** data types as specified in [NEHT2010c].

Table 3: Data Types Legend

lcon	Data type	Explanation
	Boolean (ISO 21090: BL)	A primitive data type, sometimes called the logical data type, having one of two values: <i>true</i> and <i>false</i> . Many systems represent true as <i>non-zero</i> (often 1, or -1) and false as <i>zero</i> .
		Usage/Examples

• An actual value entered by a user might be "yes" or could be chosen by a mouse click on an icon such as **☑**.

001011001	CodeableText (ISO 21090: CD)	holding tex compliance it is recommunity value doma translations recognition a complex sets in exist	with exceptions; a flexible data type to support various ways of t, both free text and coded text. Commonly used to support e for early adopters of the Structured Content Specifications. While mended that the values in this data type come from the bound ain, it allows other value domains to also be used (with or without is to the bound value domain) or free text alternatives. This is a that it may not be possible to define an entire value domain for concept (e.g. <i>Diagnosis</i>) or that there may be competing code tence. Note that within exchange specifications or message profiles pe MAY be constrained to mandate compliance with the bound ain.
		Usage/Exa	imples
		• AIHW Separation Mode specifies the status at separation of a person from an organisation. An early adopter MAY have a similar concept (coded or otherwise) that maps to this data element but does not strictly comply with the AIHW values.	
		multiple o Codeable	ED CT-AU coded/complex expression that embodies single or concepts. The SNOMED CT-AU concepts behind these eText components are specified in the Structured Content ation value domains.
Т	CodedText		without exceptions; text with code mappings. Values in this data
001011001	(ISO 21090: CD)	used for ret	L come from the bound value domain, with no exceptions. Often ference sets with only a small number of applicable values, e.g. d Document Status.
Usage		Usage/Exa	Imples
		[SA2006b] specifies the following value domain representing a type of address:	
		Value	Meaning

Value	Meaning
1	Business
2	Mailing or Postal
3	Temporary Accommodation
4	Residential (permanent)
9	Not Stated/Unknown/Inadequately Described



(ISO 21090: TS)

DateTime

Used for specifying a single date or time (or both). Has the ability to indicate a level of precision, but not whether the date or time is estimated. String representations of known dates **SHALL** conform to the nonextended format within the **ISO 21090-2011** standard, i.e. YYYYMMDDHHMMSS.UUUU[+]-ZZzz.

Usage/Examples

- Partial dates: 2008, 20081001.
- To indicate 1:20 pm on May the 31st, 1999 for a time zone which is 5 hours behind Coordinated Universal Time (UTC): 19990531132000-0500.

	Duration (ISO 21090: PQ.TIME)	The period of time during which something continues. Consists of a value and a unit which represents the time value, e.g. hours, months. Compound durations are not allowed, e.g. 10 days 3 weeks 5 hours.
		Usage/Examples
		• 3 hours
		6 months
		• 1 year
	Any	Represents a data element where the data type to be used is conditional on
	(ISO 21090: ANY)	another data component. The values that can be required will vary considerably depending on the context. Note that this is an abstract data type that is the basis for all data types and SHOULD NOT be used in an actual implementation.
001011001	EncapsulatedData	Data that is primarily intended for human interpretation or for further machine processing outside the scope of this specification. This includes unformatted
	(ISO 21090: ED)	or formatted written language, multimedia data, or structured information as defined by a different standard (e.g. XML signatures).
		Usage/Examples
		JPEG images
		HTML documents
		[RFC1521] MIME types
122	Integer	The mathematical data type comprising the exact integral values (according to [NEHT2010c]).
	(ISO 21090: INT)	Usage/Examples
		• 1
		• -50
		• 125
P	Link (ISO 21090:	This is a general link, reference or pointer to an object, data or application that exists logically or is stored electronically in a computer system.
	TEL)	Usage/Examples
		 URL (Uniform Resource Locator) – the World Wide Web address of a site on the internet, such as the URL for the Google internet search engine – http://www.google.com.
		 An absolute or relative path within a file or directory structure – e.g. in the Windows® operating system, the "link" or absolute path to a particular letter could be C:\Documents and Settings\GuestUser\MyDocuments\letter.doc

	Quantity (ISO 21090: PQ)	Used for recording many real world measurements and observations. Includes the magnitude value and the units.
		Usage/Examples
		100 centimetres
		• 25.5 grams
	QuantityRatio (ISO 21090:	The relative magnitudes of two <i>Quantity</i> values (usually expressed as a quotient).
	RTO)	Usage/Examples
		• 25 mg/500 ml
		200 mmol per litre
Ţ	QuantityRange (ISO 21090: IVL)	Two <i>Quantity</i> values that define the minimum and maximum values, i.e. lower and upper bounds. This is typically used for defining the valid range of values for a particular measurement or observation. Unbounded quantity ranges can be defined by not including a minimum and/or a maximum quantity value.
		Usage/Examples
		 -20 to 100 Celsius
		• 30-50 mg
		• >10 kg
32	Real	
312		A computational approximation to the standard mathematical concept of real numbers. These are often called floating-point numbers.
32	Real (ISO 21090: REAL)	
312	(ISO 21090:	numbers. These are often called floating-point numbers.
312	(ISO 21090:	numbers. These are often called floating-point numbers. Usage/Examples
312	(ISO 21090:	 numbers. These are often called floating-point numbers. Usage/Examples 1.075
32	(ISO 21090:	 numbers. These are often called floating-point numbers. Usage/Examples 1.075 -325.1 3.14157 Character strings (with optional language). Unless otherwise constrained by
312 T	(ISO 21090: REAL)	numbers. These are often called floating-point numbers. Usage/Examples • 1.075 • -325.1 • 3.14157
3 12	(ISO 21090: REAL) Text	 numbers. These are often called floating-point numbers. Usage/Examples 1.075 -325.1 3.14157 Character strings (with optional language). Unless otherwise constrained by an implementation, can be any combination of alpha, numeric or symbols
3 2	(ISO 21090: REAL) Text	 numbers. These are often called floating-point numbers. Usage/Examples 1.075 -325.1 3.14157 Character strings (with optional language). Unless otherwise constrained by an implementation, can be any combination of alpha, numeric or symbols from the Unicode character set. This is sometimes referred to as free text.
312 T	(ISO 21090: REAL) Text (ISO 21090: ST) TimeInterval	 numbers. These are often called floating-point numbers. Usage/Examples 1.075 -325.1 3.14157 Character strings (with optional language). Unless otherwise constrained by an implementation, can be any combination of alpha, numeric or symbols from the Unicode character set. This is sometimes referred to as free text. Usage/Examples "The patient is a 37 year old man who was referred for cardiac evaluation after complaining of occasional palpitations, racing heart beats and occasional
312 T	(ISO 21090: REAL) Text (ISO 21090: ST)	 numbers. These are often called floating-point numbers. Usage/Examples 1.075 -325.1 3.14157 Character strings (with optional language). Unless otherwise constrained by an implementation, can be any combination of alpha, numeric or symbols from the Unicode character set. This is sometimes referred to as free text. Usage/Examples "The patient is a 37 year old man who was referred for cardiac evaluation after complaining of occasional palpitations, racing heart beats and occasional dizziness." An interval in time, with (optionally) a start date/time and (optionally) an end
312 T	(ISO 21090: REAL) Text (ISO 21090: ST) TimeInterval	 numbers. These are often called floating-point numbers. Usage/Examples 1.075 -325.1 3.14157 Character strings (with optional language). Unless otherwise constrained by an implementation, can be any combination of alpha, numeric or symbols from the Unicode character set. This is sometimes referred to as free text. Usage/Examples "The patient is a 37 year old man who was referred for cardiac evaluation after complaining of occasional palpitations, racing heart beats and occasional dizziness." An interval in time, with (optionally) a start date/time and (optionally) an end date/time and/or a duration/width.
312 T	(ISO 21090: REAL) Text (ISO 21090: ST) TimeInterval	 numbers. These are often called floating-point numbers. Usage/Examples 1.075 -325.1 3.14157 Character strings (with optional language). Unless otherwise constrained by an implementation, can be any combination of alpha, numeric or symbols from the Unicode character set. This is sometimes referred to as free text. Usage/Examples "The patient is a 37 year old man who was referred for cardiac evaluation after complaining of occasional palpitations, racing heart beats and occasional dizziness." An interval in time, with (optionally) a start date/time and (optionally) an end date/time and/or a duration/width. Usage/Examples

A 98	UniqueIdentifier	A general unique value to identify a physical or virtual object or concept.
	(ISO 21090: II)	In using this data type, the attributes of the UniqueIdentifier data type SHOULD be populated from the identifiers as defined in AS 4846 (2006) [SA2006a] and AS 5017 (2006) [SA2006b] as follows:
		 root: a globally unique object identifier that identifies the combination of geographic area, issuer and type. If no such globally unique object identifier exists, it SHALL be created.
		• <i>extension</i> : a unique identifier within the scope of the root that is directly equivalent to the identifier designation element.
		• <i>identifierName</i> : a human readable name for the namespace represented by the root that is populated with the issuer or identifier type values, or a concatenation of both, as appropriate. The content of this attribute is not intended for machine processing and SHOULD NOT be used for that purpose.
		• <i>identifierScope</i> : the geographic span or coverage that applies to or constrains the identifier. It is directly equivalent to the geographic area element. The content of this attribute is not intended for machine processing and SHOULD NOT be used as such.
		Also, the following constraints apply on the UniqueIdentifier data type:
		1. The <i>root</i> attribute SHALL be used.
		 For an entity identifier, the <i>root</i> attribute SHALL be an OID that consists of a node in a hierarchically-assigned namespace, formally defined using the ITU-T's ASN.1 standard.
		3. For an entity identifier, the <i>root</i> attribute SHALL NOT be a UUID.
		4. The <i>extension</i> attribute SHALL be used.
		Usage/Examples
		ILLS HDLLS HDL Os and nationt bespital modical record numbers are

IHIs, HPI-Is, HPI-Os and patient hospital medical record numbers are examples of identifiers that **MAY** be carried by this data type.

Keywords Legend

Where used in this document and in DCMs and SCSs, the keywords **SHALL**, **SHOULD**, **MAY**, **SHALL NOT** and **SHOULD NOT** are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

The following table defines these keywords.

Keyword	Interpretation
SHALL	This word, or the term 'required', means that the statement is an absolute requirement of the specification.
SHOULD	This word, or the adjective 'recommended', means that there MAY exist valid reasons in particular circumstances to ignore a particular component, but the full implications SHALL be understood and carefully weighed before choosing a different course.

MAY	This word, or the adjective 'optional', means that a component is truly optional. One implementer may choose to include the component because a particular implementation requires it, or because the implementer determines that it enhances the implementation, while another implementer may omit the same component. An implementation that does not include a particular option SHALL be prepared to interoperate with another implementation that does include the option, perhaps with reduced functionality. In the same vein, an implementation that does include a particular option SHALL be prepared to interoperate with another implementation that does not include the option (except of course, for the feature the option provides).
SHALL NOT	This phrase means that the statement is an absolute prohibition of the specification.
SHOULD NOT	This phrase, or the phrase 'not recommended' means that there MAY exist valid reasons in particular circumstances when the particular behaviour is acceptable or even useful, but the full implications SHOULD be understood and the case carefully weighed before implementing any behaviour described with this label.

Obligation Legend

Obligation in DCMs or SCSs specifies whether or not a data component **SHALL** be populated in the logical record architecture of a message. NEHTA intends that all data components will be implemented.

Implementation guides specify the rules and formats for implementing and populating data components in specific messaging formats.

The following table defines the obligations.

Keyword	Interpretation		
ESSENTIAL	Indicates that the data component is considered a mandatory component of information and SHALL be populated.		
	Usage/Examples:		
	The Participant component for a Subject of Care SHALL include an Entity Identifier data component in order to hold the IHI.		
OPTIONAL	Indicates that the data component is not considered a mandatory component of information and MAY be populated.		
	Usage/Examples:		
	This is only needed when a DCM incorrectly asserts that a data component is ESSENTIAL . It will be used with a note stating that the DCM needs revision.		
PROHIBITED	Indicates that the data component is considered a forbidden component of information and SHALL NOT be populated.		
	Usage/Examples:		
	Within a Participation data group depicting a Subject of Care, the Participation Healthcare Role SHALL NOT be completed.		

CONDITIONAL Indicates that a data component is considered **ESSENTIAL** only on satisfaction of a given condition. Individual data components specify the obligation of the data component when the condition is not met.

When a condition is met, the data component is considered to be **ESSENTIAL** and **SHALL** be populated.

When a condition is not met, the data component may be considered as **PROHIBITED**, or the data component may be considered **OPTIONAL**.

Usage/Examples:

Within a Pathology Result Report, the *Specimen Detail* data group is **ESSENTIAL** if the requested test is to be performed on a specimen, otherwise it **SHALL NOT** be populated.

Where **ESSENTIAL** child data components are contained within **OPTIONAL** parent data components, the child data components only need to be populated when the parent is populated.

C.4 Information Model Specification Parts Legends

This section illustrates the format and parts used to define each section, data group and data element within NEHTA's information model specifications and identifies when each part is applicable.

Data Hierarchy

The top-level component contains a data hierarchy. Each row contains information about a single data component. The entries are nested to represent inclusion of one component in another. Each entry contains at least three occupied cells. The left-most cell contains an icon to indicate the entry's data type. The next cell to the right contains the label and description of the component (if the label is different from the name, the name is displayed in brackets after the label). The next cell to the right contains the multiplicity range for the data component.

The right-hand side of the data hierarchy may contain one or more columns under the heading "Core Requirement". Each column contains information for one document exchange scenario. A cell that is empty indicates that the data component on that row is **OPTIONAL** to implement. That is, software that creates documents made in conformance with this specification **MAY** exclude the data component; and software that reads documents made in conformance with this specification **MAY** ignore the data component. All other components **SHALL** be implemented.

In an SCS, a component may be prohibited, that is, it occurs in the referenced DCM but it **SHALL NOT** be included in documents created according to the SCS. This is represented by a multiplicity range of 0..0. The text of the entry is also in a strike through font and it has a grey background.

Chapter Name

Each section, data group, data element, value domain or choice has its own eponymous chapter. The chapter name is used in all data hierarchies.

Identification Section Legend

The following table illustrates the layout of the Identification section and describes the various parts of the section.

Table 6: Identification Section Legend

Label	A suggested display name for the component. (Source NEHTA.)		
Metadata Type	The type of the component, e.g. section, data group or data element. (Source NEHTA.)		
Identifier	A NEHTA assigned internal identifier of the concept represented by the component. (Source NEHTA.)		
OID	An object identifier that uniquely identifies the concept represented by the data component. (Source NEHTA.)		
External Identifier	An identifier of the concept represented by the data component that is assigned by an organisation other than NEHTA. (Source NEHTA.)		

Definition Section Legend

The following table illustrates the layout of the Definition section and describes the various parts of the section.

Table 7: Definition Section Legend

Definition	The meaning, description or explanation of the data component. (Source NEHTA.)	
	For data groups used in a particular context, the definition MAY be a refinement of the generic data group definition.	
Definition Source	The authoritative source for the Definition statement.	
Synonymous Names	A list of any names the data component MAY also be known as. (Source NEHTA.)	
	Implementers MAY prefer to use synonymous names to refer to the component in specific contexts.	
Scope	Situations in which the data component may be used, i.e. the extent and capacity within which this data component may be used, including the circumstances under which the collection of specified data is required or recommended.	
	For example, Medication Instruction (data group) has a scope which includes all prescribable therapeutic goods, both medicines and non-medicines.	
	This attribute is not relevant to data elements or value domains. (Source NEHTA.)	
Scope Source	The authoritative source for the Scope statement.	
Context	The environment in which the data component is meaningful, i.e. the circumstance, purpose and perspective under which this data component is defined or used.	

	For example, Street Name has a context of Address. (Source NEHTA.)		
Assumptions	Suppositions and notions used in defining the data component. (Source NEHTA.)		
Assumptions Source	The authoritative source for the Assumptions statement.		
Notes	Informative text that further describes the data component, or assists in the understanding of how the data component can be used. (Source NEHTA.)		
Notes Source	The authoritative source for the Notes statement.		
Data Type	The data type of the data element, e.g. DateTime or Text. (Source NEHTA.)		
	The data type is applicable only to data elements.		
	The valid data types are specified in the Data Types Legend.		
Value Domain	The name and identifier of the terminologies, code sets and classifications to define the data element value range, or a statement describing what values to use in the absence of a defined value domain for the related data element.		
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used SHALL be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the HL7 code set registration procedure with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and SHALL be publicly available.		
	When national standard code sets become available, they SHALL be used and the non-standard code sets SHALL be deprecated. (Source NEHTA.)		
	The Value Domain is applicable only to CodedText and CodeableText data elements.		

Value Domain Section Legend

The following table illustrates the layout of the Value Domain section and describes the various parts of the section.

Table 8: Value Domain Section Legend

Source	The name of the terminology or vocabulary from which the value domain's permissible values are sourced, e.g. SNOMED CT-AU, LOINC.		
Version Number	Version number of the value domain source.		
Permissible Values	List of permissible values in the value domain.		

Usage Section Legend

The following table illustrates the layout of the Usage section and describes the various parts of the section.

Table 9: Usage Section Legend

Examples

One or more demonstrations of the data that is catered for by the data element. (Source NEHTA.)

	Where a data element has an associated value domain, examples representative of that domain are used where possible. Where the value domain is yet to be determined, an indicative example is provided.
	Implementation guides MAY contain specific examples for how data elements SHALL be populated and how they relate to each other.
	The Value Domain is applicable only to CodedText and CodeableText data elements.
Conditions of Use	Prerequisites, provisos or restrictions for use of the component. (Source NEHTA.)
Conditions of Use Source	The authoritative source for the Conditions of Use statement.
Misuse	Incorrect, inappropriate or wrong uses of the component. (Source NEHTA.)
Default Value	A common denomination, or at least a usable denomination, from the Value Domain where available or applicable, typically assigned at the creation of an instance of the component. (Source NEHTA.)

Relationships Section Legend

The Relationships section specifies the cardinality and conditionality between parent and child data components. Note that if no components in either table have any conditions, then the condition column will be omitted for that table.

The following table illustrates the layout of the Parent relationships table. Note that the occurrences and conditions in the relationships described by this table are from the parent to the child component, i.e. from the component listed in the table to the component described by the section.

Data Type	Name	Occurrences (child within parent)	Condition
The icon illustrating the metadata type or data type.	Parent Component Name	The minimum and maximum number of instances of the component described on this page that SHALL occur.	The conditions that SHALL be met to include the data element. Only applicable for elements with a conditional obligation.

Table 10: Parent Legend

The following table illustrates the layout of the Children relationships table.

Table 11: Children Legend

Data Type	Name	Occurrences	Condition
The icon illustrating the metadata type or data type.	Child Component Name	The minimum and maximum number of instances of the component described on this page that SHALL occur.	The conditions that SHALL be met to include this child data element. Only applicable for elements with a conditional obligation.

Appendix D. Mappings from Requirements

This appendix lists data elements from the NEHTA Information Requirements - Medicare Overview [NEHT2012g] document and matches them to their associated data elements in this Structured Content Specification (SCS) augmented with NEHTA Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v].

Some cells in the mapping table are empty. This is used to indicate that the cell has the same value as the cell immediately above it.

Requirement Section	Data Item	SCS Data Element
4 Individual	Component	Subject of Care [SOC]
	Person Identifier	[SOC].Participant.Entity Identifier
	N/A	[SOC].Participant.Person or Organisation or Device.Person [SOC.P.POD.P]
	Person Name	[SOC.P.POD.P].Person Name
	Sex	[SOC.P.POD.P].Demographic Data.Sex
	Date of Birth	[SOC.P.POD.P].Demographic Data.Date of Birth Detail.Date of Birth
	Calculated Age	[SOC.P.POD.P].Demographic Data.Age Detail.Age
5 Medicare	Component	This component is provided by one of the following:
Information View		 Medicare Overview Exclusion Statement (EXCLUSION STATEMENT) or
		 MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES HISTORY [MDVAFSH] or
		• PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS HISTORY [PBH] or
		 AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER HISTORY [ACIRH] or
		 AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER INFORMATION [AODRI] or
		Medicare Overview Exclusion Statement (EXCLUSION STATEMENT).General Statement
6 Medicare Benefits Scheme (MBS) and Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA)	Component	MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES HISTORY [MDVAFSH]
		[MDVAFSH].EXCLUSION STATEMENT
		[MDVAFSH].MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICES [MDVAFSH.MDVAFS]

Requirement Section	Data Item	SCS Data Element
	N/A	[MDVAFSH.MDVAFS].MEDICARE/DVA FUNDED SERVICE [MDVAFSH.MDVAFS.MDVAFs]
	Link to Source Document	[MDVAFSH.MDVAFS.MDVAFs].Medicare/DVA Funded Service Document Link (LINK)
	Date of Service	[MDVAFSH.MDVAFS.MDVAFs].Date of Service
	Service In-Hospital Indicator	[MDVAFSH.MDVAFS.MDVAFs].Service In-Hospital Indicator
	Item Number	[MDVAFSH.MDVAFS.MDVAFs].Medicare MBS/DVA Item
	Brief Item Description	[MDVAFSH.MDVAFS.MDVAFs].Medicare MBS/DVA Item
	Service Provider Name	[MDVAFSH.MDVAFS.MDVAFs].SERVICE PROVIDER
7 Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) and Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (RPBS)	Component	PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS HISTORY [PBH]
		[PBH].EXCLUSION STATEMENT
		[PBH].PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEMS [PBH.PBIS]
	N/A	[PBH.PBIS].PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEM [PBH.PBIS.PBI]
	Link to Source Document	[PBH.PBIS.PBI].Pharmaceutical Benefit Item Document Link (LINK)
	Date of Prescribing	[PBH.PBIS.PBI].Date of Prescribing
	Date of Supply	[PBH.PBIS.PBI].Date of Supply
	Item Code	[PBH.PBIS.PBI].PBS/RPBS Item Code
	Brand	[PBH.PBIS.PBI].Brand (Pharmaceutical Item Brand)
	Item Generic Name	[PBH.PBIS.PBI].Item Generic Name (Pharmaceutical Item Generic Name)
	Item Form and Strength	[PBH.PBIS.PBI].Item Form and Strength (Pharmaceutical Item Form and Strength)
	Quantity	[PBH.PBIS.PBI].Quantity
	Number of Repeats	[PBH.PBIS.PBI].Number of Repeats
8 Australian Childhood Immunisation Register (ACIR)	Component	AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER HISTORY [ACIRH]
		[ACIRH].EXCLUSION STATEMENT
		[ACIRH].AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRIES [ACIRH.ACIRE]

Requirement Section	Data Item	SCS Data Element
	Link to Source Document	[ACIRH.ACIRE].Australian Childhood Immunisation Register Entries Document Link (LINK)
	N/A	[ACIRH.ACIRE].AUSTRALIAN CHILDHOOD IMMUNISATION REGISTER ENTRY [ACIRH.ACIRE.ACIRe]
	Date Vaccination Received	[ACIRH.ACIRE.ACIRe].VACCINE ADMINISTRATION ENTRY.Vaccine Administration (MEDICATION ACTION).Date Vaccination Received (Medication Action DateTime)
	Vaccine Type and Vaccine Description	 These 2 elements are captured in either: [ACIRH.ACIRE.ACIRe].VACCINE ADMINISTRATION ENTRY.Vaccine Administration (MEDICATION ACTION).Vaccine Type (Therapeutic Good Identification) or [ACIRH.ACIRE.ACIRe].VACCINE CANCELLATION ENTRY.Vaccine Cancellation (MEDICATION ACTION).Vaccine Type (Therapeutic Good Identification)
		depending on whether they describe an administered vaccine or a cancelled vaccine respectively.
	Vaccine Dose Number	 This element is captured in either: [ACIRH.ACIRE.ACIRe].VACCINE ADMINISTRATION ENTRY.Vaccine Administration (MEDICATION ACTION).Vaccine Dose Number (Sequence Number) or [ACIRH.ACIRE.ACIRe].VACCINE CANCELLATION ENTRY.Vaccine Cancellation (MEDICATION ACTION).Vaccine Dose Number (Sequence Number) depending on whether it describes an administered vaccine or a cancelled vaccine respectively.
	Antigen Description	 This element is captured in either: [ACIRH.ACIRE.ACIRe].VACCINE ADMINISTRATION ENTRY.Vaccine Administration (MEDICATION ACTION).Medicare Antigen Code (Reason for Action) or [ACIRH.ACIRE.ACIRe].VACCINE CANCELLATION ENTRY.Vaccine Cancellation (MEDICATION ACTION).Medicare Antigen Code (Reason for Action) depending on whether it describes an administered vaccine or a cancelled vaccine respectively.
	Medical Contraindication Start Date and Medical Contraindication End Date	These 2 elements are captured in [ACIRH.ACIRE.ACIRE].VACCINE CANCELLATION ENTRY.VACCINE CANCELLATION REASON.Period (Vaccine Cancellation Reason Period) when the runtime value of the sibling node Type (Vaccine Cancellation Reason Type) is "Medical Contraindication".

Requirement Section	Data Item	SCS Data Element
	Medical Contraindication Description	<i>This element is captured in</i> [ACIRH.ACIRE.ACIRe].VACCINE CANCELLATION ENTRY.VACCINE CANCELLATION REASON.Comment (Vaccine Cancellation Reason Comment) <i>when the runtime value of the sibling node</i> Type (Vaccine Cancellation Reason Type) <i>is</i> "Medical Contraindication".
	Natural Immunity Start Date and Natural Immunity End Date	These 2 elements are captured in [ACIRH.ACIRE.ACIRe].VACCINE CANCELLATION ENTRY.VACCINE CANCELLATION REASON.Period (Vaccine Cancellation Reason Period) when the runtime value of the sibling node Type (Vaccine Cancellation Reason Type) is "Natural Immunity".
	Natural Immunity Description	<i>This element is captured in</i> [ACIRH.ACIRE.ACIRe].VACCINE CANCELLATION ENTRY.VACCINE CANCELLATION REASON.Comment (Vaccine Cancellation Reason Comment) <i>when the runtime value of the sibling node</i> Type (Vaccine Cancellation Reason Type) <i>is</i> "Natural Immunity".
9 Australian Organ Donor Register (AODR)	Component	AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER INFORMATION [AODRI]
		[AODRI].EXCLUSION STATEMENT
		[AODRI].AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER DETAILS [AODRI.AODRD]
	Link to Source Document	[AODRI.AODRD].Australian Organ Donor Register Details Document Link (LINK)
	Donor Nominations Exist	Not mapped in this SCS as the value is inferred by the presence of the AODR register entry.
	N/A	[AODRI.AODRD].AUSTRALIAN ORGAN DONOR REGISTER ENTRY [AODRI.AODRD.AODRE]
	Date of Registration	[AODRI.AODRD.AODRE].Date of Initial Registration
	Donor Decision	[AODRI.AODRD.AODRE].Donation Decision
	N/A	[AODRI.AODRD.AODRE].ORGAN AND TISSUE DONATION DETAILS [AODRI.AODRD.AODRE.OATDD]
	Bone Tissue Indicator	[AODRI.AODRD.AODRE.OATDD].Bone Tissue Indicator
	Eye Tissue Indicator	[AODRI.AODRD.AODRE.OATDD].Eye Tissue Indicator
	Heart Indicator	[AODRI.AODRD.AODRE.OATDD].Heart Indicator
	Heart Valve Indicator	[AODRI.AODRD.AODRE.OATDD].Heart Valve Indicator
	Kidney Indicator	[AODRI.AODRD.AODRE.OATDD].Kidney Indicator
	Liver Indicator	[AODRI.AODRD.AODRE.OATDD].Liver Indicator
	Lungs Indicator	[AODRI.AODRD.AODRE.OATDD].Lungs Indicator

Requirement Section	Data Item	SCS Data Element
	Pancreas Indicator	[AODRI.AODRD.AODRE.OATDD].Pancreas Indicator
	Skin Tissue Indicator	[AODRI.AODRD.AODRE.OATDD].Skin Tissue Indicator

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