

Australian Government Australian Digital Health Agency

#### e-Discharge Summary Structured Document Template

2 December 2011 v3.3 Approved for external use Document ID: NEHTA-0965:2011

Australian Digital Health Agency ABN 84 425 496 912, Level 25, 175 Liverpool Street, Sydney, NSW 2000 Telephone 1300 901 001 or email <u>help@digitalhealth.gov.au</u> www.digitalhealth.gov.au

#### Acknowledgements

The Australian Digital Health Agency is jointly funded by the Australian Government and all state and territory governments.

#### **Regenstrief Institute (LOINC)**

This material contains content from LOINC (<u>http://loinc.org</u>). LOINC is copyright © 1995–2025, Regenstrief Institute, Inc. and the Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes (LOINC) Committee and is available at no cost under the license at <u>http://loinc.org/license</u>. LOINC® is a registered United States trademark of Regenstrief Institute, Inc.

#### **IHTSDO (SNOMED CT)**

This material includes SNOMED Clinical Terms<sup>™</sup> (SNOMED CT<sup>®</sup>) which is used by permission of the International Health Terminology Standards Development Organisation (IHTSDO). All rights reserved. SNOMED CT<sup>®</sup> was originally created by The College of American Pathologists. "SNOMED" and "SNOMED CT" are registered trademarks of the IHTSDO.

#### **HL7 International**

This document includes excerpts of HL7<sup>TM</sup> International standards and other HL7 International material. HL7 International is the publisher and holder of copyright in the excerpts. The publication, reproduction and use of such excerpts is governed by the <u>HL7 IP Policy</u> and the HL7 International License Agreement. HL7 and CDA are trademarks of Health Level Seven International and are registered with the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

#### Disclaimer

The Australian Digital Health Agency ("the Agency") makes the information and other material ("Information") in this document available in good faith but without any representation or warranty as to its accuracy or completeness. The Agency cannot accept any responsibility for the consequences of any use of the Information. As the Information is of a general nature only, it is up to any person using or relying on the Information to ensure that it is accurate, complete and suitable for the circumstances of its use.

#### **Document control**

This document is maintained in electronic form and is uncontrolled in printed form. It is the responsibility of the user to verify that this copy is the latest revision.

#### Copyright © 2025 Australian Digital Health Agency

This document contains information which is protected by copyright. All Rights Reserved. No part of this work may be reproduced or used in any form or by any means – graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or information storage and retrieval systems – without the permission of the Australian Digital Health Agency. All copies of this document must include the copyright and other information contained on this page.

OFFICIAL

### **Document information**

#### Key information

Owner	Director, I	nteroperability Products
Contact for enquiries	Australiar	n Digital Health Agency Help Centre
	Phone	<u>1300 901 001</u>
	Email	help@digitalhealth.gov.au

#### Product or document version history

Product or document version	Date	Release comments
1.0	21 Dec 2006	Initial public release.
2.0	30 Jun 2009	Re-release as "Core" Discharge Summary.
2.1	26 Aug 2009	Revision of section 3; and
		Other minor editing.
3.0	8 Mar 2010	Upgrade to use version 2.0 of the Participation specification;
		Include pathology archetypes; and
		Incorporate IT14-06-06 feedback.
3.1	6 Sep 2010	Upgrade to use version 3.0 of the Participation specification; and
		Incorporate additional IT14-06-06 feedback.
3.2	2 Nov 2010	<ul> <li>DS-365: Incorporate IT14-06-06 feedback from Committee Meeting held on 25 Oct 2010;</li> </ul>
		DS-366: update acknowledgements list;
		<ul> <li>DS-367: rename to Discharge Summary Scope Exclusions and update exclusion statements;</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>DS-368: Include HL7 source link to statements about the use and registration of non-standard code sets in the structured document template;</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>DS-370: add missing hot links for NEHT2010i, NEHT2010q, and MOSB2008a;</li> </ul>
		DS-371: add new known issues;
		<ul> <li>DS-372: add statements that the Pathology and Data type and Participation spe- cifications are non-normative;</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>DS-373: add reference set information for Problem/Diagnosis Description Values and Clinical Intervention Description Values</li> </ul>
3.3	2 Dec 2011	<ul> <li>Incorporate IT14-06-06 feedback from public comments collected between Nov 2010 and Feb 2011.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Include new version of LABORATORY REPORT and IMAGING TEST derived from NEHTA's published DCMs.</li> </ul>
		Further information on these changes is detailed in Appendix D. Log of Changes
3.3	06 June 2025	• The document presentation has been enhanced to align with current branding guidelines, however the content has not been changed.

#### **Related Documents**

Name	Version / Release Date
National Discharge Summary Data Content Specification	Version 1.0, Issued 21 December 2006
Data Types in NEHTA Specifications: A Profile of the ISO 21090 Specification	Version 1.0, Issued September 2010
Data Specifications and Structured Document Templates - Guide for Use	Version 1.1, Issued September 2010
Participation Data Specification	Version 3.2, Issued 20 July 2011
Pathology Test Result Detailed Clinical Model Specification	Issued 01 September 2011, Version 2.0
Imaging Examination Result Detailed Clinical Model Specification	Issued 01 September 2011, Version 2.0

#### Transition of terms

Certain terms used within the context of this document have changed. The table provides a clear comparison of the historical terms used in text and their current equivalents for your reference.

Historical term	Current term
National eHealth Transition Authority (NEHTA)	The Australian Digital Health Agency (ADHA)

This page is intentionally left blank.

## **Table of Contents**

1. Introduction	
1.1. Document Purpose	
1.2. Document Scope	
1.3. Terminology	2
1.4. Discharge Summary Definition	
1.5. Discharge Summary Scope Exclusions	
1.6. Intended Audience	
1.7. Known Issues	
2. Discharge Summary Structured Document	7
2.1. DISCHARGE SUMMARY	7
3. Discharge Summary Context	
3.1. DateTime Attested	15
3.2. DOCUMENT AUTHOR	
3.3. SUBJECT OF CARE	
3.4. FACILITY	21
3.5. Care Setting	
3.6. HEALTH EVENT IDENTIFICATION	24
3.7. Health Event Identifier	
3.8. DateTime Health Event Started	
3.9. DateTime Health Event Ended	
4. Event Section	
4.1. EVENT	
4.2. ENCOUNTER	
4.3. Encounter Period	
4.4. Separation Mode	
4.5. Separation Mode Values	
4.6. Specialty	
4.7. Specialty Values	
4.8. Location of Discharge	
4.9. RESPONSIBLE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL AT TIME OF DISCHARGE	
4.10. OTHER PARTICIPANT	
4.11. PROBLEMS/DIAGNOSES THIS VISIT	
4.12. EXCLUSION STATEMENT - PROBLEMS AND DIAGNOSES	
4.13. Global Statement	
4.14. Global Statement Values	
4.15. PROBLEM/DIAGNOSIS	
4.16. Problem/Diagnosis Type	
4.17. Problem/Diagnosis Description	
4.18. Problem/Diagnosis Reference Set.	
4.19. CLINICAL INTERVENTIONS PERFORMED THIS VISIT	
4.20. CLINICAL INTERVENTION	
4.21. Clinical Intervention Description	
4.23. CLINICAL STINUPSIS	
4.20. FATHOLOGT TEST RESULT	
4.21. Faillougy lesi result Nalle	00
4.20. Diagnostic Service Values	07 60
4.30. TEST SFECIMEN DETAIL	
4.32 Collection Procedure	
	73 74
4 34 SPECIFIC LOCATION	

4.35.	Anatomical Location Name	7	'6
4.36.	Body Structure Foundation Reference Set	7	7
4.37	Side	. 7	'8
4 38	Laterality Reference Set	7	'9
4.39	Anatomical Location Description	 8	ŝ
4 40	Anatomical Location Image	ט א	×1
Δ <u>Δ</u> 1		ט א	22
4 4 2	Weight	ט א	, ≀``
4 43	DIMENSIONS	ט א	34
4 44	Volume	ט א	25
4 45	Object Description	0 8	36
4 46	Image	0	37
4.47	COLLECTION AND HANDLING	8	88
4.48.	Sampling Preconditions	8	39
4.49.	HANDLING AND PROCESSING	9	90
4.50.	Collection DateTime	9	)1
4.51.	Collection Setting	9	)2
4.52.	DateTime Received	9	)3
4.53.	IDENTIFIERS	9	)4
4.54.	Specimen Identifier	9	)5
4.55.	Parent Specimen Identifier	9	)6
4.56.	Container Identifier	9	)7
4.57.	Overall Pathology Test Result Status	9	8
4.58.	Pathology Test Result Status Values	9	9
4.59.	Clinical Information Provided	10	0
4.60.	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT GROUP	10	)1
4.61.	Pathology Test Result Group Name	10	)2
4.62.	INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	10	)3
4.63.	Individual Pathology Test Result Name	10	)5
4.64.	Individual Pathology Test Result Value	10	)6
4.65.	Result Value Values	10	)7
4.66.	Individual Pathology Test Result Value Normal Status	10	8
4.67.	Individual Pathology Test Result Value Normal Status Values	10	)9
4.68.	INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT VALUE REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS	11	0
4.69.	Individual Pathology Test Result Value Reference Range Meaning	11	1
4.70.	Individual Pathology Test Result Value Reference Range	11	2
4.71.	Individual Pathology Test Result Comment	11	3
4.72.	Individual Pathology Test Reference Range Guidance	11	4
4.73.	Individual Pathology Test Result Status	11	5
4.74.	RESULT GROUP SPECIMEN DETAIL	11	6
4.75.	Specimen Tissue Type	11	7
4.76.	Collection Procedure	11	9
4.77.		12	20
4.78.	SPECIFIC LOCATION	12	'1 ``
4.79.	Anatomical Location Name	12	2
4.80.	Body Structure Foundation Reference Set	12	3
4.81.		12	.4 )5
4.82.	Laterality Reference Set.	12	25
4.83.	Anatomical Location Description	12	.'b 
4.04.		12 12	.7 00
4.00.	Moight	עו 10	0.0
4.00.		12 12	.ສ ທ
4.07.		13 12	21
00. 1 20	Object Description	ים 12	22
4 QU	Image	יט 12	رح ح
4 91	COLLECTION AND HANDLING	13	34
4.92	Sampling Preconditions	13	35
			-

4.93. HANDLING AND PROCESSING	136
4.94. Collection DateTime	
4.95 Collection Setting	138
4.06 DataTime Received	120
4.97. IDENTIFIERS	
4.98. Specimen Identifier	141
4.99. Parent Specimen Identifier	142
4.100. Container Identifier	
4 101 Pathological Diagnosis	144
1 102 Pathology Test Conclusion	1/5
4.102. Failing Jesi Conclusion	
4.103. Test Result Representation	
4.104. Test Comment	148
4.105. TEST REQUEST DETAILS	149
4.106. Test Requested Name	
4.107. Laboratory Test Result Identifier	
4 108 Pathology Test Result DateTime	152
	152
4. 109. IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	
4.110. Imaging Examination Result Name	
4.111. Imaging Modality	
4.112. ANATOMICAL LOCATION	158
4.113. SPECIFIC LOCATION	
4 114 Anatomical Location Name	160
1 115 Body Structure Foundation Paferance Set	161
4.116. Side	
4.117. Laterality Reference Set	
4.118. Anatomical Location Description	164
4.119. Anatomical Location Image	
4.120. Imaging Examination Result Status	
4 121 Clinical Information Provided	168
4.122 Findinge	160
4.123. IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT GROUP	170
4.124. Imaging Examination Result Group Name	171
4.125. INDIVIDUAL IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	172
4.126. Individual Imaging Examination Result Name	174
4.127. Imaging Examination Result Value	
4 128 Imaging Examination Result Value Normal Status	177
4.120. Imaging Examination Result Value Normal Status Values	
4.129. Imaging Examination Result Value Normal Status Values	
4.130. IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT VALUE REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS	
4.131. Imaging Examination Result Value Reference Range Meaning	180
4.132. Imaging Examination Result Value Reference Range	
4.133. Result Comment	
	183
4 135 SPECIFIC LOCATION	184
1126 Anatomical Location Name	195
4. 130. Anatomical Euclation Name	
4.137. Body Structure Foundation Reference Set	
4.138. Side	
4.139. Laterality Reference Set	
4.140. Anatomical Location Description	
4.141. Anatomical Location Image	190
4 142 Examination Result Representation	101
	107
4.143. EXAMINATION REQUEST DETAILS	
4.144. Examination Requested Name	
4.145. DICOM Study Identifier	194
4.146. Report Identifier	
4.147. IMAGE DETAILS	
4.148. Image Identifier	198
4 149 DICOM Series Identifier	∩∩?
4 150 Imago Viow Namo	200
4.150. Image view Name	201

	4.151. Subject Position	202
	4.152. Image DateTime	203
	4.153. Image	204
	4.154. Imaging Examination Result DateTime	205
5.	Medications Section	207
	5.1. MEDICATIONS	207
	5.2. CURRENT MEDICATIONS ON DISCHARGE	208
	5.3. EXCLUSION STATEMENT - MEDICATIONS	210
	5.4. Global Statement	211
	5.5. Global Statement Values	212
	5.6. THERAPEUTIC GOOD	213
	5.7. Therapeutic Good Identification	215
	5.8. Therapeutic Good Identification Values	217
	5.9. DOSAGE	218
	5.10. Dose Instruction	219
	5.11. Unit of Use Quantity Dispensed	220
	5.12. Reason for Therapeutic Good	221
	5.13. Additional Comments	222
	5.14. MEDICATION HISTORY	223
	5.15. Item Status	224
	5.16. CHANGE DETAIL	225
	5.17. Changes Made	226
	5.18. Reason for Change	.227
	5.19. Medication Duration	.228
	5.20. CEASED MEDICATIONS	229
	5.21. EXCLUSION STATEMENT - MEDICATIONS	.230
	5.22 Global Statement	231
	5 23 Global Statement Values	232
	5.24 THERAPELITIC GOOD	233
	5.25 Therapeutic Good Identification	235
	5.26 Therapeutic Good Identification Values	237
	5.20. MEDICATION HISTORY	238
	5.28 Item Status	230
		2/0
	5.30 Changes Made	2/1
	5.31 Reason for Change	2/12
6	Health Profile Section	2/12
0.		243
		243
		244
		240
		240
	6.6. Clobal Statement	
	6.7 Clobal Statement Values	200
		251
	6.0. Adverse REACTION	
	6.9. Agent Description	
	0.11. REACTION DETAIL	
		258
	0.13. ALERIS	260
	0.14. ALER I	
	0.15. Alert Description	263
-	0.10. Alert Description	265
1.		267
		267
		268
	7.3. AKKANGED SERVICE	269
	7.4. Arranged Service Description	270

7.5. Service Commencement Window	
7.6. Service Booking Status	273
7.7. Service Booking Status Values	274
7.8. PROTOCOL	275
7.9. SERVICE PROVIDER	
7.10. RECORD OF RECOMMENDATIONS AND INFORMATION PROVIDED	279
7.11. RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDED	
7.12. RECOMMENDATION RECIPIENT	
7.13. Recommendation Note	
7.14. INFORMATION PROVIDED	
7.15. Information Provided to Subject of Care and/or Relevant Parties	
8. UML Diagrams	
Reference List	
A. Known Issues	
B. Specification Guide for Use	
B.1. Overview	
B.2. The Structured Content Metamodel	
Context	
Content	
Section	
Data Group	
Participation	
Choice	
Data Element	
Value Domain	
B.3. Icon Legend	
Metadata Types Legend	
Data Types Legend	
Keywords Legend	
Obligation Legend	
B.4. Information Model Specification Parts Legends	311
Data Hierarchy	311
Chapter Name	
Identification Section Legend	311
Definition Section Legend	
Value Domain Section Legend	
Usage Section Legend	
Relationships Section Legend	
C. Examples	
D. Log of Changes	
Index	

# **1** Introduction

## **1.1 Document Purpose**

This document defines the Structured Document Template (SDT) for electronic discharge summaries in Australia. The SDT organises the data elements and data groups into a logical model for the clinical communication of discharge summaries.

The e-Discharge Summary SDT names the complete set of data elements that may be used interoperably in a valid discharge summary instance, and structures the content in a manner that delivers context and meaning. As such, it provides an information framework within which to achieve semantic interoperability, independent of any messaging format, sending/receiving application or data store.

This document is one component of the solution proposed by NEHTA for electronic discharge summaries. Other components include exchange format mappings, terminology reference sets and web service specifications.

This document draws on the significant work that resulted in the NEHTA National Discharge Summary Data Content Specification [NEHT2006a].

## **1.2 Document Scope**

This specification document describes the logical information model proposed for use in communicating a discharge summary between a healthcare facility and the discharge summary recipients. The SDT defines the allowable set of data items, which may be used to facilitate interoperability, together with their structure, definition, datatype and constraints (including occurrence frequency, value domains and conditions of use).

The contents of this SDT release are restricted to those data items required to support the "Core Discharge Summary" specified in NEHTA e-Discharge Summary - Core Information Components [NEHT2010q]. The Core Discharge Summary defines the minimum set of data items that are recommended for implementation in any system that creates and transfers discharge summary information in Australia. This defines the core data components for exchange that are common to all clinical specialities/domains. It is anticipated that clinical domain specific discharge summaries will need additional data components to satisfy specialty specific requirements.

National extensions to the Core Discharge Summary will be considered to support particular specialty areas (e.g. Aged Care, Oncology, Obstetrics, Cardiology, Community Nursing). These extensions will be added to this SDT to form extended sets of nationally-agreed data items for discharge summary interoperable exchange. As such, the SDT will define the allowable set of data items, which may be used to facilitate interoperability at the national level.

Electronic discharge summary applications **SHALL** implement the core data components. It is anticipated that local extensions may be required to support specific local requirements. While it is possible for such local extensions to be achieved through negotiations and agreements between the information exchange partners, this is not a preferred option. It should be noted that data components used in local extensions should be sourced from standardised data groups and conformance rules that are developed and continue to be developed under the leadership of NEHTA. This approach is necessary to ensure interoperability and safe consumption of the interchanged information.

The specific content to be included in a discharge summary will depend upon the nature of the health problems/diagnoses, diagnostic tests performed, medications prescribed, and interventions performed etc. Some of this information is considered to be critical to include in every discharge summary for every subject of care, and as such is given an Obligation of 'Essential'. For example:

- Subject of Care (Patient);
- · Facility;
- Document Author;
- Encounter;
- Problems/Diagnoses;
- Clinical Synopsis;
- Current Medications on Discharge;
- · Ceased Medications;
- · Adverse Reactions; and
- Recommendations Provided.

Note that e-Discharge Summary - Core Information Components [NEHT2010q] specifies a number of data components required for document management and versioning. These items belong at a different architectural layer to that addressed by this SDT. Please refer to the relevant technical implementation specification, e.g. the CDA Implementation Guide, for information on how to implement these data components.

Other information components may be considered as not relevant to certain types of subject of care, and hence data may not always be collected for these information components during the encounter, and may not be populated in a discharge summary document instance for such subjects of care. These information components include:

- Nominated Primary Healthcare Provider;
- Diagnostic Investigations;
- Clinical Interventions;
- · Alerts;
- Arranged Services; and
- Information Provided to Subject of Care and/or Relevant Parties.

# 1.3 Terminology

While NEHTA's delivery of a national standard clinical terminology is based on the Systematised Nomenclature of Medicine - Clinical Terms<sup>®</sup> (SNOMED CT<sup>® 1</sup>) as the foundational resource, local variations and customisation of terms relevant to the Australian healthcare sector will be incorporated.

NEHTA, through the National Clinical Terminology and Information Service (NCTIS), is defining a national approach to clinical terminology. Consistent and accurate articulation and interpretation of clinical terms is critical to the process of safe information exchange.

SNOMED CT has been recommended by NEHTA and endorsed by the Australian federal, state and territory governments as the preferred clinical terminology for Australia, and is available for e-health software developers to use in their Australian products under International Health Terminology Standards Development Organisation (IHTSDO) licensing arrangements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>SNOMED CT<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of the International Health Terminology Standards Development Organisation.

SNOMED CT Australian Release (SNOMED CT-AU) contains the Australian extension to SNOMED CT - the integrated national release of SNOMED CT for implementation in Australian deployed clinical IT systems.

NEHTA also releases the Australian Medicines Terminology (AMT) as the designated clinical terminology for medicines available in Australia. The AMT will provide a consistent approach to the identification and naming of medicines to support medicines management and related activity across the Australian healthcare domain.

NEHTA supports the use of the Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes (LOINC<sup>® 2</sup>) for use with pathology information where appropriate.

For further information regarding terminology and the development of reference sets please visit <u>http://-</u> <u>www.nehta.gov.au/connecting-australia/terminology-and-information/clinical-terminology</u> and direct your questions to <u>help@digitalhealth.gov.au</u>.

## **1.4 Discharge Summary Definition**

A discharge summary is defined in AS 4700.6 (2007) – Implementation of Health Level 7 (HL7) Version 2.5 – Part 6: Referral, discharge and health record messaging [SA2007a] specification as:

A collection of information about events during care by a provider or organisation.

A *discharge summary* is a document produced during a subject of care's stay in hospital as an admitted or non-admitted patient and issued when or after a subject of care leaves the care of the hospital. Its primary function is to support the continuity of care as the subject of care returns to the care of their community healthcare providers.

The primary recipients of the discharge summary are healthcare providers who were providing care to the subject of care prior to the hospital stay, including:

- the subject of care's nominated primary healthcare provider, e.g. the usual General Practitioner or primary health service such as an Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Service;
- the referring clinician (e.g. private specialist);
- the residential aged care facility where the subject of care usually resides; and
- other health professionals who will be involved in the subject of care's post-discharge care.

Within this primary function the purpose of the NEHTA discharge summary package is to:

- · assist and improve clinician-to-clinician communication; and
- enable system-to-system communication of semantically interoperable data.

The secondary functions of the discharge summary include:

- providing summary information regarding an earlier healthcare encounter on the re-presentation of the subject of care to acute care;
- use by clinical coders when coding relevant information pertinent to the healthcare encounter;
- providing the subject of care with a record of their hospital admission and care; and
- inclusion in an Individual Electronic Health Record (IEHR), which could include a national IEHR or a local repository, for example to support coordinated care.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>LOINC<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of the Regenstrief Institute, Inc.

## **1.5 Discharge Summary Scope Exclusions**

The scope of this Discharge Summary specification excludes discharge summaries that:

- include an attached 'Summary Health Profile', or considers their future implementation;
- are functionally-specific to the transfer of care, as required by a 'Referral' including a "Discharge-Referral";
- are compiled upon the transfer of a subject of care between units within the acute care setting (i.e. Transfer Summary);
- are related to subject's of care being admitted for dialysis, same day radiotherapy and other procedures involving repetitive one day admissions; and
- are concerned with administrative notifications (e.g. admission and discharge notifications).

## **1.6 Intended Audience**

This document is intended to be read and understood by:

- 1. Software development teams:
  - a. To plan, architect or implement:
    - · clinical applications, infrastructure components or messaging interfaces; and
    - · systems that facilitate semantic interoperability.
  - b. To support NEHTA-defined terminology in:
    - · clinical and messaging interfaces;
    - generating value domains for data elements;
    - · creating or receiving electronic information exchanges containing clinical content;
    - writing queries over clinical Electronic Health Record (EHR) data;
    - · implementing data constraint checks; and
    - · designing term mappings.
- 2. IT-aware clinicians who wish to evaluate the clinical suitability of NEHTA specifications.
- 3. Researchers who wish to explore certain aspects of NEHTA specifications.

The documents are technical in nature and expect the audience to be familiar with the language of health data specifications, and health information standards and their implementation.

## **1.7 Known Issues**

There are known issues with this document in the following areas:

- 1. anatomical locations:
- 2. document purpose;

- 3. exclusion data groups;
- 4. health event; and
- 5. problem/diagnosis type.

Further information on these issues is detailed in Appendix A, Known Issues.

This structured document template relies on these specifications:

- 1. NEHTA Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v]; and
- 2. NEHTA Data Types in NEHTA Specifications: A Profile of the ISO 21090 Specification [NEHT2010c].

At the time of authoring, these specifications have not received standards approval, are subject to change, and should not be considered normative.

This page is intentionally left blank.

# 2 Discharge Summary Structured Document

## 2.1 DISCHARGE SUMMARY

## Identification

Name	DISCHARGE SUMMARY
Metadata Type	Structured Document
Identifier	SD-20000
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.100.20000

### Definition

Definition	A collection of information about events during care by a provider or organisation, which is released when the subject of care is discharged from the care of the provider organisation.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Separation Summary

## **Data Hierarchy**

	DISC	CHARGE SUMMARY 1.			
CON	CONTEXT				
	70	Date	eTime Attested	11	
	0	DOO	CUMENT AUTHOR	11	
	0	SUBJECT OF CARE		11	
	0	FACILITY		11	
	001011001	Care	e Setting	01	
	\$	HEALTH EVENT IDENTIFICATION		01	
		46 X X	Health Event Identifier	01	
		7	DateTime Health Event Started	11	
		7.0	DateTime Health Event Ended	01	
	▲	FAC Card HEA Too	SELITY   a Setting   ALTH EVENT IDENTIFICATION   Health Event Identifier   DateTime Health Event Started   DateTime Health Event Ended	1 <sup>-</sup> 0 <sup>-</sup> 0 <sup>-</sup> 1 <sup>-</sup>	

CON	ONTENT								
	<b>%</b>	EVE	NT	1.1					
		~~	ENC	OUNTE	OUNTER				11
			6	Encou	nter	Peric	d		11
			001011001	Separa	atior	n Mod	е		11
			001011001	Specia	alty				1*
			Т	Locatio	on o	f Disc	harge		11
			8	RESP	ONS	SIBLE	HEA	TH PROFESSIONAL AT TIME OF DISCHARGE	11
				OTHE	R P/	ARTI		Т	0*
		~	PRC	DBLEMS	S/DI/	AGNO	DSES	THIS VISIT	11
			å	EXCLU	USIC	ON S	TATE	MENT - PROBLEMS AND DIAGNOSES	01
				001011001	Glob	al Sta	itemer	nt	11
			&	PROB	LEN	1/DIA	GNOS	IS	0*
				001011001	Prob	lem/E	Diagno	sis Type	11
				001011001	Problem/Diagnosis Description 1				
		~~	CLIN		CAL INTERVENTIONS PERFORMED THIS VISIT 0.				
			~	CLINIC	CAL	INTE	RVEN	ITION	1*
				001011001	Clinio	cal In	terven	tion Description	11
		~	CLIN	NICAL S	SYNC	OPSI	5		11
			Т	Clinica	al Sy	nops	is Des	cription	11
		~	DIA	GNOST		VES	TIGA	TIONS	01
			~	PATH	OLO	GY T	ESTI	RESULT	0*
				001011001	Path	ology	Test	Result Name	11
				001011001	Diag	nostic	: Serv	ce	01
				<b>*</b>	res <sup>-</sup>	T SPE		IN DETAIL	0*
				00	01011001	Spec	cimen	Tissue Type	01
				00	01011001	Colle	ection	Procedure	01
				e	~	ANA	томі	CAL LOCATION	0*
						~~	SPE		01
							001011001	Anatomical Location Name	01

					Side	01
					Anatomical Location Description	01
				001011001	Anatomical Location Image	0*
			~~	PHY	SICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT	0*
					Weight	01
				~	DIMENSIONS	01
					Volume	01
				Т	Object Description	01
				001011001	Image	01
			~~	COL	LECTION AND HANDLING	01
				001011001	Sampling Preconditions	01
			~~	HAN	IDLING AND PROCESSING	01
				70	Collection DateTime	01
				Т	Collection Setting	01
				70	DateTime Received	01
			~~	IDE	NTIFIERS	01
				<b>100</b>	Specimen Identifier	01
				46 X A	Parent Specimen Identifier	01
				<b>5</b>	Container Identifier	01
		001011001	Ove	rall Pa	athology Test Result Status	11
		Т	Clini	ical In	formation Provided	01
		~	PAT	HOLC	DGY TEST RESULT GROUP	0*
			001011001	Path	ology Test Result Group Name	11
			~	IND	VIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	1*
				001011001	Individual Pathology Test Result Name	11
					Individual Pathology Test Result Value	01
				001011001	Individual Pathology Test Result Value Normal Status	01
				~~	INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT VALUE REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS	0*

				001011001	Individual Pathology Test Result Value Reference Range Meaning	11
				<b>Ì</b>	Individual Pathology Test Result Value Reference Range	11
			Т	Indivi	dual Pathology Test Result Comment	0*
			Т	Indivi	dual Pathology Test Reference Range Guidance	01
			001011001	Indivi	dual Pathology Test Result Status	11
		~~	RES	ULT G	ROUP SPECIMEN DETAIL	01
			001011001	Speci	men Tissue Type	01
			001011001	Colle	ction Procedure	01
			~	ANAT	OMICAL LOCATION	0*
				~~	SPECIFIC LOCATION	01
					Anatomical Location Name	01
					Side	01
				T	Anatomical Location Description	01
				001011001	Anatomical Location Image	0*
			**	PHYS	SICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT	0*
					Weight	01
				~~	DIMENSIONS	01
					Volume	01
				T	Object Description	01
				001011001	Image	01
			**	COLL	ECTION AND HANDLING	01
				001011001	Sampling Preconditions	01
			~	HAN	DLING AND PROCESSING	01
				7.	Collection DateTime	01
				T	Collection Setting	01
				70	DateTime Received	01
			~	IDEN	TIFIERS	01
				400	Specimen Identifier	01
				46 22	Parent Specimen Identifier	01

					469	Container Identifier	01
		001011001	Path	nologi	cal Di	agnosis	0*
		T	Path	nology	Test	Conclusion	01
		001011001	Test	t Resu	ult Rep	presentation	01
		Т	Test	Com	ment		01
		2	TES	ST RE	QUES	ST DETAILS	0*
			001011001	Test	Requ	lested Name	0*
			46.97	Labo	orator	y Test Result Identifier	01
		70	Path	nology	v Test	Result DateTime	11
	~	IMA	GING	EXAI	MINA	TION RESULT	0*
		001011001	Ima	ging E	xami	nation Result Name	11
		001011001	Ima	ging N	<i>l</i> odali	ty	01
		Ŷ	ANA	TOM	ICAL	LOCATION	0*
			2	SPE	CIFIC	LOCATION	01
				001011001	Ana	tomical Location Name	01
				001011001	Side		01
			Т	Ana	tomic	al Location Description	01
			001011001	Ana	tomic	al Location Image	0*
		001011001	Ima	ging E	xami	nation Result Status	11
			Clin	ical In	forma	tion Provided	01
		Т	Find	lings			01
		~	IMA	GING	EXA	MINATION RESULT GROUP	0*
			001011001	Imag	ging E	xamination Result Group Name	11
			~~	IND	IVIDU	AL IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	1*
				001011001	Indiv	vidual Imaging Examination Result Name	11
					Ima	ging Examination Result Value	01
				001011001	Ima	ging Examination Result Value Normal Status	01
				~~	IMA	GING EXAMINATION RESULT VALUE REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS	0*

						Imaging Examination Result Value Reference Range Meaning	11	
						Imaging Examination Result Value Reference Range	11	
					T	Result Comment	0*	
				~	ANA	TOMICAL LOCATION	01	
					•	SPECIFIC LOCATION	01	
						Anatomical Location Name	01	
						Side	01	
					Т	Anatomical Location Description	01	
					001011001	Anatomical Location Image	0*	
			001011001	Exa	minati	on Result Representation	01	
			~	EXA	MINA	TION REQUEST DETAILS	0*	
				Т	Exa	nination Requested Name	0*	
				49	DIC	DM Study Identifier	01	
				49	Rep	ort Identifier	01	
				~	IMA	GE DETAILS	0*	
					<b>100</b>	Image Identifier	01	
					469	DICOM Series Identifier	01	
					001011001	Image View Name	01	
					Т	Subject Position	01	
					70	Image DateTime	01	
					001011001	Image	01	
			70	Ima	ging E	xamination Result DateTime	11	
~	MED	DICAT	IONS				11	
	~	CUF	RREN	T MEI	DICA	TIONS ON DISCHARGE	11	
		~	EXC	LUSI	ON S	FATEMENT - MEDICATIONS	01	
			001011001	Glob	oal Sta	tement	11	
		~	THE	RAPE	EUTIC GOOD 0*			
			001011001	The	rapeu	ic Good Identification	11	
			~	DOS	SAGE		11	

				T	Dose	e Instruction	11	
			Т	Unit	of Us	e Quantity Dispensed	01	
			Т	Rea	son fo	r Therapeutic Good	01	
				Add	itional	Comments	01	
			Ŷ	MED	DICAT	ION HISTORY	11	
				001011001	Item	Status	11	
				Ŷ	СНА	NGE DETAIL	01	
					001011001	Changes Made	11	
					Т	Reason for Change	01	
					Med	ication Duration	01	
	~	CEA	SED	MEDI	CATIO	DNS	11	
		~	EXC	LUSI	ON S	FATEMENT - MEDICATIONS	01	
			001011001	Glob	oal Sta	tement	11	
		~	THE	RAPI	EUTIC	GOOD	0*	
			001011001	The	rapeut	ic Good Identification	11	
			~	MED	DICAT	ION HISTORY	11	
				001011001	Item	Status	11	
				~	СНА	NGE DETAIL	11	
					001011001	Changes Made	11	
					Τ	Reason for Change	11	
~~	HEA	LTH I	PROF	ILE			11	
	~	HEA	LTHC	LTHCARE PROVIDERS 0				
		8	NON	IOMINATED PRIMARY HEALTHCARE PROVIDER				
	~	ADV	'ERSI	E REA		NS	11	
		~	EXC	LUSI	ON S	TATEMENT - ADVERSE REACTION	01	
			001011001	Glob	oal Sta	tement	11	
		~	AD∖	'ERSI	E REA	CTION	0*	
			001011001	Age	nt Des	cription	11	

			001011001	Adverse Reaction Type	11
			å	REACTION DETAIL	0*
				Reaction Description	11
	le se	ALE	RTS		01
		~	ALE	RT	1*
			001011001	Alert Type	11
			001011001	Alert Description	11
~	PLA	N			11
	r an	ARR	ANG	ED SERVICES	01
		å	ARR	ANGED SERVICE	1*
			001011001	Arranged Service Description	11
				Service Commencement Window	01
			001011001	Service Booking Status	11
			~	PROTOCOL	01
				SERVICE PROVIDER	01
	<b>\$</b>	REC	ORD	OF RECOMMENDATIONS AND INFORMATION PROVIDED	11
		~	REC	OMMENDATIONS PROVIDED	1*
			8	RECOMMENDATION RECIPIENT	11
			Т	Recommendation Note	11
		~	INFO	DRMATION PROVIDED	01
			Т	Information Provided to Subject of Care and/or Relevant Parties	11

# **3 Discharge Summary Context**

## **3.1 DateTime Attested**

## Identification

Name	DateTime Attested
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-20106
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.20106

### Definition

Definition	The date (and time if known) that the document author or document authoriser/approver confirms (usually by signature) that a document is complete and genuine.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Date Sent DateTime Document Sent DateTime Document Transmitted
Context	For use in a healthcare setting.
	The date and time value when the document author determines the document is complete and can be sent by the authoring provider to the document recipients.
	In an electronic environment, the date and time when the document is last saved by the document authoring application.
Context Source	NEHTA
Data Type	DateTime

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	Where possible, exact dates should be used. Incomplete dates should generally only be used for retrospective data collection.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Examples	See: Appendix B: Specification Guide for Use />
Misuse	Entering approximate dates when an exact date is available.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	DISCHARGE SUMMARY	Essential		Single

## **3.2 DOCUMENT AUTHOR**

## Identification

Name	DOCUMENT AUTHOR
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-10296
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.10296

## Definition

Definition	The healthcare provider who is the main author of the document.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Author

### Usage

Conditions of Use	This is a reuse of the PARTICIPATION data group, which is described in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v].
	The following constraints are additional to those specified in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v]. Constraints are explained in Appendix B: <i>Specification Guide for Use</i> .
	Additional obligation and occurrence constraints:
	LOCATION OF PARTICIPATION is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Entity Identifier is ESSENTIAL.
	<ul> <li>Relationship to Subject of Care is <b>PROHIBITED</b>.</li> </ul>
	DEMOGRAPHIC DATA is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	ENTITLEMENT is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Qualifications is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Other additional constraints:
	<ul> <li>Participation Type SHALL have an implementation-specific fixed value equivalent to "Document Author".</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Role SHOULD have a value chosen from 1220.0 - ANZSCO - Australia and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations, First Edition, 2006 - METeOR 350899. However, if a suitable value in this set cannot be found, then any code set that is both registered with HL7 and is publicly available MAY be used.</li> </ul>
	• The value of one Entity Identifier <b>SHALL</b> be an Australian HPLL

- AUSTRALIAN OR INTERNATIONAL ADDRESS **SHALL** be instantiated as an AUSTRALIAN ADDRESS.
- PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE **SHALL** be instantiated as a PERSON.

Conditions of NEHTA Use Source

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	DISCHARGE SUMMARY	Essential		Single

# **3.3 SUBJECT OF CARE**

## Identification

Name	SUBJECT OF CARE
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-10296
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.10296
External	AS 5017-2006
Identifier	

### Definition

Definition	Identifies the person about whom the healthcare event/encounter/clinical interaction has been captured and/or interchanged, that led to the creation of the document. In other words, the subject of the information.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Patient

### Usage

Conditions of Use	This is a reuse of the PARTICIPATION data group, which is described in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v].
	The following constraints are additional to those specified in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v]. Constraints are explained in Appendix B: Specification Guide for Use.
	Additional obligation and occurrence constraints:
	Participation Period is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	LOCATION OF PARTICIPATION is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Entity Identifier is ESSENTIAL.
	ADDRESS is ESSENTIAL.
	<ul> <li>Relationship to Subject of Care is <b>PROHIBITED</b>.</li> </ul>
	EMPLOYMENT DETAIL is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	DEMOGRAPHIC DATA is ESSENTIAL.
	Sex is ESSENTIAL.
	DATE OF BIRTH DETAIL is ESSENTIAL.
	Source of Death Notification is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	<ul> <li>Mothers Original Family Name is PROHIBITED.</li> </ul>

	Qualifications is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Other additional constraints:
	<ul> <li>Participation Type SHALL have an implementation-specific fixed value equivalent to "Subject of Care".</li> </ul>
	Role SHALL have an implementation-specific fixed value equivalent to "Patient".
	The value of Entity Identifier SHALL be an Australian IHI.
	<ul> <li>ADDRESS SHALL have an Address Purpose value of "Residential" or "Temporary Accommodation".</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE SHALL be instantiated as a PERSON.</li> </ul>
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	DISCHARGE SUMMARY	Essential		Single

## **3.4 FACILITY**

## Identification

Name	FACILITY
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-10296
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.10296

## Definition

Definition	Details pertaining to the identification of a Healthcare Organisation/Facility which is involved in or associated with the delivery of the healthcare services to the subject of care, or caring for his/her wellbeing.	
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA	
Synonymous Names	Healthcare Organisation Identification Healthcare Facility Facility Details.	

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	This is a reuse of the PARTICIPATION data group, which is described in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v].
	The following constraints are additional to those specified in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v]. Constraints are explained in Appendix B: Specification Guide for Use.
	Additional obligation and occurrence constraints:
	Participation Period is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	LOCATION OF PARTICIPATION is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Entity Identifier is ESSENTIAL.
	ADDRESS is ESSENTIAL.
	ENTITLEMENT is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Qualifications is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Other additional constraints:
	<ul> <li>Participation Type SHALL have an implementation-specific fixed value equivalent to "Facility".</li> </ul>
	Role SHALL have a value representing the type of Facility e.g. Hospital, Clinic.
	The value of at least one Entity Identifier <b>SHALL</b> be an Australian HPI-O.

	<ul> <li>AUSTRALIAN OR INTERNATIONAL ADDRESS SHALL be instantiated as an AUSTRALIAN ADDRESS.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The value of at least one Electronic Communication Medium SHALL be "Telephone" or "Mobile telephone".</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The value of at least one Electronic Communication Medium SHALL be "Facsimile machine".</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE SHALL be instantiated as a ORGANISATION.</li> </ul>
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	DISCHARGE SUMMARY	Essential		Single

## 3.5 Care Setting

### Identification

Name	Care Setting
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-20111
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.20111

## Definition

Definition	A description of the type of care setting within which healthcare services have been provided to the subject of care.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>1</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

### Usage

Examples1. Accident and Emergency.2. Acute Care.

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	DISCHARGE SUMMARY	Optional		Single

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# **3.6 HEALTH EVENT IDENTIFICATION**

## Identification

Name	HEALTH EVENT IDENTIFICATION
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-10331
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.10331

## Definition

Definition	Identifies or labels a health story or focus against which one or more related healthcare events can be grouped.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Episode
Notes	Conceptually, a health event is a happening or situation e.g. post-Discharge care/rehabilitation, (named) Disease Management program, for which healthcare services (events) are provided to the subject of care to which the health event relates.
	The health event identification:
	<ul> <li>is determined by a healthcare provider/healthcare organisation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>is initiated to manage/track address certain health problem(s)/issue(s)</li> </ul>
	can cover one or more illnesses
	<ul> <li>can involve one or more provider(s)</li> </ul>
	can be ongoing
	A document may be attributed with more than one Health Event Identification; i.e. a healthcare record may be included in more than one 'healthcare story or focus'.
	When the same Health Event Identification is applied to other documents, all of the values (identifier and DateTimes) of the data group are duplicated in those other documents.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	DISCHARGE SUMMARY	Optional		Single

#### Children

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	Health Event Identifier	Optional		Single
	DateTime Health Event Started	Essential		Single
	DateTime Health Event Ended	Optional		Single
# 3.7 Health Event Identifier

## Identification

Name	Health Event Identifier
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-10333
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.10333

### Definition

Definition	The unique label/identifier for a specific health story or focus to which the clinical document is linked or with which it is associated.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Assumptions	The same label/identifier can be recorded in more that one clinical document of the same or different types. Recording the same label/identifier serves to link a series of healthcare events/encounters/clinical interactions to the same health event.
	The Health Event Identifier is intended for system/computer consumption and does not need to be seen/consumed by a human user, e.g. the discharge summary recipient.
	Health Event is used synonymously with Episode and Encounter. A visit to the emergency department is considered an encounter. A second visit to the emergency department, although for the same (unresolved) problem is considered another encounter.
	An admission to the hospital (from admission to discharge) is considered an encounter. A re-admission to the hospital for the unresolved problem(s) from the previous admission should be considered as another encounter. This is especially important for management of subjects of care with chronic illness such as hypertension, chronic respiratory diseases, etc. where multiple emergency department visits, admission or GP visits can occur.
	Information from jurisdiction consultation also indicates that about 5% of admitted subjects of care may experience "administrative discharge", e.g. a surgical patient may be "administratively discharged" to the care of the palliative care team but stays in the hospital, and is likely to stay in the same ward and same bed. Such subjects of care will have two episode IDs assigned for the single admission, but only one discharge summary will be generated for the subject of care, being at the time of physical discharge from the hospital. Jurisdiction advisor recommends that the 2nd episode ID should be used in such cases where the subject of care is assigned two episode IDs during a single encounter.
Assumptions Source	NEHTA
Notes	This is used for local definition and local use cases and is not used by a national IHI Service.
Data Type	UniqueIdentifier

### Usage

Examples

See: Appendix B: Specification Guide for Use

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	HEALTH EVENT IDENTIFICATION	Optional		Single

## **3.8 DateTime Health Event Started**

### Identification

Name	DateTime Health Event Started
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-15507
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.15507

## Definition

Definition	The date and time of the start of the healthcare event/encounter/clinical interaction that the document or document set relates to.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	The meaning of 'DateTime Health Event Started' is defined within each Structured Document Template in terms of needing an anchoring point for the document or document set.
Data Type	DateTime

### Usage

Conditions of Use	Where possible, exact dates should be used. Incomplete dates should generally only be used for retrospective data collection.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Examples	See: Appendix B: Specification Guide for Use
Misuse	Entering approximate dates when an exact date is available.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Ŷ	HEALTH EVENT IDENTIFICATION	Essential		Single

# 3.9 DateTime Health Event Ended

### Identification

Name	DateTime Health Event Ended
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-15510
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.15510

## Definition

Definition	The date and time of the end of the health event that the document or document set relates to.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	The meaning of 'DateTime Health Event Ended' is defined within each Structured Document Template in terms of needing an anchoring point for the document or document set.
Data Type	DateTime

### Usage

Conditions of Use	Where possible, exact dates should be used. Incomplete dates should generally only be used for retrospective data collection.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Examples	See: Appendix B: Specification Guide for Use
Misuse	Entering approximate dates when an exact date is available.

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Ŷ	HEALTH EVENT IDENTIFICATION	Optional		Single

This page is intentionally left blank.

# **4 Event Section**

# 4.1 EVENT

### Identification

Name	EVENT
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-16006
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16006

### Definition

Definition	Details of the subject of care's stay in a healthcare facility which instigated the creation of the discharge summary.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Scope	This includes clinical observations, assessments and interventions.
Scope Source	NEHTA

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	DISCHARGE SUMMARY	Essential		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
2	ENCOUNTER	Essential		Single
	PROBLEMS/DIAGNOSES THIS VISIT	Essential		Single
~	CLINICAL INTERVENTIONS PERFORMED THIS VISIT	Optional		Single
~~	CLINICAL SYNOPSIS	Essential		Single
2	DIAGNOSTIC INVESTIGATIONS	Optional		Single

# **4.2 ENCOUNTER**

## Identification

Name	ENCOUNTER
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16057
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16057

### Definition

Definition	Administrative details of the subject of care's stay in a healthcare facility.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Admission
Scope	This data group includes stays as an admitted subject of care as well as stays managed in an Emergency Department without leading to admission.
Scope Source	NEHTA
Assumptions	A discharge summary will not be generated for subjects of care attending a healthcare facility for day care/services, e.g. haemodialysis.
Assumptions Source	ΝΕΗΤΑ

# Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
2	EVENT	Essential		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	Encounter Period	Essential		Single
001011001	Separation Mode	Essential		Single
001011001	Specialty	Essential		Multiple
Τ	Location of Discharge	Essential		Single
	RESPONSIBLE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL AT TIME OF DISCHARGE	Essential		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
8	OTHER PARTICIPANT	Optional		Multiple

# **4.3 Encounter Period**

## Identification

Name	Encounter Period
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16140
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16140

## Definition

Definition	The date (and optionally time) of the start and end of the encounter that this discharge summary refers to.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	In the case of admitted subjects of care:
	<ul> <li>the start of the encounter period is the date/time of their admission to the healthcare facility;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the end of the encounter period is the date/time of their discharge from the healthcare facility;</li> </ul>
Data Type	TimeInterval

#### Usage

**Examples** See: Appendix B: Specification Guide for Use

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ENCOUNTER	Essential		Single

# 4.4 Separation Mode

## Identification

Name	Separation Mode
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-20121
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.20121

## Definition

Definition	Status at separation of the subject of care and place to which the person is released.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Separation Reason Discharge Reason Discharge To
Notes	Based on METeOR Data Element Concept 270094
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Separation Mode Values

### Usage

Examples	1. Discharge/transfer to (an)other acute hospital
----------	---

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	ENCOUNTER	Essential		Single

# 4.5 Separation Mode Values

### Identification

Name	Separation Mode Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-20121
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.20121
External	METeOR id: 270688
Identifier	

### Definition

DefinitionA code set representing the status and destination of a patient at separation.Definition SourceAIHW National Health Data Dictionary

### **Value Domain**

Source	METeOR: AIHW Mode of Separation <sup>1</sup>
Permissible	1 Discharge/transfer to (an)other acute hospital.
Values	2 Discharge/transfer to a residential aged care service, unless this is the usual place of residence.
	3 Discharge/transfer to (an)other psychiatric hospital.
	4 Discharge/transfer to other health care accommodation (includes mothercraft hospitals).
	5 Statistical discharge - type change.
	6 Left against medical advice/discharge at own risk.
	7 Statistical discharge from leave.
	8 Died.
	9 Other (includes discharge to usual residence, own accommodation/welfare institution (includes prisons, hostels and group homes providing primarily welfare services)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> http://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/index.phtml/itemId/270094

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Separation Mode	Essential		Single

# 4.6 Specialty

### Identification

Name	Specialty
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16028
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16028

## Definition

Definition	The clinical specialty under which the subject of care was treated during the encounter.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	When the subject of care has been managed by multiple clinical specialities during the encounter/event, each specialty should only appear once. The specialties are in reverse chronological order (i.e. the last specialty appears first) so that the subject of care's journey during the healthcare event can be readily discerned.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Specialty Values

### Usage

Examples	1. Specialist urogynaecologist
	2. Specialist paediatric gastroenterologist and hepatologist
	3. Specialist otolaryngologist - head and neck surgeon

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ENCOUNTER	Essential		Multiple

# 4.7 Specialty Values

## Identification

Name	Specialty Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16028
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16028

### Definition

Definition	The set of values for the clinical specialty under which the subject of care was treated during the encounter.
Definition Source	NEHTA

### Value Domain

Source Medical Board of Australia: Medical Specialties and Specialty Fields [MBA2010a]

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Specialty	Essential		Single

# 4.8 Location of Discharge

## Identification

Name	Location of Discharge
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16040
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16040

## Definition

Definition	The physical location <i>from</i> which the subject of care was discharged. In the case of admitted subjects of care, this should be the ward in which they were located at the time of discharge. For non-admitted subjects of care, this may be the department in which the encounter occurred.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	For non-admitted subjects of care the value of this data element would typically be the Emergency Department or equivalent.
Data Type	Text

### Usage

Examples	1. Emergency Department
	2. Cardiac Ward
	3. Oncology Ward

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ENCOUNTER	Essential		Single

# 4.9 RESPONSIBLE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL AT TIME OF DISCHARGE

### Identification

Name	RESPONSIBLE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL AT TIME OF DISCHARGE
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-10296
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.10296

### Definition

The healthcare provider who has the overall responsibility for the care given to the subject of care at the time of discharge.
NEHTA

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	This is a reuse of the PARTICIPATION data group, which is described in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v].
	The following constraints are additional to those specified in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v]. Constraints are explained in Appendix B: <i>Specification Guide for Use</i> .
	Additional obligation and occurrence constraints:
	LOCATION OF PARTICIPATION is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Entity Identifier is ESSENTIAL.
	<ul> <li>Relationship to Subject of Care is <b>PROHIBITED</b>.</li> </ul>
	DEMOGRAPHIC DATA is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	ENTITLEMENT is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Qualifications is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Other additional constraints:
	<ul> <li>Participation Type SHALL have an implementation-specific value equivalent to "Responsible Health Professional at Time of Discharge".</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Role SHOULD have a value chosen from 1220.0 - ANZSCO - Australia and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations, First Edition, 2006 - METeOR 350899. However, if a suitable value in this set cannot be found, then any code set that is both registered with HL7 and is publicly available MAY be used.</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>The value of Entity Identifier SHALL be an Australian HPI-I.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>AUSTRALIAN OR INTERNATIONAL ADDRESS SHALL be instantiated as an AUSTRALIAN ADDRESS.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE SHALL be instantiated as a PERSON.</li> </ul>
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ENCOUNTER	Essential		Single

# **4.10 OTHER PARTICIPANT**

## Identification

Name	OTHER PARTICIPANT
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-10296
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.10296

### Definition

Definition	Other healthcare providers who were involved in the encounter, or individuals associated with the subject of care at the time of the encounter, and the role that they played – e.g. registrar, referred specialist, referring clinician, emergency contact.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	The value of Participation Type will depend upon the nature of the participant's involvement in the healthcare event.

### Usage

Conditions of Use	This is a reuse of the PARTICIPATION data group, which is described in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v].
	The following constraints are additional to those specified in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v]. Constraints are explained in Appendix B: Specification Guide for Use.
	Additional obligation and occurrence constraints:
	LOCATION OF PARTICIPATION is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	<ul> <li>If the OTHER PARTICIPANT has an Australian HPI-I, then Entity Identifier is ESSENTIAL, otherwise it is OPTIONAL.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>If the OTHER PARTICIPANT has an Australian HPI-I, then DEMOGRAPHIC DATA is <b>PROHIBITED</b>, otherwise it is <b>OPTIONAL</b>.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Date of Birth is Calculated From Age is <b>PROHIBITED</b>.</li> </ul>
	DATE OF BIRTH ACCURACY INDICATOR is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	AGE DETAIL is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Birth Plurality is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Birth Order is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	DATE OF DEATH DETAIL is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .

· Source of Death Notification is **PROHIBITED**. • Mothers Original Family Name is **PROHIBITED**. • Country of Birth is **PROHIBITED**. • State/Territory of Birth is **PROHIBITED**. • Indigenous Status is **PROHIBITED**. • ENTITLEMENT is **PROHIBITED**. • Qualifications is **PROHIBITED**. Other additional constraints: Role SHOULD have a value chosen from 1220.0 - ANZSCO - Australia and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations, First Edition, 2006 -METeOR 350899. However, if a suitable value in this set cannot be found, then any code set that is both registered with HL7 and is publicly available MAY be used. PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE SHALL be instantiated as a PERSON. • If the OTHER PARTICIPANT has an Australian HPI-I, then one value of Entity Identifier SHALL be an Australian HPI-I. **Conditions of** NEHTA **Use Source** 

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ENCOUNTER	Optional		Multiple

# 4.11 PROBLEMS/DIAGNOSES THIS VISIT

### Identification

Name	PROBLEMS/DIAGNOSES THIS VISIT
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-16142
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16142

### Definition

Definition	Describes the diagnostic labels or problem statements assigned by the healthcare provider to describe the diagnoses or health/medical problems relevant to the subject of care during the encounter.	
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA	
Synonymous Names	Problems/Diagnoses This Admission Problems/Diagnoses During This Visit Problems/Diagnosis This Encounter	
Scope	Used to describe the subject of care's diagnoses or health/problem problems th were identified and managed during a specific health event/encounter.	
	NOTE: This section label uses a generic term 'This Visit' as the section label is intended for use in discharge summary for either admitted subjects of care or Emergency Department visits (for which the encounter is not considered as admission). For admitted subjects of care this section label can be replaced with a more specific label, e.g. 'PROBLEMS/DIAGNOSES: This Admission'.	
Scope Source	NEHTA	
Notes	Types of problems/diagnoses may include:	
	1. Principal Problem/Diagnosis	
	2. Co-morbidities	
	3. Complications	

### Usage

Conditions of Use	This <b>SHALL</b> include at least one problem/diagnosis whose type is "Principal".
Conditions of	NEHTA
Use Source	

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	EVENT	Essential		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT - PROBLEMS AND DIAGNOSES	Optional		Single
~	PROBLEM/DIAGNOSIS	Optional		Multiple

# 4.12 EXCLUSION STATEMENT - PROBLEMS AND DIAGNOSES

### Identification

Name	EXCLUSION STATEMENT - PROBLEMS AND DIAGNOSES
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16138
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16138

### Definition

Definition	Assertion that no problem or diagnosis information is included in this section of	
	the document.	
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA	

# Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
•	PROBLEMS/DIAGNOSES THIS VISIT	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Global Statement	Essential		Single

# 4.13 Global Statement

## Identification

Name	Global Statement
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16302
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16302

### Definition

Definition	Global statements about the exclusion.
<b>Definition Source</b>	openEHR Foundation
Synonymous Names	
Context	This can be used to capture any information that is needed to be explicitly recorded as being absent or excluded within the record.
Context Source	openEHR Foundation
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Global Statement Values

### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT - PROBLEMS AND DIAGNOSES	Optional		Multiple

## **4.14 Global Statement Values**

### Identification

Name	Global Statement Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16299
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16299

### Definition

Definition	The set of values for the global statements about the exclusion of problems or diagnoses.
<b>Definition Source</b>	openEHR Foundation

### **Value Domain**

Source	NEHTA	
Permissible Values	Not asked	No information about problems/diagnoses is available because the patient was not asked or not able to be asked
	None known	No information about problems/diagnoses is known
	None supplied	No information about problems/diagnoses is supplied

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Global Statement	Essential		Single

# 4.15 PROBLEM/DIAGNOSIS

## Identification

Name	PROBLEM/DIAGNOSIS
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-15530
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.15530

## Definition

Definition	Describes a diagnostic label or problem statement assigned by the healthcare provider to describe the diagnoses or health/medical problems affecting the subject of care.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	An account of relevant identified health related problems as reported by a healthcare provider. This can include a disease, condition, injury, poisoning, sign, symptom, abnormal finding, complaint, or other factor influencing health status as assessed by a healthcare provider.
	This data group should only include problems/diagnoses related to the healthcare encounter that the discharge summary is created for.

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	PROBLEMS/DIAGNOSES THIS VISIT	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Problem/Diagnosis Type	Essential		Single
001011001	Problem/Diagnosis Description	Essential		Single

# 4.16 Problem/Diagnosis Type

## Identification

Name	Problem/Diagnosis Type
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-15547
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.15547

### Definition

Definition	The type used to categorise the problem/diagnosis.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>2</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples	1. Principal
	2. Complication
	3. Co-morbidity

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	PROBLEM/DIAGNOSIS	Essential		Single

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# 4.17 Problem/Diagnosis Description

## Identification

Name	Problem/Diagnosis Description
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-15514
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.15514

## Definition

Definition	An identifying description of the problem/diagnosis.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This item denotes the name of the condition used by the healthcare provider, after assessment, to describe the health problem or diagnosis experienced by the subject of care.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Problem/Diagnosis Reference Set

### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	PROBLEM/DIAGNOSIS	Essential		Single

# 4.18 Problem/Diagnosis Reference Set

## Identification

Label	Problem/Diagnosis Reference Set
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16617
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16617
External	SNOMED CT-AU Concept Id: 32570581000036105
Identifier	

### Definition

Definition	The Problem/Diagnosis reference set provides terminology to support the recording of a patient problem or diagnosis for medical records within Australia.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA

### Value Domain

Source SNOMED CT-AU

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Problem/Diagnosis Description	Essential		Single

# 4.19 CLINICAL INTERVENTIONS PERFORMED THIS VISIT

### Identification

Name	CLINICAL INTERVENTIONS PERFORMED THIS VISIT
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-20109
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.20109

### Definition

Definition	Describes the clinical interventions (including operations, procedures and relevant nursing and allied health interventions) performed on the subject of care during the healthcare encounter.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Procedures Performed This Visit
Scope	Used to describe surgical, medical, nursing and/or allied health interventional procedures performed on the subject of care during a health care encounter, and excludes diagnostic procedures.
	NOTE: This section label uses a generic term 'This Visit' as the section label is intended for use in discharge summary for either admitted subjects of care or Emergency Department Visits (for which the encounter is not considered as admission). For admitted subjects of care this section label can be replaced with a more specific label, e.g. 'PROCEDURES PERFORMED: This Admission'.
Scope Source	NEHTA

### Usage

Misuse Used to describe diagnostic procedures performed during visit/encounter.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	EVENT	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
2	CLINICAL INTERVENTION	Essential		Multiple

# **4.20 CLINICAL INTERVENTION**

## Identification

Name	CLINICAL INTERVENTION
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-15514
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.15514

## Definition

Definition	Describes an intervention carried out by a healthcare provider to improve, maintain or assess the health of a subject of care, in a clinical situation that may require clinical judgement to produce a subjective finding (i.e. an 'action' that may include an 'evaluation').
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Therapeutic Intervention Therapeutic Procedure Treatment Procedure Counselling/Advising
Scope	Describes the clinical interventions or procedures performed on the subject of care by a healthcare provider.
	subject of care, as in the cases of referral or post discharge care.
	These interventions can be invasive or non-invasive in nature, and may include cognitive intervention procedures, but exclude diagnostic procedures.
Scope Source	NEHTA
Notes	Captures detailed information on relevant clinical interventions, as performed by a healthcare provider. Includes information on therapeutic/treatment procedures during the healthcare visit/encounter and can include diagnostic procedures.

### Usage

Misuse	Recording Medications prescribed; or
	Reporting Pathology or Diagnostic Imaging results.

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	CLINICAL INTERVENTIONS PERFORMED THIS VISIT	Essential		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Clinical Intervention Description	Essential		Single

# **4.21 Clinical Intervention Description**

### Identification

Name	Clinical Intervention Description
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-15579
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.15579

### Definition

Definition	Describes the clinical intervention undertaken on or provided to the subject of care.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	A separate description should be included for each Clinical Intervention performed.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Clinical Intervention Description Values

### Usage

Examples	1. Creation of Arterio-venous shunt for haemodialysis	
	2. Peritoneal Dialysis	

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	CLINICAL INTERVENTION	Essential		Single

# **4.22 Clinical Intervention Description Values**

### Identification

Name	Clinical Intervention Description Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-15579
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.15579
External	SNOMED CT-AU Concept Id: 32570141000036105
Identifier	

### Definition

Definition	This is the Procedure foundation reference set from SNOMED CT-AU. It is the broadest possible terminology to support the recording of clinical interventions in Australian e-health implementations.
Definition Source	NEHTA

### Value Domain

Source SNOMED CT-AU Procedure foundation reference set

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Clinical Intervention Description	Essential		Single

# **4.23 CLINICAL SYNOPSIS**

## Identification

Name	CLINICAL SYNOPSIS
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-15513
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.15513

## Definition

Definition	Summary information or comments about the clinical management of the subject of care, and the prognosis of diagnoses/problems identified during the healthcare encounter. It may also include health-related information pertinent to the subject of care, and a clinical interpretation of relevant investigations and observations performed on the subject of care (including pathology and diagnostic imaging).
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Clinical Comment Clinical Note Clinical Summary Clinical Management Summary
Scope	Narrative information is captured or entered here by a healthcare provider from the focus of a healthcare provider, carer, subject of care and/or others unrelated to the subject of care.
Scope Source	NEHTA

### Usage

Conditions of Use	Used by the healthcare provider to describe additional information such as interpretation and the subject of care's understanding of the health care event that are not captured by other structured or unstructured information components pertinent to that health care event.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Misuse	Used in place of other individual data items.
	Used to list discharge medications.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
2	EVENT	Essential		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Τ	Clinical Synopsis Description	Essential		Single
# **4.24 Clinical Synopsis Description**

## Identification

Name	Clinical Synopsis Description
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-15582
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.15582

### Definition

Definition	The clinical synopsis, written in free text.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Clinical Summary Description
Notes	The description may include a summary of the issues/problems, management strategies, outcomes/progress and possible prognosis.
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples	<ol> <li>Admitted for elective bronchoscopy for assessment of left lingular and bibasal pneumonia. No focal endobronchial pathology identified. No evidence of malignancy and no pathogens isolated on bronchial brushings and washings.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>3/52 ago involved in a rear end motor vehicle accident, mid-velocity impact- complaining of neck pain, dizziness, nausea and difficulties concentrating. Disturbed sleep. No spinal cord signs.</li> </ol>

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	CLINICAL SYNOPSIS	Essential		Single

# **4.25 DIAGNOSTIC INVESTIGATIONS**

### Identification

Name	DIAGNOSTIC INVESTIGATIONS
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-20117
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.20117

### Definition

Definition	Describes the diagnostic tests or procedures performed on the subject of care during the healthcare event, that are considered to be relevant to the subject of care's ongoing care.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Pathology/Diagnostic Imaging Results Investigations Performed

## Usage

Misuse	Including diagnostic test results which are NOT considered to be relevant to the
	subject of care's ongoing care.

## Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	EVENT	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Optional		Multiple
~	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Optional		Multiple

# 4.26 PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT

## Identification

Name	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16144
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16144

## Definition

Definition	The result of a laboratory test which may be used to record a single valued test but will often be specialised or templated to represent multiple value or 'panel' tests.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Lab test Pathology Biochemistry Haematology Microbiology Immunology

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	This is a reuse of the PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT data group, which is described in Pathology Test Result Detailed Clinical Model Specification [NEHT2011ae].
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	DIAGNOSTIC INVESTIGATIONS	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Pathology Test Result Name	Essential		Single
001011001	Diagnostic Service	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	TEST SPECIMEN DETAIL	Optional		Multiple
001011001	Overall Pathology Test Result Status	Essential		Single
Τ	Clinical Information Provided	Optional		Single
~	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT GROUP	Optional		Multiple
001011001	Pathological Diagnosis	Optional		Multiple
Τ	Pathology Test Conclusion	Optional		Single
001011001	Test Result Representation	Optional		Single
Τ	Test Comment	Optional		Single
~	TEST REQUEST DETAILS	Optional		Multiple
	Pathology Test Result DateTime	Essential		Single

## 4.27 Pathology Test Result Name

## Identification

Name	Pathology Test Result Name
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-11017
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.1101

### Definition

Identification of the pathology test performed, sometimes including specimen type.
NEHTA
The test name can refer to a single test (e.g. HbA1c) or to a test group such as electrolytes, FBC or coagulation tests.
CodeableText
Not specified.
In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>3</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples

## **Relationships**

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Essential		Single

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# 4.28 Diagnostic Service

## Identification

Name	Diagnostic Service
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16149
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16149

### Definition

Definition	The diagnostic service that performs the examination.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Diagnostic Service Values

#### Usage

Examples	1. Biochemistry.		
	2. Haematology.		

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Optional		Single

# **4.29 Diagnostic Service Values**

## Identification

Name	Diagnostic Service Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16148
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16148
External Identifier	HL7 table 0074 - Diagnostic service section ID

### Definition

Definition	The set of values for the type of high-level diagnostic service, e.g. biochemistry,
	haematology.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA

### Value Domain

Source

# Relationships

HL7

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Diagnostic Service	Essential		Single

# 4.30 TEST SPECIMEN DETAIL

### Identification

Name	TEST SPECIMEN DETAIL
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16156
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16156

#### Definition

Definition	Details about the individual specimen to which these 'Result group' test results refer, where testing of multiple specimens is required.
Definition Source	NEHTA

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	This <b>SHOULD</b> be used where there is a single specimen for the entire pathology test.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

## **Relationships**

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Specimen Tissue Type	Optional		Single
001011001	Collection Procedure	Optional		Single
~	ANATOMICAL LOCATION	Optional		Multiple
~~	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT	Optional		Multiple
~	COLLECTION AND HANDLING	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	HANDLING AND PROCESSING	Optional		Single
~	IDENTIFIERS	Optional		Single

# 4.31 Specimen Tissue Type

## Identification

Name	Specimen Tissue Type
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-11008
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.11008

### Definition

Definition	The type of specimen to be collected.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	The categorisation of the sample taken from an individual and submitted for pathology investigation.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>4</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	This is the actual specimen being submitted to the laboratory for analysis.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Examples	1. Venous blood.
	2. Prostatic biopsy.
	3. Urine.
	4. Sputum.
	5. Scraping.
	6. Catheter tip.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	TEST SPECIMEN DETAIL	Optional		Single

# **4.32 Collection Procedure**

## Identification

Name	Collection Procedure
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16111
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16111

### Definition

Definition	The method of collection to be used.	
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA	
Synonymous Names		
Data Type	CodeableText	
Value Domain	Not specified.	
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>5</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.	
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.	

#### Usage

Examples	1. Venepuncture
	2. Biopsy
	3. Resection

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	TEST SPECIMEN DETAIL	Optional		Single

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# 4.33 ANATOMICAL LOCATION

## Identification

Name	ANATOMICAL LOCATION
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16150
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16150

### Definition

Definition	The anatomical site from where the specimen was taken.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous	
Names	

## Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	TEST SPECIMEN DETAIL	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	SPECIFIC LOCATION	Optional		Single
Τ	Anatomical Location Description	Optional		Single
001011001	Anatomical Location Image	Optional		Multiple

# 4.34 SPECIFIC LOCATION

## Identification

Name	SPECIFIC LOCATION
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16151
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16151

### Definition

Definition	Specific and identified anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous	
Names	

## Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ANATOMICAL LOCATION	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Anatomical Location Name	Optional		Single
001011001	Side	Optional		Single

# **4.35 Anatomical Location Name**

## Identification

Name	Anatomical Location Name
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16153
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16153

## Definition

Definition	The name of an anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Body Structure Foundation Reference Set

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	SPECIFIC LOCATION	Optional		Single

## 4.36 Body Structure Foundation Reference Set

#### Identification

Name	Body Structure Foundation Reference Set
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16152
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16152
External	SNOMED CT-AU Concept Id: 32570061000036105
Identifier	

#### Definition

Definition	The set of values for named anatomical locations.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA

### Value Domain

Source SNOMED CT-AU

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Anatomical Location Name	Essential		Single

# 4.37 Side

## Identification

Name	Side
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16336
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16336

## Definition

Definition	The laterality of an anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Laterality
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Laterality Reference Set

### Usage

Examples	1. Right.
	2. Left.
	3. Bilalteral.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	SPECIFIC LOCATION	Optional		Single

## 4.38 Laterality Reference Set

## Identification

Name	Laterality Reference Set
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16312
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16312
External	SNOMED CT-AU Concept Id: 32570611000036103
Identifier	

#### Definition

Definition	The set of values for identifying laterality of an anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA

### Value Domain

Source SNOMED CT-AU

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Side	Essential		Single

# **4.39 Anatomical Location Description**

## Identification

Name	Anatomical Location Description
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16319
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16319

## Definition

Definition	Description of anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	ANATOMICAL LOCATION	Optional		Single

# 4.40 Anatomical Location Image

### Identification

Name	Anatomical Location Image
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16199
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16199

### Definition

Definition	Image or images used to identify a location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Context	This element is intended to be an image, e.g. photo of the anatomical site such as a wound on the leg.
Context Source	NEHTA
Data Type	EncapsulatedData

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	ANATOMICAL LOCATION	Optional		Multiple

# 4.41 PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT

### Identification

Name	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16166
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16166

## Definition

Definition	Record of physical details such as weight and dimensions, of a body part, device, device, lesion or specimen.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

## Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	TEST SPECIMEN DETAIL	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	Weight	Optional		Single
~	DIMENSIONS	Optional		Single
Τ	Object Description	Optional		Single
001011001	Image	Optional		Single

# 4.42 Weight

## Identification

Name	Weight
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16327
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16327

### Definition

Definition	Weight of the object.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Quantity

### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT	Optional		Single

# 4.43 DIMENSIONS

## Identification

Name	DIMENSIONS
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16328
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16328

### Definition

Definition	The dimensions of the object.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Ŷ	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
1	Volume	Optional		Single

## 4.44 Volume

## Identification

Name	Volume
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16335
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16335

### Definition

Definition	Volume of the object.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Quantity

### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	DIMENSIONS	Optional		Single

# 4.45 Object Description

## Identification

Name	Object Description
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16621
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16621

### Definition

Definition	A general description of the specimen preparation.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Ŷ	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT	Optional		Single

# 4.46 Image

## Identification

Name	Image
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16199
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16199

### Definition

Definition	A picture of the specimen.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	EncapsulatedData

### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT	Optional		Single

# 4.47 COLLECTION AND HANDLING

## Identification

Name	COLLECTION AND HANDLING
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16167
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16167

### Definition

Definition	Collection and handling requirements.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

## Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	TEST SPECIMEN DETAIL	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Sampling Preconditions	Optional		Single

# **4.48 Sampling Preconditions**

## Identification

Name	Sampling Preconditions
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16171
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16171

### Definition

Definition	Any conditions to be met before the sample should be taken.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Can also be used to document any known deviations from collection or handling instructions, e.g. patient was not fasted.
	Examples include fasting, 'full bladder', 'sterile field' or any special instructions on the handling or immediate processing of the sample e.g. centrifuge on receipt.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>6</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	COLLECTION AND HANDLING	Optional		Single

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# 4.49 HANDLING AND PROCESSING

## Identification

Name	HANDLING AND PROCESSING
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16528
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16528

### Definition

Definition	Workflow of specimen processing/handling.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous	
Names	

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	TEST SPECIMEN DETAIL	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
7.	Collection DateTime	Optional		Single
Т	Collection Setting	Optional		Single
<b>1</b>	DateTime Received	Optional		Single

# 4.50 Collection DateTime

## Identification

Name	Collection DateTime
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-11013
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.11013

### Definition

Definition	The date and time that collection has been ordered to take place or has taken place.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Collected Date/Time
Notes	This provides a point in time reference for linking of result data to request data, and a point in time reference within a health record that the clinician may refer to.
Data Type	DateTime

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	HANDLING AND PROCESSING	Optional		Single

# **4.51 Collection Setting**

## Identification

Name	Collection Setting
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16529
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16529

## Definition

Definition	Identification of the setting at which the specimen was collected from a subject of care.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	The specimen is often collected by a healthcare provider, but may be collected directly by the patient or carer at home. This specifies the specimen collection location within the healthcare environment. It enables the laboratory to ask questions about the collection of the specimen, if required. The specimen collection setting may provide additional information relevant to the analysis of the result data.
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Ŷ	HANDLING AND PROCESSING	Optional		Single

## 4.52 DateTime Received

### Identification

Name	DateTime Received
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-11014
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.11014

### Definition

Definition	The date and time that the sample was received at the laboratory.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Received Date/Time
Notes	This provides a point in time reference for linking of result data to request data, and a point in time reference within a health record that the clinician may refer to.
Data Type	DateTime

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	HANDLING AND PROCESSING	Optional		Single

# **4.53 IDENTIFIERS**

## Identification

Name	IDENTIFIERS
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16186
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16186

### Definition

Definition Source NE	EHTA
Synonymous Names	

# Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	TEST SPECIMEN DETAIL	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
46 X A	Specimen Identifier	Optional		Single
46 X A	Parent Specimen Identifier	Optional		Single
	Container Identifier	Optional		Single

# 4.54 Specimen Identifier

## Identification

Name	Specimen Identifier
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-11012
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.11012

### Definition

Definition	Unique identifier of the specimen, normally assigned by the laboratory.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	The assignment of an identification code to a specimen allows the tracking of the specimen through receipt, processing, analysis, reporting and storage within the laboratory.
	This identifier may be placed on several vials of the same specimen type collected at the same time as in the case of blood vials.
Data Type	UniqueIdentifier

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	It is desirable that each specimen has an identifier.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Examples	

## **Relationships**

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	IDENTIFIERS	Optional		Single

# 4.55 Parent Specimen Identifier

## Identification

Name	Parent Specimen Identifier
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16187
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16187

## Definition

Definition	Unique identifier of the parent specimen, where the specimen is split into sub-samples.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	UniqueIdentifier

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	IDENTIFIERS	Optional		Single

## **4.56 Container Identifier**

## Identification

Name	Container Identifier
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16188
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16188

### Definition

Definition	Unique identifier given to the container in which the specimen is transported or processed.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	UniqueIdentifier

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	IDENTIFIERS	Optional		Single
## 4.57 Overall Pathology Test Result Status

### Identification

Name	Overall Pathology Test Result Status
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16155
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16155

### Definition

Definition	The status of the pathology test result as a whole.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Pathology Test Result Status Values

#### Usage

Examples	1. Interim
	2. Final

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Essential		Single

### 4.58 Pathology Test Result Status Values

### Identification

Name	Pathology Test Result Status Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16488
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16488

#### Definition

Definition	The set of values for the pathology test result status.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA

### Value Domain

Source	NEHTA (outsourced from HL7 table 0085 - Observation result status codes interpretation, HL7 table 0123 - Result status and other sources).		
Permissible Values	Registered	No result yet available.	
values	Interim	This is an initial or interim result: data may be missing or verification not been performed.	
	Final	The result is complete and verified by the responsible pathologist.	
	Amended	The result has been modified subsequent to being Final, and is complete and verified by the responsible pathologist.	
	Cancelled/Aborted	The result is unavailable because the test was not started or not completed.	

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Overall Pathology Test Result Status	Essential		Single

### **4.59 Clinical Information Provided**

### Identification

Name	Clinical Information Provided
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16397
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16397

### Definition

Definition	Description of clinical information available at the time of interpretation of results, or a link to the original clinical information provided in the test request.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples

### Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Optional		Single

# 4.60 PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT GROUP

### Identification

Name	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT GROUP
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16469
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16469

#### Definition

Definition	A group of results.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Results may be grouped by specimen, or by some other name or code to describe what binds all the results together.

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Pathology Test Result Group Name	Essential		Single
~	INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Essential		Multiple
~~	RESULT GROUP SPECIMEN DETAIL	Optional		Single

# 4.61 Pathology Test Result Group Name

### Identification

Name	Pathology Test Result Group Name
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16428
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16428

### Definition

Definition	The name of a group of pathology test results.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>7</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples

### Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
2	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT GROUP	Essential		Single

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# 4.62 INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT

#### Identification

Name	INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16489
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16489

#### Definition

Definition	Specific detailed result, including both the value of the result item, and additional information that may be useful for clinical interpretation.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Results include whatever specific data items pathology labs report as part of the clinical service; it is not confined to measurements. The result is identified by <i>Individual Pathology Test Result Name</i> .

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT GROUP	Essential		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Individual Pathology Test Result Name	Essential		Single
	Individual Pathology Test Result Value	Optional		Single
001011001	Individual Pathology Test Result Value Normal Status	Optional		Single
~	INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT VALUE REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS	Optional		Multiple
Τ	Individual Pathology Test Result Comment	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Τ	Individual Pathology Test Reference Range Guidance	Optional		Single
001011001	Individual Pathology Test Result Status	Essential		Single

### 4.63 Individual Pathology Test Result Name

#### Identification

Name	Individual Pathology Test Result Name
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16571
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16571

#### Definition

Definition	The name of an individual pathology test result.	
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA	
Synonymous Names		
Data Type	CodeableText	
Value Domain	Not specified.	
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>8</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.	
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.	

#### Usage

Examples	1. Glucose.
	2. Haemoglobin.
	3. Phenotype.
	4. Titre.
	5. Scatterplot image.

# Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Essential		Single

<sup>8</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

### 4.64 Individual Pathology Test Result Value

### Identification

Name	Individual Pathology Test Result Value
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-11023
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.11023

### Definition

Definition	Actual value of the result.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Most result values will be numerical measurements, but others may be coded concepts, free text, or multimedia images.
Data Type	CodeableText QuantityRange Quantity
Value Domain	Result Value Values

#### Usage

Examples	1. 140.
	2. ++.
	3. Neg.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
2	INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Optional		Single

### 4.65 Result Value Values

### Identification

Label	Result Value Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-11023
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.11023

### Definition

Definition	The set of values for the measured level/magnitude of the test result component.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA

### Value Domain

Source

NEHTA

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	Individual Pathology Test Result Value	Essential		Single

### 4.66 Individual Pathology Test Result Value Normal Status

#### Identification

Name	Individual Pathology Test Result Value Normal Status
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16572
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16572

### Definition

Definition	An interpretation of an observation to indicate whether the result is considered normal or abnormal.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Often included by lab, even if the normal range itself is not included.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Individual Pathology Test Result Value Normal Status Values

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Ŷ	INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Optional		Single

### 4.67 Individual Pathology Test Result Value Normal Status Values

#### Identification

Name	Result Value Normal Status Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16572
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16572

#### Definition

Definition	The set of values to indicate whether an observation result is considered normal
	or abnormal.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA

#### Value Domain

Source HL7 V3: ObservationInterpretationNormality code set

### **Relationships**

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Individual Pathology Test Result Value Normal Status	Essential		Single

# 4.68 INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT VALUE REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS

#### Identification

Name	INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT VALUE REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16325
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16325

#### Definition

Definition	Tagged reference ranges for this value in its particular measurement context.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Defines a range to be associated with any Quantity datum.
	Each such range is particular to the patient and context, e.g. sex, age, and any other factor which affects ranges.

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	May be used to represent normal, therapeutic, dangerous, critical etc. ranges.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

### Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Ŷ	INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Individual Pathology Test Result Value Reference Range Meaning	Essential		Single
<b>Ì</b>	Individual Pathology Test Result Value Reference Range	Essential		Single

### 4.69 Individual Pathology Test Result Value Reference Range Meaning

### Identification

Name	Individual Pathology Test Result Value Reference Range Meaning
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16574
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16574

#### Definition

Definition	Term whose value indicates the meaning of this range.		
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA		
Synonymous Names			
Notes	Default value is "normal".		
Data Type	CodeableText		
Value Domain	Not specified.		
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>9</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.		
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.		

#### Usage

Examples	1. "Normal".
----------	--------------

- 2. "Critical".
- 3. "Therapeutic".

### Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT VALUE REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS	Essential		Single

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

### 4.70 Individual Pathology Test Result Value Reference Range

#### Identification

Name	Individual Pathology Test Result Value Reference Range
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16566
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16566

### Definition

Definition	The data range for the associated meaning.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	QuantityRange

#### Usage

Examples	1. 60-400 U/L (male)
	2. 40-150 U/L (female)

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT VALUE REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS	Essential		Single

### 4.71 Individual Pathology Test Result Comment

#### Identification

Name	Individual Pathology Test Result Comment
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16466
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16466

### Definition

Definition	Comments that may include statements about significant, unexpected or unreliable values, or information about the source of the value where this may be relevant to the interpretation of the result.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples

### Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Optional		Multiple

# 4.72 Individual Pathology Test Reference Range Guidance

### Identification

Name	Individual Pathology Test Reference Range Guidance
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16467
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16467

### Definition

Definition	Additional advice on the applicability of the reference range.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Optional		Single

# 4.73 Individual Pathology Test Result Status

#### Identification

Name	Individual Pathology Test Result Status
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-11029
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.11029

### Definition

Definition	The status of the result value.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Allows a report with more than one result to be issued and for each result to have a different status associated with it.
	The status of a result is included within the report to inform the requester or receiver whether it is final or there is more to expect, or if amendments have been made. This indicates whether the results are able to be acted upon by the clinician.
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Pathology Test Result Status Values

#### Usage

Examples	1. Corrected/Amended
	2. Final
	3. Interim
	4. Preliminary
	5. Supplementary

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Essential		Single

# **4.74 RESULT GROUP SPECIMEN DETAIL**

### Identification

Name	RESULT GROUP SPECIMEN DETAIL
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16156
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16156

### Definition

Definition	Details about the individual specimen to which these 'Result group' test results refer, where testing of multiple specimens is required.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT GROUP	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Specimen Tissue Type	Optional		Single
001011001	Collection Procedure	Optional		Single
~~	ANATOMICAL LOCATION	Optional		Multiple
~~	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT	Optional		Multiple
~~	COLLECTION AND HANDLING	Optional		Single
~~	HANDLING AND PROCESSING	Optional		Single
~~	IDENTIFIERS	Optional		Single

# 4.75 Specimen Tissue Type

### Identification

Name	Specimen Tissue Type
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-11008
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.11008

### Definition

Definition	The type of specimen to be collected.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	The categorisation of the sample taken from an individual and submitted for pathology investigation.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>10</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	This is the actual specimen being submitted to the laboratory for analysis.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Examples	1. Venous blood.
	2. Prostatic biopsy.
	3. Urine.
	4. Sputum.
	5. Scraping.
	6. Catheter tip.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	RESULT GROUP SPECIMEN DETAIL	Optional		Single

### **4.76 Collection Procedure**

### Identification

Name	Collection Procedure
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16111
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16111

#### Definition

Definition	The method of collection to be used.	
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA	
Synonymous Names		
Data Type	CodeableText	
Value Domain	Not specified.	
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>11</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.	
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.	

#### Usage

Examples	1. Venepuncture
	2. Biopsy
	3. Resection

### Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	RESULT GROUP SPECIMEN DETAIL	Optional		Single

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# **4.77 ANATOMICAL LOCATION**

### Identification

Name	ANATOMICAL LOCATION
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16150
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16150

### Definition

Definition	The anatomical site from where the specimen was taken.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous	
Names	

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	RESULT GROUP SPECIMEN DETAIL	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Ŷ	SPECIFIC LOCATION	Optional		Single
Τ	Anatomical Location Description	Optional		Single
001011001	Anatomical Location Image	Optional		Multiple

# 4.78 SPECIFIC LOCATION

### Identification

Name	SPECIFIC LOCATION
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16151
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16151

#### Definition

Definition	Specific and identified anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous	
Names	

### Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ANATOMICAL LOCATION	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Anatomical Location Name	Optional		Single
001011001	Side	Optional		Single

# **4.79 Anatomical Location Name**

### Identification

Name	Anatomical Location Name
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16153
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16153

### Definition

Definition	The name of an anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Body Structure Foundation Reference Set

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	SPECIFIC LOCATION	Optional		Single

### 4.80 Body Structure Foundation Reference Set

#### Identification

Name	Body Structure Foundation Reference Set
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16152
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16152
External	SNOMED CT-AU Concept Id: 32570061000036105
Identifier	

#### Definition

Definition	The set of values for named anatomical locations.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA

#### Value Domain

Source SNOMED CT-AU

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Anatomical Location Name	Essential		Single

# 4.81 Side

### Identification

Name	Side
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16336
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16336

### Definition

Definition	The laterality of an anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Laterality
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Laterality Reference Set

#### Usage

Examples	1. Right.
	2. Left.
	3. Bilalteral.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	SPECIFIC LOCATION	Optional		Single

### **4.82 Laterality Reference Set**

### Identification

Name	Laterality Reference Set
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16312
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16312
External	SNOMED CT-AU Concept Id: 32570611000036103
Identifier	

#### Definition

Definition	The set of values for identifying laterality of an anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA

#### Value Domain

Source SNOMED CT-AU

### Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Side	Essential		Single

# **4.83 Anatomical Location Description**

### Identification

Name	Anatomical Location Description
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16319
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16319

### Definition

Definition	Description of anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples

### Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	ANATOMICAL LOCATION	Optional		Single

### 4.84 Anatomical Location Image

### Identification

Name	Anatomical Location Image
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16199
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16199

### Definition

Definition	Image or images used to identify a location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Context	This element is intended to be an image, e.g. photo of the anatomical site such as a wound on the leg.
Context Source	NEHTA
Data Type	EncapsulatedData

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	ANATOMICAL LOCATION	Optional		Multiple

# 4.85 PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT

#### Identification

Name	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16166
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16166

### Definition

Definition	Record of physical details such as weight and dimensions, of a body part, device, device, lesion or specimen.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

### Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	RESULT GROUP SPECIMEN DETAIL	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	Weight	Optional		Single
~~	DIMENSIONS	Optional		Single
Τ	Object Description	Optional		Single
001011001	Image	Optional		Single

# 4.86 Weight

### Identification

Name	Weight
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16327
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16327

### Definition

Definition	Weight of the object.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Quantity

#### Usage

Examples

### Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT	Optional		Single

# 4.87 DIMENSIONS

### Identification

Name	DIMENSIONS
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16328
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16328

### Definition

Definition	The dimensions of the object.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Ŷ	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
1	Volume	Optional		Single

### 4.88 Volume

### Identification

Name	Volume
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16335
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16335

### Definition

Definition	Volume of the object.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Quantity

#### Usage

Examples

### Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	DIMENSIONS	Optional		Single

# 4.89 Object Description

### Identification

Name	Object Description
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16621
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16621

### Definition

Definition	A general description of the specimen preparation.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples

### Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT	Optional		Single

# 4.90 Image

### Identification

Name	Image
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16199
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16199

### Definition

Definition	A picture of the specimen.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	EncapsulatedData

### Usage

Examples

### Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT	Optional		Single
## 4.91 COLLECTION AND HANDLING

### Identification

Name	COLLECTION AND HANDLING
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16167
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16167

#### Definition

Definition	Collection and handling requirements.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

## **Relationships**

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	RESULT GROUP SPECIMEN DETAIL	Optional		Single

#### Children

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Sampling Preconditions	Optional		Single

## **4.92 Sampling Preconditions**

### Identification

Name	Sampling Preconditions
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16171
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16171

#### Definition

Definition	Any conditions to be met before the sample should be taken.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Can also be used to document any known deviations from collection or handling instructions, e.g. patient was not fasted.
	Examples include fasting, 'full bladder', 'sterile field' or any special instructions on the handling or immediate processing of the sample e.g. centrifuge on receipt.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>12</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	COLLECTION AND HANDLING	Optional		Single

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

## 4.93 HANDLING AND PROCESSING

### Identification

Name	HANDLING AND PROCESSING
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16528
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16528

#### Definition

Definition	Workflow of specimen processing/handling.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

## Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Ŷ	RESULT GROUP SPECIMEN DETAIL	Optional		Single

#### Children

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
7.	Collection DateTime	Optional		Single
Т	Collection Setting	Optional		Single
<b>1</b>	DateTime Received	Optional		Single

## 4.94 Collection DateTime

### Identification

Name	Collection DateTime
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-11013
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.11013

#### Definition

Definition	The date and time that collection has been ordered to take place or has taken place.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Collected Date/Time
Notes	This provides a point in time reference for linking of result data to request data, and a point in time reference within a health record that the clinician may refer to.
Data Type	DateTime

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	HANDLING AND PROCESSING	Optional		Single

## **4.95 Collection Setting**

### Identification

Name	Collection Setting
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16529
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16529

### Definition

Definition	Identification of the setting at which the specimen was collected from a subject of care.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	The specimen is often collected by a healthcare provider, but may be collected directly by the patient or carer at home. This specifies the specimen collection location within the healthcare environment. It enables the laboratory to ask questions about the collection of the specimen, if required. The specimen collection setting may provide additional information relevant to the analysis of the result data.
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Ŷ	HANDLING AND PROCESSING	Optional		Single

## 4.96 DateTime Received

#### Identification

Name	DateTime Received
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-11014
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.11014

#### Definition

Definition	The date and time that the sample was received at the laboratory.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Received Date/Time
Notes	This provides a point in time reference for linking of result data to request data, and a point in time reference within a health record that the clinician may refer to.
Data Type	DateTime

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	HANDLING AND PROCESSING	Optional		Single

## **4.97 IDENTIFIERS**

### Identification

Name	IDENTIFIERS
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16186
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16186

#### Definition

Definition	Sample identifications.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

## Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	RESULT GROUP SPECIMEN DETAIL	Optional		Single

Children

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
46.00	Specimen Identifier	Optional		Single
46 99 A	Parent Specimen Identifier	Optional		Single
	Container Identifier	Optional		Single

## 4.98 Specimen Identifier

### Identification

Name	Specimen Identifier
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-11012
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.11012

#### Definition

Definition	Unique identifier of the specimen, normally assigned by the laboratory.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	The assignment of an identification code to a specimen allows the tracking of the specimen through receipt, processing, analysis, reporting and storage within the laboratory.
	This identifier may be placed on several vials of the same specimen type collected at the same time as in the case of blood vials.
Data Type	UniqueIdentifier

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	It is desirable that each specimen has an identifier.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Examples	

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	IDENTIFIERS	Optional		Single

## 4.99 Parent Specimen Identifier

### Identification

Name	Parent Specimen Identifier
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16187
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16187

### Definition

Definition	Unique identifier of the parent specimen, where the specimen is split into sub-samples.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	UniqueIdentifier

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	IDENTIFIERS	Optional		Single

## 4.100 Container Identifier

### Identification

Name	Container Identifier
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16188
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16188

#### Definition

Definition	Unique identifier given to the container in which the specimen is transported or processed.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	UniqueIdentifier

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	IDENTIFIERS	Optional		Single

## 4.101 Pathological Diagnosis

### Identification

Name	Pathological Diagnosis
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16402
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16402

### Definition

Definition	Single word, phrase or brief description representing the diagnostic statement as asserted by the reporting pathologist.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>13</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Optional		Multiple

<sup>13</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

## 4.102 Pathology Test Conclusion

### Identification

Name	Pathology Test Conclusion
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16403
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16403

#### Definition

Definition	Concise and clinically contextualised narrative interpretation of the pathology test results.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Optional		Single

## 4.103 Test Result Representation

### Identification

Name	Test Result Representation
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16159
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16159

### Definition

Definition	Rich text representation of the entire result as issued by the diagnostic service.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	The report is a verbatim copy of the report as issued. The results reported may also, or instead, be supplied in a machine-readable structured form. As some structured pathology information is unable to be stored and displayed correctly by receiving systems at this time, some structured pathology information (such as microbiology results) are sent in the same way as free text or images. Resistance to structured formatting has been expressed in some quarters. These concerns may be due to the perceived difficulty in ensuring the results are maintained in their entirety as intended by the reporting provider. The nature and intent of Detailed Clinical Models to constrain information and provide context may help to alleviate this problem. In the meantime the NEHTA pathology data group has chosen to represent the non numerical pathology results as a single test result report data element. This is similar to the approach taken by NEHTA Pathology Result Report Structured Document Template [NEHT2009s], which is HL7 based.
Data Type	EncapsulatedData

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	Used for results unable to be sent and or received as structured information.
	Multiple formats are allowed but they SHALL be semantically equivalent.
Conditions of	NEHTA
Use Source	
Examples	

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Optional		Single

## 4.104 Test Comment

### Identification

Name	Test Comment
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16468
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16468

#### Definition

Definition Source NEHTA	
Synonymous Names	
Data Type Text	

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Optional		Single

## **4.105 TEST REQUEST DETAILS**

### Identification

Name	TEST REQUEST DETAILS
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16160
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16160

#### Definition

Definition	Details concerning a single pathology test requested.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Usually there is one test request for each result, however, in some circumstances multiple test requests may be represented using a single Pathology test result.

## Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Optional		Multiple

#### Children

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Test Requested Name	Optional		Multiple
	Laboratory Test Result Identifier	Optional		Single

## 4.106 Test Requested Name

### Identification

Name	Test Requested Name
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16404
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16404

### Definition

Identification of pathology test requested, where the test requested differs from the test actually performed.
NEHTA
CodeableText
Not specified.
In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>14</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	TEST REQUEST DETAILS	Optional		Multiple

<sup>14</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

## 4.107 Laboratory Test Result Identifier

### Identification

Name	Laboratory Test Result Identifier
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-11018
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.11018

#### Definition

Definition	The identifier given to the laboratory test result of a pathology investigation.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Lab Number
Notes	The assignment of an identification code to a result allows the linking of a result to a request within the laboratory.
Data Type	UniqueIdentifier

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	TEST REQUEST DETAILS	Optional		Single

## 4.108 Pathology Test Result DateTime

### Identification

Name	Pathology Test Result DateTime
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16605
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16605

#### Definition

Definition	The date and, optionally, time of the Pathology Test Result observation.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	If the <i>Pathology Test Result Duration</i> is non-zero, it is the time at which the Pathology Test Result observation was completed, i.e. the date (and time) of the trailing edge of the <i>Pathology Test Result Duration</i> .
Data Type	DateTime

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT	Essential		Single

## **4.109 IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT**

### Identification

Name	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16145
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16145

#### Definition

Definition	The result of an imaging examination which may be used to record a single valued test but will often be specialised or templated to represent multiple value or 'panel' tests.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	CAT CT Computed Tomography Imaging Magnetic Resonance Imaging MRI Nuclear Medicine Imaging Radiology Scan Ultrasound Xray X-ray
Scope	This data group also acts as the parent for specialisations appropriate for more specific imaging laboratory tests, e.g. radiology, magnetic resonance imaging, ultrasound.
Scope Source	NEHTA

#### Usage

Conditions of	This is a reuse of the IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT data group, which is
Use	described in Imaging Examination Result Detailed Clinical Model Specification
	[NEHT2011y].
Conditions of	NEHTA
Use Source	

## Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	DIAGNOSTIC INVESTIGATIONS	Optional		Multiple

#### Children

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Imaging Examination Result Name	Essential		Single
001011001	Imaging Modality	Optional		Single
~	ANATOMICAL LOCATION	Optional		Multiple
001011001	Imaging Examination Result Status	Essential		Single
Τ	Clinical Information Provided	Optional		Single
Τ	Findings	Optional		Single
~	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT GROUP	Optional		Multiple
001011001	Examination Result Representation	Optional		Single
~	EXAMINATION REQUEST DETAILS	Optional		Multiple
7.	Imaging Examination Result DateTime	Essential		Single

## 4.110 Imaging Examination Result Name

### Identification

Name	Imaging Examination Result Name
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16498
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16498

#### Definition

Definition	Identification of the imaging examination or procedure performed, typically including modality and anatomical location (including laterality).
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>15</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Essential		Single

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

## 4.111 Imaging Modality

### Identification

Name	Imaging Modality
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16500
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16500

#### Definition

Definition	The imaging method used to perform the examination.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Context	For identification/description of the diagnostic imaging modalities that are:
	Available for request; or
	Used in reporting.
Context Source	NEHTA
Notes	The imaging method, including the electro-magnetic energy type, applied to produce diagnostic quality images of body structures or internal organs performed during a diagnostic imaging procedure.
	If the modality is specified by a code in the Examination result name, then this field is not required.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>16</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples	1. X-ray.
	2. CT scan.
	3. MRI.
	4. PET scan.

<sup>16</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Optional		Single

## 4.112 ANATOMICAL LOCATION

### Identification

Name	ANATOMICAL LOCATION
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16150
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16150

#### Definition

Definition	Details about the individual anatomical location to which these 'Result group' examination results refer, where finer-grained representation of Anatomical location is required.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

## Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Optional		Multiple

#### Children

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	SPECIFIC LOCATION	Optional		Single
Τ	Anatomical Location Description	Optional		Single
001011001	Anatomical Location Image	Optional		Multiple

## 4.113 SPECIFIC LOCATION

#### Identification

Name	SPECIFIC LOCATION
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16151
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16151

#### Definition

Definition	Specific and identified anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous	
Names	

## Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ANATOMICAL LOCATION	Optional		Single

Children

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Anatomical Location Name	Optional		Single
001011001	Side	Optional		Single

## **4.114 Anatomical Location Name**

### Identification

Name	Anatomical Location Name	
Metadata Type	Data Element	
Identifier	DE-16153	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16153	

### Definition

Definition	The name of an anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Body Structure Foundation Reference Set

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	SPECIFIC LOCATION	Optional		Single

# 4.115 Body Structure Foundation Reference Set

#### Identification

Name	Body Structure Foundation Reference Set
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16152
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16152
External	SNOMED CT-AU Concept Id: 32570061000036105
Identifier	

#### Definition

Definition	The set of values for named anatomical locations.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA

#### Value Domain

Source SNOMED CT-AU

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Anatomical Location Name	Essential		Single

## 4.116 Side

#### Identification

Name	Side
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16336
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16336

#### Definition

Definition	The laterality of an anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Laterality
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Laterality Reference Set

#### Usage

Examples	1. Right.
	2. Left.
	3. Bilalteral.

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	SPECIFIC LOCATION	Optional		Single

## 4.117 Laterality Reference Set

### Identification

Name	Laterality Reference Set
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16312
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16312
External	SNOMED CT-AU Concept Id: 32570611000036103
Identifier	

#### Definition

Definition	The set of values for identifying laterality of an anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA

#### Value Domain

Source SNOMED CT-AU

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Side	Essential		Single

## **4.118 Anatomical Location Description**

### Identification

Name	Anatomical Location Description
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16319
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16319

### Definition

Definition	Description of anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	ANATOMICAL LOCATION	Optional		Single

## 4.119 Anatomical Location Image

#### Identification

Name	Anatomical Location Image
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16199
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16199

#### Definition

Definition	Image or images used to identify a location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Context	This element is intended to be an image, e.g. photo of the anatomical site such as a wound on the leg.
Context Source	NEHTA
Data Type	EncapsulatedData

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	ANATOMICAL LOCATION	Optional		Multiple

## 4.120 Imaging Examination Result Status

### Identification

Name	Imaging Examination Result Status
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16502
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16502

### Definition

Definition	The status of the examination result as a whole.	
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA	
Synonymous Names		
Data Type	CodedText	
Value Domain	Not specified.	
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>17</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.	
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.	

#### Usage

Examples	1. "Registered". No result yet available.
	2. "Interim". This is an initial or interim result: data may be missing or verification not been performed.
	3. "Final". The result is complete and verified by the responsible radiologist.
	<ol> <li>"Amended". The result has been modified subsequent to being Final, and is complete and verified by the radiologist.</li> </ol>
	5. "Cancelled / Aborted". The result is not available because the examination was not started or completed.

<sup>17</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Essential		Single

## **4.121 Clinical Information Provided**

#### Identification

Name	Clinical Information Provided
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16397
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16397

### Definition

Definition	Description of clinical information available at the time of interpretation of results, or a link to the original clinical information provided in the examination request.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Optional		Single

## 4.122 Findings

### Identification

Name	Findings
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16503
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16503

#### Definition

Definition	Narrative description of findings, including comparative findings.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Optional		Single
# 4.123 IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT GROUP

## Identification

Name	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT GROUP
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16504
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16504

## Definition

Definition	A group of structured results.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Results may be grouped by anatomical location or by some other name or code to describe what binds all the results together.

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Imaging Examination Result Group Name	Essential		Single
~~	INDIVIDUAL IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Essential		Multiple
~~	ANATOMICAL LOCATION	Optional		Single

# 4.124 Imaging Examination Result Group Name

## Identification

Name	Imaging Examination Result Group Name
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16504
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16504

### Definition

Definition	The name of a group of structured results.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>18</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Ŷ	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT GROUP	Essential		Single

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# 4.125 INDIVIDUAL IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT

## Identification

Name	INDIVIDUAL IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16505
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16505

#### Definition

Definition	Specific detailed result, including both the value of the result item and additional information that may be useful for clinical interpretation.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Results include whatever specific data items imaging services report as part of the clinical service; it may include measurements. These are often referred to as 'Structured Findings'.

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT GROUP	Essential		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Individual Imaging Examination Result Name	Essential		Single
	Imaging Examination Result Value	Optional		Single
001011001	Imaging Examination Result Value Normal Status	Optional		Single
~	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT VALUE REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Τ	Result Comment	Optional		Multiple

# 4.126 Individual Imaging Examination Result Name

## Identification

Name	Individual Imaging Examination Result Name
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16568
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16568

## Definition

Definition	The name of a specific detailed result.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u>HL7 code set registration</u> <u>procedure<sup>19</sup></u> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples 1. Cardiac ejection fraction.

2. Bone density.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
ð	INDIVIDUAL IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Essential		Single

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# 4.127 Imaging Examination Result Value

## Identification

Name	Imaging Examination Result Value
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-11023
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.11023

### Definition

Definition	Actual value of the result.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Most result values will be numerical measurements, but others may be coded concepts or free text.
Data Type	CodeableText QuantityRange Quantity
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u><i>procedure</i><sup>20</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.</u>
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples	1. 140.
	2. ++.
	3. Neg.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	INDIVIDUAL IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Optional		Single

# 4.128 Imaging Examination Result Value Normal Status

#### Identification

Name	Imaging Examination Result Value Normal Status
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16572
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16572

#### Definition

Definition	An interpretation of an observation to indicate whether the result is considered normal or abnormal.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Often included by lab, even if the normal range itself is not included.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Imaging Examination Result Value Normal Status Values

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	INDIVIDUAL IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Optional		Single

# 4.129 Imaging Examination Result Value Normal Status Values

#### Identification

Name	Result Value Normal Status Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16572
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16572

#### Definition

Definition	The set of values to indicate whether an observation result is considered normal		
	or abnormal.		
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA		

## Value Domain

Source HL7 V3: ObservationInterpretationNormality code set

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	Imaging Examination Result Value Normal Status	Essential		Single

# 4.130 IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT VALUE REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS

#### Identification

Name	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT VALUE REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16325
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16325

#### Definition

Definition	Tagged reference ranges for this value in its particular measurement context.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Defines a range to be associated with any Quantity datum.
	Each such range is particular to the patient and context, e.g. sex, age, and any other factor which affects ranges.

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	May be used to represent normal, therapeutic, dangerous, critical etc. ranges.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	INDIVIDUAL IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Imaging Examination Result Value Reference Range Meaning	Essential		Single
<b>Ì</b>	Imaging Examination Result Value Reference Range	Essential		Single

# 4.131 Imaging Examination Result Value Reference Range Meaning

#### Identification

Name	Imaging Examination Result Value Reference Range Meaning
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16574
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16574

#### Definition

Definition	Term whose value indicates the meaning of this range.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Default value is "normal".
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>21</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples 1. "Normal".

- 2. "Critical".
- 3. "Therapeutic".

# Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
2	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT VALUE REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS	Essential		Single

<sup>21</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# 4.132 Imaging Examination Result Value Reference Range

#### Identification

Name	Imaging Examination Result Value Reference Range
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16566
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16566

#### Definition

Definition	The data range for the associated meaning.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	QuantityRange

#### Usage

Examples

#### 1. Critical.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT VALUE REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS	Essential		Single

# 4.133 Result Comment

## Identification

Name	Result Comment
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16466
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16466

## Definition

Definition	May include statements about significant, unexpected or unreliable values, or information about the source of the value where this may be relevant to the interpretation of the result.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
2	INDIVIDUAL IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Optional		Multiple

# **4.134 ANATOMICAL LOCATION**

#### Identification

Name	ANATOMICAL LOCATION
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16150
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16150

## Definition

Definition	Details about the individual anatomical location to which these 'Result group' examination results refer, where finer-grained representation of Anatomical location is required.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

## **Relationships**

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT GROUP	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Ŷ	SPECIFIC LOCATION	Optional		Single
Τ	Anatomical Location Description	Optional		Single
001011001	Anatomical Location Image	Optional		Multiple

# 4.135 SPECIFIC LOCATION

## Identification

Name	SPECIFIC LOCATION
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16151
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16151

## Definition

Definition	Specific and identified anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous	
Names	

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ANATOMICAL LOCATION	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Anatomical Location Name	Optional		Single
001011001	Side	Optional		Single

# **4.136 Anatomical Location Name**

## Identification

Name	Anatomical Location Name
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16153
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16153

### Definition

Definition	The name of an anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Body Structure Foundation Reference Set

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	SPECIFIC LOCATION	Optional		Single

# 4.137 Body Structure Foundation Reference Set

## Identification

Name	Body Structure Foundation Reference Set
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16152
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16152
External	SNOMED CT-AU Concept Id: 32570061000036105
Identifier	

## Definition

Definition	The set of values for named anatomical locations.
Definition Source	NEHTA

## Value Domain

Source SNOMED CT-AU

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Anatomical Location Name	Essential		Single

# 4.138 Side

## Identification

Name	Side
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16336
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16336

## Definition

Definition	The laterality of an anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Laterality
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Laterality Reference Set

#### Usage

Examples	1. Right.
	2. Left.
	3. Bilalteral.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	SPECIFIC LOCATION	Optional		Single

# 4.139 Laterality Reference Set

## Identification

Name	Laterality Reference Set
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16312
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16312
External	SNOMED CT-AU Concept Id: 32570611000036103
Identifier	

#### Definition

Definition	The set of values for identifying laterality of an anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA

## Value Domain

Source SNOMED CT-AU

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Side	Essential		Single

# **4.140** Anatomical Location Description

## Identification

Name	Anatomical Location Description
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16319
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16319

#### Definition

Definition	Description of anatomical location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ANATOMICAL LOCATION	Optional		Multiple

# 4.141 Anatomical Location Image

## Identification

Name	Anatomical Location Image
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16199
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16199

## Definition

Definition	Image or images used to identify a location.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Context	This element is intended to be an image, e.g. photo of the anatomical site such as a wound on the leg.
Context Source	NEHTA
Data Type	EncapsulatedData

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ANATOMICAL LOCATION	Optional		Multiple

# 4.142 Examination Result Representation

## Identification

Name	Examination Result Representation
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16509
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16509

### Definition

Definition	Rich text representation of the entire result as issued by the diagnostic service.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	EncapsulatedData

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	Multiple formats are allowed but they <b>SHALL</b> be semantically equivalent.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Examples	

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Ŷ	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Optional		Single

# 4.143 EXAMINATION REQUEST DETAILS

## Identification

Name	EXAMINATION REQUEST DETAILS
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16511
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16511

## Definition

Definition	Details concerning a single examination requested.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Usually there is one examination request for each result, however in some circumstances multiple examination requests may be represented using a single Imaging examination result.

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Τ	Examination Requested Name	Optional		Multiple
4672	DICOM Study Identifier	Optional		Single
46 X	Report Identifier	Optional		Single
~~	IMAGE DETAILS	Optional		Multiple

# 4.144 Examination Requested Name

## Identification

Name	Examination Requested Name
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16512
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16512

#### Definition

Definition	Identification of imaging examination or procedure requested, where the examination requested differs from the examination actually performed.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	EXAMINATION REQUEST DETAILS	Optional		Multiple

# 4.145 DICOM Study Identifier

## Identification

Name	DICOM Study Identifier
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16513
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16513

## Definition

Definition	Unique identifier of this study allocated by the imaging service.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	UniqueIdentifier

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	EXAMINATION REQUEST DETAILS	Optional		Single

# 4.146 Report Identifier

## Identification

Name	Report Identifier
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16514
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16514

#### Definition

Definition	The local identifier given to the imaging examination report.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Diagnostic imaging report identifier.
Context	Unique identification of a diagnostic imaging procedure/study report.
	Unique system identifier that uniquely identifies a procedure or study report being created.
	It is recommended that the Report Instance Identifier value should be globally unique.
	The global uniqueness of the value of this Identifier may be achieved by:
	System ID (instance ID generated by System) + state identifier + organisation identifier
	If unique national healthcare provider organisation identifiers (e.g. HPI-O) are available, uniqueness of the value of this Identifier may be achieved by:
	System ID (instance ID generated by System) + HPI-O + Report Identifier
	For a single study, the "Study Identifier", "Report Identifier" and "Report Version Number" values provide the version tracking facility for related reports that belong to a specific study set.
Context Source	NEHTA
Assumptions	The value of "Report Identifier" is intended for machine/computer consumption. It does not need to be used/consumed by the human user, e.g. reporting provider or the recipient of a test report.
Assumptions Source	NEHTA
Data Type	UniqueIdentifier

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	EXAMINATION REQUEST DETAILS	Optional		Single

# 4.147 IMAGE DETAILS

## Identification

Name	IMAGE DETAILS
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16515
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16515

## Definition

Definition	Images referred to, or provided, to assist clinical understanding of the examination.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	If attached image is in DICOM format, all the fields below should be populated so the values are available to software that does not process DICOM images.

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	EXAMINATION REQUEST DETAILS	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	Image Identifier	Optional		Single
46 %	DICOM Series Identifier	Optional		Single
001011001	Image View Name	Optional		Single
Τ	Subject Position	Optional		Single
<b>1</b> 2	Image DateTime	Optional		Single
001011001	Image	Optional		Single

# 4.148 Image Identifier

## Identification

Name	Image Identifier
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16516
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16516

## Definition

Definition	Unique identifier of this image allocated by the imaging service (often the DICOM image instance UID).
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Diagnostic Image Identifier.
Context	The "image identifier" value uniquely identifies an image object (DICOM or non-DICOM image). This allows software to easily determine if an image is already present, rather than having to compare a large number of (DICOM/image) tags.
	Example:
	X-ray skull AP and lateral views study produces two images each with a unique image identifier assigned by the system.
	Source - The DICOM Standard White Paper - DICOM Part 1: Introduction and Overview, National Electrical Manufacturers Association, Rosslyn, VA, USA, 2000.
Context Source	NEHTA
Assumptions	It is assumed that the Diagnostic Imaging information system or Picture Archive and Communicating System (PACS) generates a unique identifier for each diagnostic image produced from the test procedure performed.
	To ensure global uniqueness, the "image identifier" value may have to be used/associated with the unique "Organisation identifier" value.
Assumptions Source	NEHTA
Data Type	UniqueIdentifier

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	IMAGE DETAILS	Optional		Single

# 4.149 DICOM Series Identifier

## Identification

Name	<b>DICOM Series Identifier</b>
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16517
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16517

## Definition

Unique identifier of this series allocated by the imaging service.
NEHTA
UniqueIdentifier

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	IMAGE DETAILS	Optional		Single

# 4.150 Image View Name

## Identification

Name	Image View Name
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16198
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16198

## Definition

Definition	The name of the imaging view e.g. Lateral or Antero-posterior (AP).
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure<sup>22</sup></u> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	IMAGE DETAILS	Optional		Single

<sup>22</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# 4.151 Subject Position

## Identification

Name	Subject Position	
Metadata Type	Data Element	
Identifier	DE-16519	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16519	

## Definition

Definition	Description of the subject of care's position when the image was performed.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	IMAGE DETAILS	Optional		Single

# 4.152 Image DateTime

## Identification

Name	Image DateTime
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16520
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16520

#### Definition

Definition	Specific date/time the imaging examination was performed.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	DateTime

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	IMAGE DETAILS	Optional		Single

# 4.153 Image

## Identification

Name	Image
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16199
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16199

## Definition

Definition	An attached or referenced image of a current view.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	EncapsulatedData

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	IMAGE DETAILS	Optional		Single

# 4.154 Imaging Examination Result DateTime

## Identification

Name	Imaging Examination Result DateTime
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16589
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16589

### Definition

Definition	The date and, optionally, time when the Imaging Examination Result became available.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	DateTime

#### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT	Essential		Single
This page is intentionally left blank.

# **5 Medications Section**

# **5.1 MEDICATIONS**

### Identification

Name	MEDICATIONS
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-16022
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16022

### Definition

Definition	Therapeutic Goods which are/were prescribed for the subject of care or which the subject of care has/had been taking.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This section outlines the data groups and data elements for Current and Ceased Medications for the discharge summary.

# Relationships

### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	DISCHARGE SUMMARY	Essential		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	CURRENT MEDICATIONS ON DISCHARGE	Essential		Single
~	CEASED MEDICATIONS	Essential		Single

# **5.2 CURRENT MEDICATIONS ON DISCHARGE**

## Identification

Name	CURRENT MEDICATIONS ON DISCHARGE
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-16146
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16146

## Definition

Definition	Medications that the subject of care will continue or commence on discharge.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Discharge Medications Medications on Discharge
Notes	The CURRENT MEDICATIONS ON DISCHARGE section in a discharge summary includes:
	<ul> <li>Admission Medications – i.e. medications known on admission which are continued on discharge; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Medications prescribed during the encounter, which are to be continued on discharge.</li> </ul>
	The "Admission Medications" included in this section include both those that are continued unchanged on discharge or continued with some changes on discharge.

### Usage

Conditions of Use	The Status of the Item Detail SHALL not equal "Ceased".
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	MEDICATIONS	Essential		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT - MEDICATIONS	Optional		Single
2	THERAPEUTIC GOOD	Optional		Multiple

# **5.3 EXCLUSION STATEMENT - MEDICATIONS**

### Identification

Name	<b>EXCLUSION STATEMENT - MEDICATIONS</b>
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16136
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16136

## Definition

DefinitionAssertion that no medication information is included in this section of the document.Definition SourceNEHTA

# Relationships

### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	CURRENT MEDICATIONS ON DISCHARGE	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Global Statement	Essential		Single

# **5.4 Global Statement**

## Identification

Name	Global Statement
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16302
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16302

## Definition

Definition	The statement about the absence or exclusion.
<b>Definition Source</b>	openEHR Foundation
Synonymous Names	
Context	Use to capture any information that is needed to be explicitly recorded as being absent or excluded within the record.
Context Source	openEHR Foundation
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Global Statement Values

### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT - MEDICATIONS	Optional		Multiple

# **5.5 Global Statement Values**

## Identification

Name	Global Statement Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16299
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16299

## Definition

Definition	The set of values for the statement about the absence or exclusion.
<b>Definition Source</b>	openEHR Foundation

### **Value Domain**

Source	NEHTA	
Permissible Values	Not asked	No information about medications is available because the patient was not asked or not able to be asked
	None known	No information about medications is known
	None supplied	No information about medications is supplied

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Global Statement	Essential		Single

# **5.6 THERAPEUTIC GOOD**

### Identification

Name	THERAPEUTIC GOOD
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16211
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16211

## Definition

Definition	Information pertaining to one or more therapeutic goods that is represented to achieve, or is likely to achieve, its principal intended action by pharmacological, chemical, immunological or metabolic means in or on the body of a human. Such information covers not only aspects of the medication itself, but information relating to the ordering, dispensing, administration and review of medications. The specifications herein are presented grouped according to these process states.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Drug Medicine Potion Therapeutic
Scope	For use in the healthcare setting. Captures detailed information on the medication being used by or prescribed for the subject of care for their personal healthcare. This only includes legal substances.
Scope Source	NEHTA

## Usage

Conditions of Use	Recording legal substances such as over-the-counter medications, complementary and alternative medications, and prescribed medications.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
<b>*</b>	CURRENT MEDICATIONS ON DISCHARGE	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Therapeutic Good Identification	Essential		Single
~~	DOSAGE	Essential		Single
Τ	Unit of Use Quantity Dispensed	Optional		Single
Τ	Reason for Therapeutic Good	Optional		Single
Τ	Additional Comments	Optional		Single
~	MEDICATION HISTORY	Essential		Single

# **5.7 Therapeutic Good Identification**

## Identification

Name	Therapeutic Good Identification
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-10194
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.10194

## Definition

Image: Problem in the second	Definition	Identifies a therapeutic good, which is broadly defined as a good which is represented in any way to be, or is likely to be taken to be, for therapeutic use (unless specifically excluded or included under Section 7 of the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989).
<ul> <li>Preventing, diagnosing, curing or alleviating a disease, ailment, defect or injury;</li> <li>influencing, inhibiting or modifying a physiological process;</li> <li>testing the susceptibility of persons to a disease or ailment;</li> <li>influencing, controlling or preventing conception;</li> <li>testing for pregnancy; or</li> <li>replacement or modification of parts of the anatomy.</li> </ul> Definition Source Therapeutic Goods Administration Let Name Context Notes Notes Data Type CodeableText		Therapeutic use means use in or in connection with:
<ul> <li>influencing, inhibiting or modifying a physiological process;</li> <li>testing the susceptibility of persons to a disease or ailment;</li> <li>influencing, controlling or preventing conception;</li> <li>testing for pregnancy; or</li> <li>replacement or modification of parts of the anatomy.</li> </ul> Definition Source Synonymous Names Context Notes NetTA Notes CodeableText CodeableText		• preventing, diagnosing, curing or alleviating a disease, ailment, defect or injury;
<ul> <li>testing the susceptibility of persons to a disease or ailment;</li> <li>influencing, controlling or preventing conception;</li> <li>testing for pregnancy; or</li> <li>replacement or modification of parts of the anatomy.</li> </ul> Definition Source Therapeutic Goods Administration Item Name Context Context Source NEHTA Notes Data Type CodeableText		<ul> <li>influencing, inhibiting or modifying a physiological process;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>influencing, controlling or preventing conception;</li> <li>testing for pregnancy; or</li> <li>replacement or modification of parts of the anatomy.</li> <li>Definition Source</li> <li>Therapeutic Goods Administration</li> <li>Item Name</li> <li>Item Name</li> <li>Context</li> <li>NEHTA</li> <li>Notes</li> <li>Deformal definition of a therapeutic good (from the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989)</li> <li>Condext Source</li> <li>Deformal definition of a therapeutic good (from the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989)</li> <li>CodeableText</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>testing the susceptibility of persons to a disease or ailment;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>betaining for pregnancy; or</li> <li>creplacement or modification of parts of the anatomy.</li> <li>Definition Source</li> <li>Therapeutic Goods Administration</li> <li>Item Name</li> <li>Item Name</li> <li>Context</li> <li>Dis includes medications and medical devices. It includes drugs, appliances, dressings and reagents.</li> <li>Context Source</li> <li>NEHTA</li> <li>Notes</li> <li>Data Type</li> <li>CodeableText</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>influencing, controlling or preventing conception;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Pefinition Source</li> <li>Therapeutic Goods Administration</li> <li>Synonymous Names</li> <li>Context</li> <li>This includes medications and medical devices. It includes drugs, appliances, dressings and reagents.</li> <li>Context Source</li> <li>NEHTA</li> <li>Notes</li> <li>Deformal definition of a therapeutic good (from the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989) can be found at: [TGA2008a].</li> <li>Data Type</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>testing for pregnancy; or</li> </ul>
Definition SourceTherapeutic Goods AdministrationSynonymous NamesItem NameContextThis includes medications and medical devices. It includes drugs, appliances, dressings and reagents.Context SourceNEHTANotesThe formal definition of a therapeutic good (from the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989) can be found at: [TGA2008a].Data TypeCodeableText		<ul> <li>replacement or modification of parts of the anatomy.</li> </ul>
Synonymous NamesItem NameContextThis includes medications and medical devices. It includes drugs, appliances, dressings and reagents.Context SourceNEHTANotesThe formal definition of a therapeutic good (from the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989) can be found at: [TGA2008a].Data TypeCodeableText	Definition Source	Therapeutic Goods Administration
ContextThis includes medications and medical devices. It includes drugs, appliances, dressings and reagents.Context SourceNEHTANotesThe formal definition of a therapeutic good (from the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989) can be found at: [TGA2008a].Data TypeCodeableText	Synonymous Names	Item Name
Context SourceNEHTANotesThe formal definition of a therapeutic good (from the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989) can be found at: [TGA2008a].Data TypeCodeableText	Context	This includes medications and medical devices. It includes drugs, appliances, dressings and reagents.
NotesThe formal definition of a therapeutic good (from the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989) can be found at: [TGA2008a].Data TypeCodeableText	Context Source	NEHTA
Data Type CodeableText	Notes	The formal definition of a therapeutic good (from the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989) can be found at: [TGA2008a].
	Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain Therapeutic Good Identification Values	Value Domain	Therapeutic Good Identification Values

### Usage

Conditions of Use	Where the therapeutic good can be identified by an AMT (Australian Medicines Terminology) concept, this <b>SHALL</b> be the AMT ConceptID and Preferred Term. For details see Therapeutic Good Identification Values.
	For items without an AMT code (including some extemporaneous preparations), a text description is suitable. For a medication this <b>SHALL</b> include the name of

	the medication (brand name or generic name equivalent), strength and dose form, where appropriate.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Examples	Some examples of AMT ConceptID and their AMT Preferred Term are:
	1. 293049011000036110, Paracetamol 500 mg + codeine phosphate 30 mg tablet
	2. 327004011000036118, Paracetamol 500 mg + codeine phosphate 30 mg tablet, 20
	3. 234184011000036115, Panadeine Forte tablet: uncoated, 20 tablets
	<ol> <li>192727011000036112, Panadeine Forte (paracetamol 500 mg + codeine phosphate 30 mg) tablet: uncoated, 1 tablet</li> </ol>
	5. 278453011000036118, Panadeine Forte tablet: uncoated, 20 tablets, blister pack
	6. 315236011000036113, Bandage compression 10 cm x 3.5 m bandage: high stretch, 1 bandage
	7. 186324011000036116, Eloflex (2480) (bandage compression 10 cm x 3.5 m) bandage: high stretch, 1 bandage
Misuse	Detailing the formula of a compounded (extemporaneous) medication.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
2	THERAPEUTIC GOOD	Essential		Single

# **5.8 Therapeutic Good Identification Values**

## Identification

Name	Therapeutic Good Identification Values		
Metadata Type	Value Domain		
Identifier	VD-16115		
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16115		

## Definition

Definition	The set of values consists of ConceptIDs and Preferred Terms from AMT (Australian Medicines Terminology) concepts which have one of the following modelled relationships:			
	• IS A Medicinal Product Unit of Use (MPUU);			
	IS A Medicinal Product Pack (MPP);			
	• IS A Trade Product Unit of Use (TPUU);			
	• IS A Trade Product Pack (TPP); or			
	IS A Containered Trade Product Pack (CTPP).			
	Specifically for MPUU: only MPUU concepts that have no child MPUUs are to be included. Where an MPUU concept is a parent of another MPUU, the parent MPUU is to be omitted.			
Definition Source	NEHTA			
Notes	An explanation of AMT concepts can be found in Australian Medicines Terminology Editorial Rules [NEHT2009r].			
	Prescribing and dispensing use different sets of values.			

### Value Domain

Source Australian Medicines Terminology

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Therapeutic Good Identification	Essential		Single

# 5.9 DOSAGE

### Identification

Name	DOSAGE
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16007
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16007

## Definition

Definition	The regimen governing the amount (in a single administration, i.e. dose quantity), the frequency, the route, and the number of doses of a therapeutic agent to be administered to a subject of care.
<b>Definition Source</b>	Based on Mosby's Medical Dictionary, 8th Edition [MOSB2008a].
Synonymous Names	
Scope	This data group is used to provide details of dose instructions for medication dispensing and administration.
Scope Source	NEHTA
Notes	The dosage data group in this release of the SDT is designed to support simple dosage instructions. Clinical input is being sought to modify the data group in order to support more complex dosing instructions such as variable and alternate dosing and multi-component medicines. This is an evolving process and will be supported by the development of an implementation guide outlining how the dosage data group is to be implemented.
	In the meantime, implementers may wish to examine the NHS Dose Syntax Model [NHS2009a]. That model, while different to this data group, provides many similarities.

# **Relationships**

### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	THERAPEUTIC GOOD	Essential		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Τ	Dose Instruction	Essential		Single

# **5.10 Dose Instruction**

## Identification

Name	Dose Instruction	
Metadata Type	Data Element	
Identifier	DE-16008	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16008	

## Definition

Definition	A description of the dose quantity, frequency, route instruction and cautionary advice that determines how the prescribed therapeutic substance is administered to, or taken by, the subject of care.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Dosage Instruction
Data Type	Text

## Usage

Conditions of Use	This <b>SHOULD</b> include the dose quantity, frequency, route, administration schedule and any additional instructions required to safely describe the appropriate dosage. If appropriate, this <b>MAY</b> also include the site of administration.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Examples	<ol> <li>One tablet twice a day every 12 hours, before or with the first mouthful of food.</li> <li>Apply thin layer to affected area 3-4 times daily; reassess after 7 days if no response.</li> </ol>

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	DOSAGE	Essential		Single

# 5.11 Unit of Use Quantity Dispensed

## Identification

Name	Unit of Use Quantity Dispensed	
Metadata Type	Data Element	
Identifier	DE-10145	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.10145	

## Definition

Definition	A statement of the total number of units or physical amount of the therapeutic good that is prescribed, dispensed or supplied to the subject of care.		
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA		
Synonymous Names	Quantity Prescribed Quantity Ordered Unit of Use Quantity Prescribed Quantity Supplied Unit of Use Quantity Supplied Dispensed Unit of Use Quantity		
Data Type	Text		

### Usage

Examples	1. "40 tablets" (In the case of 2 packs of 20 tablets.)
	<ol> <li>"10 vials" (In the case of 1 box of 10 vials of an injection, e.g. Injection 600 micrograms in 10 x 1 mL vials.)</li> </ol>

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	THERAPEUTIC GOOD	Optional		Single

# **5.12 Reason for Therapeutic Good**

## Identification

Name	Reason for Therapeutic Good	
Metadata Type	Data Element	
Identifier	DE-10141	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.10141	

## Definition

Definition	The clinical justification (e.g. specific therapeutic effect intended) for this subject of care's use of the therapeutic good.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Reason for prescribing
Data Type	Text

### Usage

Conditions of Use	For inpatient discharge summaries, this should always be recorded.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Examples	1. Long-term maintenance treatment of bronchospasm and dyspnoea.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	THERAPEUTIC GOOD	Optional		Single

# **5.13 Additional Comments**

## Identification

Name	Additional Comments
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16044
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16044

## Definition

Definition	Any additional information that may be needed to ensure the continuity of supply,
	proper use, or appropriate medication management.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous	
Names	
Data Type	Text

### Usage

Examples	1. Patient requires an administration aid.
	2. Portable Pulse Oximeter measurement to be taken by clipping the sensor onto the tip of a finger.
	3. Consulted prescriber concerning dose.
Misuse	Use for information that could be recorded as structured data.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	THERAPEUTIC GOOD	Optional		Single

# **5.14 MEDICATION HISTORY**

## Identification

Name	MEDICATION HISTORY
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16117
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16117

### Definition

Definition	Details of the history of the use of this therapeutic good by the subject of care.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

# Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	THERAPEUTIC GOOD	Essential		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Item Status	Essential		Single
Ŷ	CHANGE DETAIL	Optional		Single
	Medication Duration	Optional		Single

# 5.15 Item Status

## Identification

Name	Item Status
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16001
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16001

## Definition

Definition	The status of the medication item at a specific point in time, e.g. at discharge.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>1</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available. When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

### Usage

Examples

# Ceased Current

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	MEDICATION HISTORY	Essential		Single

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# **5.16 CHANGE DETAIL**

## Identification

Name	CHANGE DETAIL
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-10128
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.10128

## Definition

Definition	Describes information about any relevant changes made to the medication item during the subject of care's healthcare encounter, and the reason for that change.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

# Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	MEDICATION HISTORY	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Changes Made	Essential		Single
Τ	Reason for Change	Optional		Single

# 5.17 Changes Made

## Identification

Name	Changes Made
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-10176
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.10176

## Definition

Definition	Description of any change made during the healthcare encounter where the change is intended to continue after the end of the healthcare encounter.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>2</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

### Usage

Examples	1. Dose increased to 10mg.
	2. Correction of prescription error.

# **Relationships**

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	CHANGE DETAIL	Essential		Single

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# 5.18 Reason for Change

## Identification

Name	Reason for Change
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-10177
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.10177

## Definition

Definition	The justification for the stated change in medication.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Reason for Alteration Reason for Modification
Notes	Should be completed if a change has been made.
Data Type	Text

### Usage

Examples	1. Optimise drug therapy.
	2. Intolerable side effect of dizziness.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	CHANGE DETAIL	Optional		Single

# **5.19 Medication Duration**

## Identification

Name	Medication Duration
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-10143
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.10143

## Definition

Definition	The time period that the subject of care has taken or will take the prescribed medication.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Context	Used particularly when therapeutic good information is captured retrospectively (e.g. Medical history) and the start date and/or cease date cannot be recalled.
Context Source	NEHTA
Notes	Should be expressed as a time interval with a start and/or end date (Note, if an end date is recorded, it should be after the discharge date). May also be expressed as a total prescribed duration, which indicates the elapsed time between start date and anticipated end date.
	If the length of time post discharge is required, then this can be derived for display.
Data Type	Duration TimeInterval

## Usage

Examples	1. 2005 to 2008-05-18	
	2. 3 months	

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	MEDICATION HISTORY	Optional		Single

# **5.20 CEASED MEDICATIONS**

### Identification

Name	CEASED MEDICATIONS
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-16146
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16146

## Definition

Definition	Medications that the subject of care was taking at the start of the healthcare encounter (e.g. on admission), that have been stopped during the encounter or on discharge, and that are not expected to be recommenced.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Medications Ceased This Visit Medications Ceased This Admission
Notes	The Medication Duration's End Date is on or prior to the Discharge Date.

# Relationships

### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	MEDICATIONS	Essential		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT - MEDICATIONS	Optional		Single
~~	THERAPEUTIC GOOD	Optional		Multiple

# **5.21 EXCLUSION STATEMENT - MEDICATIONS**

### Identification

Name	<b>EXCLUSION STATEMENT - MEDICATIONS</b>
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16136
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16136

## Definition

DefinitionAssertion that no medication information is included in this section of the document.Definition SourceNEHTA

# Relationships

### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	CEASED MEDICATIONS	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Global Statement	Essential		Single

# **5.22 Global Statement**

## Identification

Name	Global Statement
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16302
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16302

### Definition

Definition	The statement about the absence or exclusion.	
<b>Definition Source</b>	openEHR Foundation	
Synonymous Names		
Context	Use to capture any information that is needed to be explicitly recorded as being absent or excluded within the record.	
Context Source	openEHR Foundation	
Data Type	CodedText	
Value Domain	Global Statement Values	

### Usage

Examples

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT - MEDICATIONS	Optional		Multiple

# **5.23 Global Statement Values**

## Identification

Name	Global Statement Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16299
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16299

## Definition

Definition	The set of values for the statement about the absence or exclusion.
<b>Definition Source</b>	openEHR Foundation

### **Value Domain**

Source	NEHTA	
Permissible Values	Not asked	No information about medications is available because the patient was not asked or not able to be asked
	None known	No information about medications is known
	None supplied	No information about medications is supplied

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Global Statement	Essential		Single

# **5.24 THERAPEUTIC GOOD**

### Identification

Name	THERAPEUTIC GOOD
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16211
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16211

## Definition

Definition	Information pertaining to one or more therapeutic goods that is represented to achieve, or is likely to achieve, its principal intended action by pharmacological, chemical, immunological or metabolic means in or on the body of a human. Such information covers not only aspects of the medication itself, but information relating to the ordering, dispensing, administration and review of medications. The specifications herein are presented grouped according to these process states.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Drug Medicine Potion Therapeutic
Scope	For use in the healthcare setting. Captures detailed information on the medication being used by or prescribed for the subject of care for their personal healthcare. This only includes legal substances.
Scope Source	NEHTA

## Usage

Conditions of Use	Recording legal substances such as over-the-counter medications, complementary and alternative medications, and prescribed medications.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
2	CEASED MEDICATIONS	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Therapeutic Good Identification	Essential		Single
~~	MEDICATION HISTORY	Essential		Single

# **5.25 Therapeutic Good Identification**

## Identification

Name	Therapeutic Good Identification
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-10194
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.10194

## Definition

Definition	Identifies a therapeutic good, which is broadly defined as a good which is represented in any way to be, or is likely to be taken to be, for therapeutic use (unless specifically excluded or included under Section 7 of the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989).
	Therapeutic use means use in or in connection with:
	• preventing, diagnosing, curing or alleviating a disease, ailment, defect or injury;
	<ul> <li>influencing, inhibiting or modifying a physiological process;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>testing the susceptibility of persons to a disease or ailment;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>influencing, controlling or preventing conception;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>testing for pregnancy; or</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>replacement or modification of parts of the anatomy.</li> </ul>
Definition Source	Therapeutic Goods Administration
Synonymous Names	Item Name
Context	This includes medications and medical devices. It includes drugs, appliances, dressings and reagents.
Context Source	NEHTA
Notes	The formal definition of a therapeutic good (from the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989) can be found at: [TGA2008a].
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Therapeutic Good Identification Values

### Usage

Conditions of Use	Where the therapeutic good can be identified by an AMT (Australian Medicines Terminology) concept, this <b>SHALL</b> be the AMT ConceptID and Preferred Term. For details see Therapeutic Good Identification Values.
	For items without an AMT code (including some extemporaneous preparations), a text description is suitable. For a medication this <b>SHALL</b> include the name of

	the medication (brand name or generic name equivalent), strength and dose form, where appropriate.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Examples	Some examples of AMT ConceptID and their AMT Preferred Term are:
	1. 293049011000036110, Paracetamol 500 mg + codeine phosphate 30 mg tablet
	2. 327004011000036118, Paracetamol 500 mg + codeine phosphate 30 mg tablet, 20
	3. 234184011000036115, Panadeine Forte tablet: uncoated, 20 tablets
	<ol> <li>192727011000036112, Panadeine Forte (paracetamol 500 mg + codeine phosphate 30 mg) tablet: uncoated, 1 tablet</li> </ol>
	5. 278453011000036118, Panadeine Forte tablet: uncoated, 20 tablets, blister pack
	6. 315236011000036113, Bandage compression 10 cm x 3.5 m bandage: high stretch, 1 bandage
	7. 186324011000036116, Eloflex (2480) (bandage compression 10 cm x 3.5 m) bandage: high stretch, 1 bandage
Misuse	Detailing the formula of a compounded (extemporaneous) medication.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
*	THERAPEUTIC GOOD	Essential		Single

# **5.26 Therapeutic Good Identification Values**

## Identification

Name	Therapeutic Good Identification Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16115
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16115

## Definition

Definition	The set of values consists of ConceptIDs and Preferred Terms from AMT (Australian Medicines Terminology) concepts which have one of the following modelled relationships:
	• IS A Medicinal Product Unit of Use (MPUU);
	• IS A Medicinal Product Pack (MPP);
	• IS A Trade Product Unit of Use (TPUU);
	• IS A Trade Product Pack (TPP); or
	• IS A Containered Trade Product Pack (CTPP).
	Specifically for MPUU: only MPUU concepts that have no child MPUUs are to be included. Where an MPUU concept is a parent of another MPUU, the parent MPUU is to be omitted.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Notes	An explanation of AMT concepts can be found in Australian Medicines Terminology Editorial Rules [NEHT2009r].
	Prescribing and dispensing use different sets of values.

### Value Domain

Source Australian Medicines Terminology

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Therapeutic Good Identification	Essential		Single

# **5.27 MEDICATION HISTORY**

## Identification

Name	MEDICATION HISTORY
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16117
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16117

## Definition

Definition	Details of the history of the use of this therapeutic good by the subject of care.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous	
Names	

# Relationships

### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	THERAPEUTIC GOOD	Essential		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Item Status	Essential		Single
~	CHANGE DETAIL	Essential		Single

# 5.28 Item Status

### Identification

Name	Item Status
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16001
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16001

## Definition

Definition	The status of the medication item at a specific point in time, e.g. at discharge.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>3</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

### Usage

 Examples
 1. Ceased

 2. Current

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Ŷ	MEDICATION HISTORY	Essential		Single

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

# **5.29 CHANGE DETAIL**

## Identification

Name	CHANGE DETAIL
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-10128
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.10128

## Definition

Definition	Describes information about any relevant changes made to the medication item during the subject of care's healthcare encounter, and the reason for that change.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

# Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	MEDICATION HISTORY	Essential		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Changes Made	Essential		Single
Τ	Reason for Change	Essential		Single

# 5.30 Changes Made

## Identification

Name	Changes Made
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-10176
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.10176

### Definition

Definition	Description of any change made during the healthcare encounter where the change is intended to continue after the end of the healthcare encounter.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>4</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

### Usage

Examples

1. Ceased.

# Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	CHANGE DETAIL	Essential		Single

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm
## 5.31 Reason for Change

### Identification

Name	Reason for Change	
Metadata Type	Data Element	
Identifier	DE-10177	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.10177	

### Definition

Definition	The reason why the medication was ceased.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Reason for Alteration Reason for Modification
Data Type	Text

#### Usage

Examples	1. Adverse drug interaction.
	2. HRT side effect.

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	CHANGE DETAIL	Essential		Single

## **6 Health Profile Section**

## 6.1 HEALTH PROFILE

#### Identification

Name	HEALTH PROFILE
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-16011
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16011

#### Definition

Definition	Information pertaining to the health status or general health of the subject of care. Contains information related to the subject of care that is not specific to the healthcare encounter described by the discharge summary.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	The data in this section is not restricted to the context of this document.
	The purpose of this section is to differentiate the data groups that are specific to the event, for which the discharge summary is created, from those that are generic to the subject of care overall. For example, the subject of care's nominated primary healthcare provider is not specifically related to the encounter. Similarly the subject of care's adverse reactions are likely to be applicable after the event.

## **Relationships**

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	DISCHARGE SUMMARY	Essential		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS	Optional		Single
	ADVERSE REACTIONS	Essential		Single
~~	ALERTS	Optional		Single

## 6.2 HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS

### Identification

Name	HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-20002
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.20002

### Definition

Definition	The subject of care's healthcare providers.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This item currently only includes the Nominated Primary Healthcare Provider, but may include other providers in the future.
	However, not all subjects of care will have a Nominated Primary Healthcare Provider, and as such this data group is optional. It is recommended that the author of the discharge summary should be providing and including this information.

## Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
2	HEALTH PROFILE	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
8	NOMINATED PRIMARY HEALTHCARE PROVIDER	Essential		Multiple

## 6.3 NOMINATED PRIMARY HEALTHCARE PROVIDER

#### Identification

Name	NOMINATED PRIMARY HEALTHCARE PROVIDER
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-10296
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.10296

#### Definition

Definition	A healthcare provider (person or organisation) nominated by the subject of care as being primarily responsible for their ongoing healthcare.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous	Usual General Practitioner
Names	Usual Healthcare Provider
	Nominated Primary Healthcare Provider

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	This is a reuse of the PARTICIPATION data group, which is described in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v].
	The following constraints are additional to those specified in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v]. Constraints are explained in Appendix B: Specification Guide for Use.
	Additional obligation and occurrence constraints where the nominated primary healthcare provider is an individual (PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE is instantiated as a <b>PERSON</b> ):
	Participation Period is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	LOCATION OF PARTICIPATION is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Entity Identifier is ESSENTIAL.
	ADDRESS is ESSENTIAL.
	ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION DETAIL is ESSENTIAL.
	<ul> <li>Relationship to Subject of Care is <b>PROHIBITED</b>.</li> </ul>
	DEMOGRAPHIC DATA is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	ENTITLEMENT is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Qualifications is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .

Other additional constraints where the nominated primary healthcare provider is a person (PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE is instantiated as a **PERSON**):

- Participation Type **SHALL** have an implementation-specific fixed value equivalent to "Nominated Primary Healthcare Provider".
- Role **SHOULD** have a value chosen from 1220.0 ANZSCO Australia and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations, First Edition, 2006 -METeOR 350899. However, if a suitable value in this set cannot be found, then any code set that is both registered with HL7 and is publicly available **MAY** be used.
- The value of Entity Identifier SHALL be an Australian HPI-I.
- AUSTRALIAN OR INTERNATIONAL ADDRESS **SHALL** be instantiated as an AUSTRALIAN ADDRESS.
- PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE **SHALL** be instantiated as a PERSON.

Additional obligation and occurrence constraints when the nominated primary healthcare provider is an organisation (PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE is instantiated as an **ORGANISATION**):

- Participation Period is **PROHIBITED**.
- LOCATION OF PARTICIPATION is **PROHIBITED**.
- Entity Identifier is **ESSENTIAL**.
- ADDRESS is **ESSENTIAL**.
- ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION DETAIL is **ESSENTIAL**.
- ENTITLEMENT is **PROHIBITED**.
- Qualifications is **PROHIBITED**.

Other additional constraints when the nominated primary healthcare provider is an organisation (PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE is instantiated as an **ORGANISATION**):

- Participation Type **SHALL** have an implementation-specific fixed value equivalent to "Nominated Healthcare Provider".
- Role **SHALL** have a value representing the type of Facility e.g. Hospital, Clinic.
- The value of Entity Identifier **SHALL** be an Australian HPI-O.
- AUSTRALIAN OR INTERNATIONAL ADDRESS **SHALL** be instantiated as an AUSTRALIAN ADDRESS.
- PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE **SHALL** be instantiated as a ORGANISATION.

Conditions of NEHTA Use Source

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS	Essential		Multiple

## **6.4 ADVERSE REACTIONS**

### Identification

Name	ADVERSE REACTIONS
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-20113
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.20113

### Definition

Definition	A section that groups together adverse reaction information about the subject of care that is known to the provider/provider facility during a healthcare visit/encounter.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

## Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	HEALTH PROFILE	Essential		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT - ADVERSE REACTION	Optional		Single
~~	ADVERSE REACTION	Optional		Multiple

# 6.5 EXCLUSION STATEMENT - ADVERSE REACTION

#### Identification

Name	<b>EXCLUSION STATEMENT - ADVERSE REACTION</b>
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16137
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16137

#### Definition

Definition	Assertion that no adverse reaction information is included in this section of the
	document.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA

## Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	ADVERSE REACTIONS	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Global Statement	Essential		Single

## 6.6 Global Statement

#### Identification

Name	Global Statement
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16302
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16302

### Definition

Definition	Global statements about the exclusion.
<b>Definition Source</b>	openEHR Foundation
Synonymous Names	
Context	This can be used to capture any information that is needed to be explicitly recorded as being absent or excluded within the record.
Context Source	openEHR Foundation
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Global Statement Values

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	Captures any information that is needed to be explicitly recorded as being absent or excluded within the record.
Conditions of Use Source	openEHR Foundation
Examples	

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	EXCLUSION STATEMENT - ADVERSE REACTION	Optional		Multiple

## **6.7 Global Statement Values**

### Identification

Name	Global Statement Values	
Metadata Type	Value Domain	
Identifier	VD-16299	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16299	

### Definition

Definition	The set of values for the global statements about the exclusion.
<b>Definition Source</b>	openEHR Foundation

#### Value Domain

Source	NEHTA	
Permissible Values	Not asked	No information about adverse reactions to any substance is available because the patient was not asked or not able to be asked
	None known	No information about adverse reactions to any substance is known
	None supplied	No information about adverse reactions to any substance is supplied

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Global Statement	Essential		Single

## 6.8 ADVERSE REACTION

### Identification

Name	ADVERSE REACTION
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-15517
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.15517

### Definition

Definition	A known adverse reaction for the subject of care (including allergies and intolerances), and any relevant reaction details.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Allergy/Adverse Reaction

## Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	ADVERSE REACTIONS	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Agent Description	Essential		Single
001011001	Adverse Reaction Type	Essential		Single
~	REACTION DETAIL	Optional		Multiple

## **6.9 Agent Description**

### Identification

Name	Agent Description	
Metadata Type	Data Element	
Identifier	DE-15521	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.15521	

### Definition

Definition	The agent causing the adverse reaction experienced by the subject of care.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Agent Substance
Notes	An agent can be a substance such as food, drug or an environmental allergen.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>1</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples	1. Animal protein
	2. Latex
	3. Peanut
	4. Penicillin
	5. Bee venom

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ADVERSE REACTION	Essential		Single

## 6.10 Adverse Reaction Type

### Identification

Name	Adverse Reaction Type	
Metadata Type	Data Element	
Identifier	DE-15554	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.15554	

#### Definition

Definition	The type of reaction experienced by the subject of care to an agent.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Context	This field is used to identify the type of adverse reaction as determined by:
	<ul> <li>the signs and/or symptoms experienced by the subject of care;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>information provided by a relevant individual;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>previously documented history; and/or</li> </ul>
	a clinical assessment by a healthcare provider.
Context Source	NEHTA
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>2</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

icy.
NS.
e / sensitivity.
ergy / anaphylactoid reaction.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

6. Side effects.

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ADVERSE REACTION	Essential		Single

## 6.11 REACTION DETAIL

### Identification

Name	REACTION DETAIL
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-15511
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.15511

#### Definition

Definition	Undesirable responses to an agent.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Undesirable responses experienced/exhibited by the subject of care after exposure to an agent. Instances of this data group form part of a subject of care's health profile or health summaries including discharge summary and referral.

## Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ADVERSE REACTION	Optional		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Reaction Description	Essential		Single

## 6.12 Reaction Description

### Identification

Name	Reaction Description	
Metadata Type	Data Element	
Identifier	DE-15563	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.15563	

### Definition

Definition	The signs and/or symptoms experienced or exhibited by the subject of care as a consequence of the adverse reaction to the specific agent.
Definition Source	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Reaction
Notes	The signs, symptoms, severity and/or certainty of the adverse reaction are relevant as it contributes towards the decision as to the immediacy and extent of treatment to be provided, as determined by a healthcare provider.
	Given that an adverse reaction has occurred, it is important to determine the manifestations of that reaction.
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>3</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Itchy eyes.
Dysphagia.
Tinnitus.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	REACTION DETAIL	Essential		Single

## 6.13 ALERTS

### Identification

Name	ALERTS
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-20112
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.20112

### Definition

Definition	Describes alerts pertaining to the subject of care that may require special consideration or action by the recipients.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

## Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	HEALTH PROFILE	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	ALERT	Essential		Multiple

## 6.14 ALERT

### Identification

Name	ALERT
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-15518
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.15518

### Definition

Definition	Describes information pertaining to a subject of care that may:
	<ul> <li>need special consideration by a healthcare provider before making a decision about his/her actions to avert an unfavourable healthcare event;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>need consideration and/or action by a healthcare provider or facility in relation to the care and safety of the subject of care, staff and/or other individuals; or</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>notify the healthcare provider of special circumstances that may be relevant in delivering care and/or interacting with the subject of care.</li> </ul>
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Warning
Assumptions	Only alerts judged significant by a healthcare provider should be recorded. All alerts will require regular review.
Assumptions Source	ΝΕΗΤΑ

#### Usage

Misuse Recording adverse reactions.

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
<b>~</b>	ALERTS	Essential		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Alert Type	Essential		Single
001011001	Alert Description	Essential		Single

## 6.15 Alert Type

### Identification

Name	Alert Type
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-15584
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.15584

#### Definition

Definition	The type of alert (e.g. infection risk, special needs, clinical, discharge circumstances, vulnerable families, psychosocial alerts etc.).
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Warning type Alert class
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>4</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated

#### Usage

Examples	1. Administrative
	2. Clinical or Medical
	3. Home environment
	4. Infection risk
	5. Safety and security
	6. Special mental health
	7. Special needs and/or preferences
	8. Psychosocial

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ALERT	Essential		Single

## 6.16 Alert Description

#### Identification

Name	Alert Description
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-15585
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.15585

#### Definition

Definition	The nature of the alert.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Warning Description
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>5</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples	1. Animals present at subject of care's home
	2. Anaesthetic risk
	3. Pacemaker present
	4. Subject of care is a risk to others
	5. Subject of care speaks no English

## Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	ALERT	Essential		Single

<sup>5</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

This page is intentionally left blank.

## **7 Plan Section**

## 7.1 PLAN

### Identification

Name	PLAN
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-16020
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16020

### Definition

Definition	The services requested for the subject of care and the recommendations to the recipient healthcare providers and/or the subject of care.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Follow up
Notes	Such activities may include arranged services such as home nursing or community health services, or follow-up management by the GP or specialists. Also includes information or instructions to subject of care regarding the planned or requested services and recommendations to providers.
	Excludes specific medication prescriptions and/or diagnostic test orders made by current providers (at the time of discharge).

## Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	DISCHARGE SUMMARY	Essential		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
	ARRANGED SERVICES	Optional		Single
Ŷ	RECORD OF RECOMMENDATIONS AND INFORMATION PROVIDED	Essential		Single

## 7.2 ARRANGED SERVICES

### Identification

Name	ARRANGED SERVICES	
Metadata Type	Section	
Identifier	S-16021	
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.16021	

### Definition

Definition	Describes services that have been provided for or arranged for the subject of care.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Arranged Services

## Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	PLAN	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ARRANGED SERVICE	Essential		Multiple

## 7.3 ARRANGED SERVICE

### Identification

Name	ARRANGED SERVICE
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-20158
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.20158

### Definition

Definition	Describes the types of service requested for, or provided to, the subject of care.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	This item does not include details of specific medication prescriptions and/or diagnostic test orders made by current providers (at the time of discharge). If the service provision has not been confirmed then, the service date and/or provider may not be recorded.

#### Usage

Misuse

Used to specify medication prescriptions or diagnostic test requests.

## Relationships

#### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ARRANGED SERVICES	Essential		Multiple

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Arranged Service Description	Essential		Single
20	Service Commencement Window	Optional		Single
001011001	Service Booking Status	Essential		Single
~	PROTOCOL	Optional		Single

## 7.4 Arranged Service Description

### Identification

Name	Arranged Service Description
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-20117
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.20117

### Definition

Definition	Describes the service arranged for, or provided to the subject of care.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Service Requested Arranged Service Description
Context	For use in healthcare setting.
	Used to identify diagnostic, clinical procedures or clinical management requested by the healthcare provider to be undertaken on/provided to the subject of care.
Context Source	NEHTA
Data Type	CodeableText
Value Domain	Not specified.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the <u><i>HL7</i> code set registration</u> <u>procedure</u> <sup>1</sup> with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated.

#### Usage

Examples	1. Elective Orthopaedic surgery for TKR		
	2. Dialysis		
	3. Adjustment of heart failure/hypertensive medications		
	4. Adjust INR to therapeutic range, etc.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> http://www.hl7.org/oid/index.cfm

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	ARRANGED SERVICE	Essential		Single

## 7.5 Service Commencement Window

### Identification

Name	Service Commencement Window
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-20173
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.20173

### Definition

Definition	The datetime or date range at/during which the arranged service is scheduled to be provided to the subject of care.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Service Commences
Context	For use in the healthcare settings.
	This data element is used to specify the range of time within which the requesting provider would like the requested service(s) to be provided to the subject of care.
Context Source	NEHTA
Notes	Specifies the range of time within which the requesting provider is expecting the arranged service to be provided to the subject of care.
Data Type	TimeInterval

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	Where possible, exact dates should be used. Incomplete dates should generally only be used for retrospective data collection.
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA
Examples	See: Appendix B: Specification Guide for Use
Misuse	Entering approximate dates when an exact date is available.

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	ARRANGED SERVICE	Optional		Single

## 7.6 Service Booking Status

### Identification

Name	Service Booking Status
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-16056
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.16056

### Definition

Definition	An indication of the booking status of the arranged service.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Data Type	CodedText
Value Domain	Service Booking Status Values

#### Usage

Examples

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	ARRANGED SERVICE	Essential		Single

## 7.7 Service Booking Status Values

#### Identification

Name	Service Booking Status Values
Metadata Type	Value Domain
Identifier	VD-16055
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.16055

### Definition

DefinitionThe set of values for an indication of the booking status of the arranged service.Definition SourceNEHTA

#### **Value Domain**

Source	HL7 v3	HL7 v3 CDA: Act.moodCode.	
Permissible Values	APT	Appointment	
Values	ARQ	Appointment Request	
	EVN	Event	
	INT	Intent	
	PRMS	Promise	
	PRP	Proposal	
	RQO	Request	

## Relationships

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
001011001	Service Booking Status	Essential		Single

## 7.8 PROTOCOL

### Identification

Name	PROTOCOL
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-16131
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.16131

#### Definition

Definition	Relevant non-clinical information.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

## Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	ARRANGED SERVICE	Optional		Single

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
8	SERVICE PROVIDER	Optional		Single

## **7.9 SERVICE PROVIDER**

### Identification

Name	SERVICE PROVIDER
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-10296
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.10296

### Definition

Definition	The provider (individual or organisation) that has been arranged to provide the service.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Referred To Provider Referred To Healthcare Provider Identification: Referred To
Notes	This item captures identification information on the Healthcare Provider Person or Organisation who/which is arranged to provide a service after discharge of the subject of care from the healthcare facility at which the healthcare encounter has been completed.

#### Usage

Conditions of Use	This is a reuse of the PARTICIPATION data group, which is described in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v].
	The following constraints are additional to those specified in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v]. Constraints are explained in Appendix B: Specification Guide for Use.
	Additional obligation and occurrence constraints where the service provider is an individual (PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE is instantiated as a <b>PERSON</b> ):
	Participation Period is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	LOCATION OF PARTICIPATION is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Entity Identifier is ESSENTIAL.
	ADDRESS is ESSENTIAL.
	<ul> <li>Relationship to Subject of Care is <b>PROHIBITED</b>.</li> </ul>
	DEMOGRAPHIC DATA is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	ENTITLEMENT is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Qualifications is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .

Other additional constraints where the service provider is a person (PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE is instantiated as a **PERSON**):

- Participation Type **SHALL** have an implementation-specific fixed value equivalent to "Service Provider".
- Role SHOULD have a value chosen from 1220.0 ANZSCO Australia and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations, First Edition, 2006 -METeOR 350899. However, if a suitable value in this set cannot be found, then any code set that is both registered with HL7 and is publicly available MAY be used.
- The value of Entity Identifier SHALL be an Australian HPI-I.
- AUSTRALIAN OR INTERNATIONAL ADDRESS SHALL be instantiated as an AUSTRALIAN ADDRESS.
- PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE **SHALL** be instantiated as a PERSON.

Additional obligation and occurrence constraints when the service provider is an organisation (PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE is instantiated as an **ORGANISATION**):

- Participation Period is **PROHIBITED**.
- LOCATION OF PARTICIPATION is **PROHIBITED**.
- Entity Identifier is **ESSENTIAL**.
- ENTITLEMENT is **PROHIBITED**.
- Qualifications is **PROHIBITED**.

Other additional constraints when the service provider is an organisation (PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE is instantiated as an **ORGANISATION**):

- Participation Type **SHALL** have an implementation-specific fixed value equivalent to "Service Provider".
- Role **SHALL** have a value representing the type of Facility e.g. Hospital, Clinic.
- The value of Entity Identifier **SHALL** be an Australian HPI-O.
- AUSTRALIAN OR INTERNATIONAL ADDRESS **SHALL** be instantiated as an AUSTRALIAN ADDRESS.
- PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE **SHALL** be instantiated as a ORGANISATION.

Conditions of NEHTA
Use Source
# Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	PROTOCOL	Optional		Single

# 7.10 RECORD OF RECOMMENDATIONS AND INFORMATION PROVIDED

### Identification

Name	RECORD OF RECOMMENDATIONS AND INFORMATION PROVIDED
Metadata Type	Section
Identifier	S-20116
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.101.20116

### Definition

Definition	Contains:
	<ul> <li>recommendations to a recipient healthcare provider and/or subject of care which are relevant to the continuity of care and management of the subject of care after discharge; and optionally</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>information that has been provided, including information provided to the subject of care and/or relevant parties.</li> </ul>
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

# Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
2	PLAN	Essential		Single

### Children

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDED	Essential		Multiple
~	INFORMATION PROVIDED	Optional		Single

# 7.11 RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDED

## Identification

Name	RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDED
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-20116
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.20116

## Definition

Definition	Recommendations to a recipient healthcare provider and/or subject of care which are relevant to the continuity of care and management of the subject of care after discharge.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	
Notes	Recommendations may include reminders to the GP on special management strategies.

# Relationships

### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	RECORD OF RECOMMENDATIONS AND INFORMATION PROVIDED	Essential		Multiple

### Children

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
8	RECOMMENDATION RECIPIENT	Essential		Single
Τ	Recommendation Note	Essential		Single

# 7.12 RECOMMENDATION RECIPIENT

## Identification

Name	RECOMMENDATION RECIPIENT
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-10296
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.10296

### Definition

Definition	The individual or organisation to whom the information is directed.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

### Usage

Conditions of Use	This is a reuse of the PARTICIPATION data group, which is described in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v].
	The following constraints are additional to those specified in Participation Data Specification [NEHT2011v]. Constraints are explained in Appendix B: <i>Specification Guide for Use</i> .
	Additional obligation and occurrence constraints where the recommendation recipient is an individual (PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE is instantiated as a <b>PERSON</b> ):
	Participation Period is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	LOCATION OF PARTICIPATION is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Entity Identifier is ESSENTIAL.
	ADDRESS is ESSENTIAL.
	<ul> <li>Relationship to Subject of Care is <b>PROHIBITED</b>.</li> </ul>
	DEMOGRAPHIC DATA is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	ENTITLEMENT is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Qualifications is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Other additional constraints where the recommendation recipient is a person (PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE is instantiated as a <b>PERSON</b> ):
	<ul> <li>Participation Type SHALL have an implementation-specific fixed value equivalent to "Recommendation Recipient".</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Role SHOULD have a value chosen from 1220.0 - ANZSCO - Australia and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations, First Edition, 2006 - METeOR 350899. However, if a suitable value in this set cannot be found, then any code set that is both registered with HL7 and is publicly available MAY be used.</li> </ul>
	• The value of Entity Identifier <b>SHALL</b> be an Australian HPI-I.
	AUSTRALIAN OR INTERNATIONAL ADDRESS <b>SHALL</b> be instantiated as an AUSTRALIAN ADDRESS.
	<ul> <li>PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE SHALL be instantiated as a PERSON.</li> </ul>
	Additional obligation and occurrence constraints when the recommendation recipient is an organisation (PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE is instantiated as an <b>ORGANISATION</b> ):
	Participation Period is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	LOCATION OF PARTICIPATION is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Entity Identifier is ESSENTIAL.
	• ENTITLEMENT is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Qualifications is <b>PROHIBITED</b> .
	Other additional constraints when the recommendation recipient is an organisation (PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE is instantiated as an <b>ORGANISATION</b> ):
	<ul> <li>Participation Type SHALL have an implementation-specific fixed value equivalent to "Recommendation Recipient".</li> </ul>
	• Role <b>SHALL</b> have a value representing the type of Facility e.g. Hospital, Clinic.
	• The value of Entity Identifier <b>SHALL</b> be an Australian HPI-O.
	AUSTRALIAN OR INTERNATIONAL ADDRESS <b>SHALL</b> be instantiated as an AUSTRALIAN ADDRESS.
	<ul> <li>PERSON OR ORGANISATION OR DEVICE SHALL be instantiated as an ORGANISATION.</li> </ul>
Conditions of Use Source	NEHTA

# Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Ŷ	RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDED	Essential		Single

# 7.13 Recommendation Note

## Identification

Name	Recommendation Note
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-20175
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.20175

## Definition

Definition	Contains:
	<ul> <li>information and education that has been provided to and discussed with the subject of care, their family, carer and/or other relevant parties, including awareness or lack of awareness of diagnosed conditions, and relevant health management;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>an indication of whether the subject of care or carer has understood the information or instructions provided may also be relevant; and/or</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>information and/or recommendations given by a healthcare provider during/at the end of a health event to another healthcare provider responsible for the ongoing care of the subject of care.</li> </ul>
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Advice to Subject of Care.
Notes	The relevant information/recommendation is important for the continuity of care and management of the subject of care after discharge. This item does not include referral details or information specific to a requested service.
Data Type	Text
Usage	

Examples	1. GP to remove the staples on day 10-14.
	2. Aspirin to recommence at GP's discretion.
	<ol><li>Please arrange a follow up appointment with a community physiotherapist in one week to ensure that post-surgical mobility outcomes are being met.</li></ol>
	one week to enoure that poet ourgreat meanly outcomed are being met.

# Relationships

### Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~	RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDED	Essential		Single

# 7.14 INFORMATION PROVIDED

## Identification

Name	INFORMATION PROVIDED
Metadata Type	Data Group
Identifier	DG-20116
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.102.20116

### Definition

Definition	Information that has been provided, including information provided to the subject of care and/or relevant parties.
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	

# Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
~~	RECORD OF RECOMMENDATIONS AND INFORMATION PROVIDED	Optional		Single

### Children

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Т	Information Provided to Subject of Care and/or Relevant Parties	Essential		Single

# 7.15 Information Provided to Subject of Care and/or Relevant Parties

### Identification

Name	Information Provided to Subject of Care and/or Relevant Parties
Metadata Type	Data Element
Identifier	DE-20175
OID	1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.103.20175

## Definition

Definition	Contains:
	<ul> <li>information and education that has been provided to and discussed with the subject of care, their family, carer and/or other relevant parties, including awareness or lack of awareness of diagnosed conditions, and relevant health management;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>an indication of whether the subject of care or carer has understood the information or instructions provided may also be relevant; and/or</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>information and/or recommendations given by a healthcare provider during/at the end of a health event to another healthcare provider responsible for the ongoing care of the subject of care.</li> </ul>
<b>Definition Source</b>	NEHTA
Synonymous Names	Advice to Subject of Care.
Notes	The relevant information/recommendation is important for the continuity of care and management of the subject of care after discharge. This item does not include referral details or information specific to a requested service.
Data Type	Text

### Usage

Examples	1. GP to remove the staples on day 10-14.
	2. Aspirin to recommence at GP's discretion.
	<ol><li>Please arrange a follow up appointment with a community physiotherapist in one week to ensure that post-surgical mobility outcomes are being met.</li></ol>

# Relationships

Parents

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
2	INFORMATION PROVIDED	Essential		Single

This page is intentionally left blank.

# **8 UML Diagrams**

The following figures presents the data hierarchy using UML 2.0 class diagrams. The diagrams display data groups and data elements, together with their names, data types and multiplicities. Data elements are displayed as attributes. Data groups are displayed as classes, their names are represented as association role names. Association role names are only displayed if they differ from the associated class name. The diagram shows the data hierarchy excluding the details of participation. The default multiplicity is 1..1.



Top level UML class diagram of the Discharge Summary SDT data hierarchy.



UML class diagram of the Event data hierarchy of the Discharge Summary SDT.



UML class diagram of the Medications data hierarchy of the Discharge Summary SDT.



UML class diagram of the Health Profile data hierarchy of the Discharge Summary SDT.



UML class diagram of the Plan data hierarchy of the Discharge Summary SDT.



UML class diagram of the Pathology Test Result data hierarchy of the Discharge Summary SDT.



UML class diagram of the Imaging Examination Result data hierarchy of the Discharge Summary SDT.



UML class diagram of the Specimen data hierarchy of the Discharge Summary SDT.

# **Reference List**

- [MBA2010a] Medical Board of Australia, 31 March 2010, *List of specialties, fields and related titles Registration Standard*, July 2010, accessed 2 November 2011. *http://www.medicalboard.gov.au/Registration-Standards.aspx*
- [MOSB2008a] Mosby, 2008, 8 December 2008, *Mosby's Medical Dictionary*, 8th Edition. ISBN 9780323052900.
- [NEHT2006a] National E-Health Transition Authority, 21 December 2006, National Discharge Summary Data Content Specification, Version 1.0. <u>http://www.nehta.gov.au/component/docman/doc\_download/175-national-discharge-</u> <u>summary-data-content-specifications-v10</u>
- [NEHT2009r] National E-Health Transition Authority, 30 June 2009, *Australian Medicines Terminology Editorial Rules*, Version 3.0, accessed 9 June 2010. <u>http://www.nehta.gov.au/component/docman/doc\_download/742-australian-medicines-terminology-editorial-rules-v30</u>
- [NEHT2009s] National E-Health Transition Authority, 30 June 2009, Pathology Result Report Structured Document Template, Version 1.0, accessed 26 August 2010. <u>https://developer.digitalhealth.gov.au/resources/pathology-report-with-structuredclinical-content-structured-content-specification-v1-0</u>
- [NEHT2010c] National E-Health Transition Authority, September 2010, Data Types in NEHTA Specifications: A Profile of the ISO 21090 Specification, Version 1.0, accessed 13 September 2010. <u>https://developer.digitalhealth.gov.au/resources/data-types-in-nehta-specificationsa-profile-of-the-iso-21090-specification-v1-0</u>
- [NEHT2010d] National E-Health Transition Authority, September 2010, Data Specifications and Structured Document Templates - Guide for Use, Version 1.1, accessed 13 September 2010. <u>http://www.nehta.gov.au/component/docman/doc\_download/1120-data-specifications-</u> and-structured-document-templates-guide-for-use-v11
- [NEHT2010q] National E-Health Transition Authority, 30 August 2010, *e-Discharge Summary -Core Information Components*, Version 1.0, Release 1.1, accessed 29 October 2010. <u>https://developer.digitalhealth.gov.au/resources/edischarge-summary-core-</u> <u>information-components-v1-1-2</u>
- [NEHT2011ae] National E-Health Transition Authority, 01 September 2011, *Pathology Test Result Detailed Clinical Model Specification*, Version 2.0, accessed 01 September 2011. <u>https://developer.digitalhealth.gov.au/resources/detailed-clinical-model-library-pathology-test-result-detailed-clinical-model-specification-v2-0</u>
- [NEHT2011v] National E-Health Transition Authority, 20 July 2011, *Participation Data Specification*, Version 3.2, accessed 22 July 2011. <u>https://developer.digitalhealth.gov.au/resources/pathology-test-result-detailed-</u> <u>clinical-model-specification-v3-2</u>
- [NEHT2011y] National E-Health Transition Authority, 01 September 2011, *Imaging Examination Result Detailed Clinical Model Specification*, Version 2.0, accessed 01 September 2011. <u>https://developer.digitalhealth.gov.au/resources/detailed-clinical-model-library-imaging-examination-result-detailed-clinical-model-specification-v2-0</u>
- [NHS2009a] National Health Service, *NHS Dose Syntax Model*, accessed 11 November 2009. http://www.dmd.nhs.uk/dossyntax.html

[RFC1521]	Network Working Group, 1993, <i>RFC1521 - MIME (Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions) Part One</i> , accessed 7 June 2010. <u>http://www.faqs.org/rfcs/rfc1521.html</u>
[RFC2119]	Network Working Group, 1997, <i>RFC2119 - Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels</i> , accessed 13 April 2010. <u>http://www.faqs.org/rfcs/rfc2119.html</u>
[SA2006a]	Standards Australia, 2006, <i>AS 4846 (2006) – Healthcare Provider Identification</i> , accessed 12 November 2009. http://infostore.saiglobal.com/store/Details.aspx?ProductID=318554
[SA2006b]	Standards Australia, 2006, <i>AS 5017 (2006) – Healthcare Client Identification</i> , accessed 12 November 2009. http://infostore.saiglobal.com/store/Details.aspx?ProductID=320426
[SA2007a]	Standards Australia, 2007, AS 4700.6 (2007) – Implementation of Health Level 7 (HL7) Version 2.5 – Part 6: Referral, discharge and health record messaging. <u>http://www.saiglobal.com</u>
[TGA2008a]	Therapeutic Goods Administration, 7 April 2011, <i>How do I determine whether my product is a "therapeutic good"</i> ?, accessed 4 June 2010. <u>https://www.tga.gov.au/</u>

# **Appendix A. Known Issues**

This appendix lists known issues with this specification at the time of publishing. NEHTA are working on solutions to these issues, but we encourage and invite comments to further assist the development of these solutions.

Reference	Description
Document status	As a NEHTA Managed Specification, the contents of this document are the result of extensive clinical collaboration and editorial review, and the specification is considered to be "Final". Nonetheless, as software implementations and standards review of this specification progress, normative updates may be required.
Compatibility with Structured Content Specifications (SCSs)	This Structured Document Template was not constructed using the Detailed Clinical Models (DCMs) issued in 2011 which are the foundation for recent Structured Content Specifications (SCSs), such as Event Summary, Specialist Letter and eReferral.
DateTime Health Event Started/Ended	The data elements <i>DateTime Health Event Started</i> and <i>DateTime Health Event Ended</i> should be replaced by a single data element <i>Health Event Period</i> .
Document Purpose	IT14-06-06 have asked us to include a statement in the Document Purpose section to this effect:
	A discharge summary does not constitute transfer of care or request for follow-up clinical interventions which would require a discharge referral.
	We have not yet done so because this is still a matter of discussion between NEHTA and IT14-06-06, but once the issue is finally resolved, we should update the document accordingly.
Essential vs Mandatory	Check against Standards Australia terminology of Essential vs Mandatory: This structured document template uses the concept "essential" to define data element obligations while Standards Australia uses the concept "mandatory". The concepts "essential" and "mandatory" should be reviewed and harmonised (preferably align with Standard Australia practice).
EXCLUSION STATEMENT - PROBLEMS AND DIAGNOSES	The data element <i>Global Statement</i> is not appropriate for inclusion in discharge summaries, and should be replaced.
"Global Statement Values" Value Domain (used 4 times)	The list of permissible values is probably incomplete.
Health Event	The definitions of <i>Health Event Identification</i> and <i>Encounter</i> need to be improved to prevent confusion.
Mandatory Health Identifiers	This structured document template specifies that the use of unique health identifiers (IHI; HPI-I; and HPI-O) are mandatory - legislation allows for people to opt-out, this means that this SDT specification only applies to people who have a HI. Requires further discussion between IT14-6-6 and NEHTA HI team and/or other relevant team(s).
Pathology Cancer Screening Profiles	NEHTA has defined six cancer screening profiles but they have not been included in this document.

Reference	Description
Problem/Diagnosis Type	This data element needs more research to support use for acute care.
Prohibiting Optional data components	Some data components are defined as Optional in specification such as "Participation", and have been constrained out (i.e. prohibited) in this structured document template to align with the Core Information Components requirements. They should be left for implementers to determine whether the optional items would be implemented, e.g. <i>Source of Death Notification</i> data element in <i>Subject of Care</i> has been constrained out in this structured document template. Requires further discussion between IT14-6-6, the NEHTA Continuity of Care team, and NEHTA clinical lead(s)/Clinical Reference Group.
Pathological Diagnosis	The definition of data element <i>Pathological Diagnosis</i> does not sufficiently distinguish the data element from <i>Pathology Test Conclusion</i> .
Blank examples	The document includes Example entries with no content.

# Appendix B. Specification Guide for Use

## **B.1 Overview**

Each Detailed Clinical Model (DCM), Structured Content Specification (SCS) and Structured Document Template (SDT) is designed to be a shared basis for data interpretation. It specifies rigorous business and technical definitions of data which systems may need to share. It is intended to be a logical specification of the data to be persisted within or communicated between systems. It is also the foundation for conformance, compliance and accreditation testing of implemented systems. NEHTA's CDA implementation guides are guides to the implementation of HL7 CDA R2 messages based upon these DCMs, SCSs and SDTs.

Each DCM specifies all of the data components required for any use of a clinical concept, for instance an entry in a medical record such as a procedure or an imaging test. As such they are maximal data sets. DCMs are building blocks which are trimmed to size for use in construction of SCSs.

Each SCS and each SDT specifies the data for a single type of clinical document or information exchange, such as a discharge summary. It is assembled using DCMs which have been constrained to eliminate data components not relevant to the particular context. For example, procedure in a discharge summary uses only some of the data components required by procedure in a specialist report.

## **B.2 The Structured Content Metamodel**

The NEHTA Structured Content Metamodel (see Figure 1) is used to specify the overall structure of a Structured Content Specification.

A DCM can be considered as a Data Group with no parent.



### Figure 1: Structured Content Metamodel

There are two main components used to organise information within a Structured Content Specification (SCS) or a Structured Document Template as follows:

- Context: This contains information related to the overall context of the document.
- Content: This contains information, which changes between different SCSs (and SDTs), but is always structured as shown, and consists of the following components:
  - · Section
  - Data Group
  - Data Element
  - Value Domain

These components are described in more detail below.

### Context

The purpose of the Context is to identify and classify the document and to provide subjects of care and involved healthcare providers with the information related to the relevant healthcare events.

### Content

The Content contains a collection of health information pertinent to a subject of care which is derived from the healthcare event described in the document. The detail **MAY** be organised into one or more sections, each of which contains one or more data groups and/or possible data elements.

## Section

The contents of the structured document Content **MAY** be subdivided into one or more sections. A section is an organising container that gives a reader a clue as to the expected content. The primary purpose of a section is to organise information in the manner that is suitable for the primary purpose for which it is collected, and that provides a way to navigate through the data components within the document, thereby enabling more efficient querying. It **SHOULD** also support safe re-use for secondary purposes, e.g. clinical coding or inclusion in a summarised form in an electronic health record. A section is context-specific to the document in which it resides.

## Data Group

Each data group is used to represent one concept. A data group consists of other data groups and/or data elements. Some data groups are reused across detailed clinical models.

### Participation

Participation is a special case of a data group that is based on a data group template, which is reused throughout the detailed clinical models (DCMs) and SCSs. Participations are an amalgam of the Actors (see below) operating within a defined healthcare domain and the Roles that they are playing within that domain.

A Participant has been defined to align with the concepts of the NEHTA interoperability framework. It equates to an *Entity* that is related to the action described in an SCS as an *Actor*. A participant can be a human, an organisation or an IT system.

[NEHT2011v] defines the full Participation specification.

### Choice

Choice represents a decision to be made at run-time between a disjunctive mandatory set of data groups defined at design-time, i.e. one and only one member of the set **SHALL** be chosen.

For example, at design time a Healthcare Provider provides a service but it is not until run-time that a decision can be made as to whether the provider is a person or an organisation. Hence when a Healthcare Provider Participant is instantiated, it **SHALL** be done with the choice of either the *Person* data group or the *Organisation* data group.

### **Data Element**

A data element is the smallest named unit of information in the model that can be assigned a value. For example, 'DateTime of Observation' and 'Observation Note'. Data elements are bound to data types (see Data Types Legend). Some data elements are reused in different data groups.

Whilst all data elements are constrained by their data type, some data elements are further constrained by value domains (see Value Domain below).

### Value Domain

A value domain constrains the permissible values for a data element. The values **MAY** be a subset of values based on a generic data type.

Value domains are reusable components and therefore, the same value domain can be referred to by different data elements in different contexts. Value domains are often specified as a reference set. A reference set (or a subset) is a constrained list of SNOMED CT-AU, AMT or LOINC concepts that are appropriate to a particular context. It **SHOULD** be noted that many of these reference sets have been developed specifically for the context in which they appear. An assessment of fitness for purpose **SHOULD** therefore be undertaken before using any of the reference sets in another context.

Value domains constrain by either specifying a lower and/or upper bound on the range of permissible values or else by specifying a finite set of prescribed values. Such a set of prescribed values can be specified directly within the definition of the data element, or in a separate but associated specification or else by reference to one or more vocabulary/terminology reference sets. The table below provides some examples of value domains.

Data Element	Data Type	Example o	f Value Domain
Sex	CodedText	[SA2006a] and [SA2006b] derive their values from METeOR 270263 which includes values such as:	
		Value	Meaning
		<u>1</u>	Male
		<u>2</u>	Female
		<u>3</u>	Intersex or Indeterminate
		<u>9</u>	Not Stated/Inadequately Described
Diagnosis	CodeableText	A SNOMED such as 'Br	OCT-AU reference set which references concepts onchitis' (Concept ID: 32398004)
Therapeutic Good Identification	CodeableText	An AMT ref 'Ibuprofen E 1 tablet' (Co	Ference set which references concepts such as Blue (Herron) (ibuprofen 200 mg) tablet: film-coated, concept ID: 54363011000036107)
To Be Advised	CodeableText	A LOINC su 'Cholestero	ubset which references concepts such as I [Moles/volume] in Serum or Plasma' (ID: 14647-2)

 Table 1: Value Domain Examples

## **B.3 Icon Legend**

These legends describe all icons that are used within the various NEHTA information specifications.

### Metadata Types Legend

The following table explains each of the icons used to represent the metadata types within DCMs and SCSs.

lcon	Metadata Types
	Structured Document
<b>~</b>	Section
•	Data Group
8	Participation
	Choice

Table 2: Metadata Types Legend

## Data Types Legend

The following table explains each of the icons used to represent the data types bound to each data element in the SCSs. These data types are a profile of the **ISO 21090-2011** data types as specified in [NEHT2010c].

lcon	Data type	Explanation
4	Boolean	A primitive data type, sometimes called the logical data type, having one of two values: <i>true</i> and <i>false</i> . Many systems represent true as <i>non-zero</i> (often
•••	(ISO 21090: BL)	1, or -1) and false as zero.
		Usage/Examples
		<ul> <li>An actual value entered by a user might be 'yes' or could be chosen by a mouse click on an icon such as          ✓.     </li> </ul>



- AIHW Separation Mode specifies the status at separation of a person from an organisation. An early adopter MAY have a similar concept (coded or otherwise) that maps to this data element but does not strictly comply with the AIHW values.
- A SNOMED CT-AU coded/complex expression that embodies single or multiple concepts. The SNOMED CT-AU concepts behind these CodeableText components are specified in the Structured Content Specification value domains.

CodedText Coded text without exceptions; text with code mappings. Values in this data type **SHALL** come from the bound value domain, with no exceptions. Often (ISO 21090: CD) used for reference sets with only a small number of applicable values, e.g. Gender and Document Status.

### **Usage/Examples**

[SA2006b] specifies the following value domain representing a type of address:

Value	Meaning
1	Business
2	Mailing or Postal
3	Temporary Accommodation
4	Residential (permanent)
9	Not Stated/Unknown/Inadequately Described

7\*

DateTime

Used for specifying a single date and/or time. Has the ability to indicate a level of precision, but not whether the date/time is estimated. String (ISO 21090: TS) representations of known dates SHALL conform to the nonextended format within the ISO 21090-2011 standard, i.e. YYYYMMDDHHMMSS.UUUU[+]-ZZzz.

### **Usage/Examples**

- Partial dates: 2008, 20081001.
- To indicate 1:20 pm on May the 31st, 1999 for a time zone which is 5 hours behind Coordinated Universal Time (UTC): 19990531132000-0500.

	Duration (ISO 21090: PQ.TIME)	The period of time during which something continues. Consists of a value and a unit which represents the time value, e.g. hours, months. Compound durations are not allowed, e.g. 10 days 3 weeks 5 hours.
		Usage/Examples
		• 3 hours
		6 months
		• 1 year
<b>2</b>	Any	Represents a data element where the data type to be used is conditional
	(ISO 21090: ANY)	considerably depending on the context. Note that this is an abstract data type that is the basis for all data types and <b>SHOULD NOT</b> be used in an actual implementation.
001011001	EncapsulatedData (ISO 21090: ED)	Data that is primarily intended for human interpretation or for further machine processing outside the scope of this specification. This includes unformatted or formatted written language, multimedia data, or structured information as defined by a different standard (e.g., XML signatures).
		Usage/Examples
		• JPEG images
		HTML documents
		[RFC1521] MIME types
123	Integer	The mathematical data type comprising the exact integral values (according to [NEHT2010c]).
	(130 2 10 90. 111)	Usage/Examples
		• 1
		• -50
		• 125
P	Link	This is a general link, reference or pointer to an object, data or application that exists logically or is stored electronically in a computer system.
	TEL)	Usage/Examples
		<ul> <li>URL (Uniform Resource Locator) – the World Wide Web address of a site on the internet, such as the URL for the Google internet search engine – <i>'http://www.google.com'</i>.</li> </ul>
		• An absolute or relative path within a file/directory structure – e.g. in the Windows® operating system, the "link" or absolute path to a particular letter could be C:\Documents and Settings\GuestUser\MyDocuments\letter.doc

	Quantity	Used for recording many real world measurements and observations. Includes the magnitude value and the units.
	(ISO 21090: PQ)	Usage/Examples
		100 centimetres
		• 25.5 grams
	QuantityRatio	The relative magnitudes of two <i>Quantity</i> values (usually expressed as a quotient).
	RTO)	Usage/Examples
		• 25 mg/500 ml
		200 mmol per litre
Ţ	QuantityRange (ISO 21090: IVL)	Two <i>Quantity</i> values that define the minimum and maximum values, i.e. lower and upper bounds. This is typically used for defining the valid range of values for a particular measurement or observation. Unbounded quantity ranges can be defined by not including a minimum and/or a maximum quantity value.
		Usage/Examples
		<ul> <li>-20 to 100 Celsius</li> </ul>
		• 30-50 mg
		• >10 kg
302	RealNumber (ISO 21090:	A computational approximation to the standard mathematical concept of real numbers. These are often called floating point numbers.
	REAL)	Usage/Examples
		• 1.075
		• -325.1
		• 3.14157
T	Text (ISO 21090: ST)	Character strings (with optional language). Unless otherwise constrained by an implementation, can be any combination of alpha, numeric or symbols from the Unicode character set. Sometimes referred to as free text.
		Usage/Examples
		"The patient is a 37 year old man who was referred for cardiac evaluation after complaining of occasional palpitations, racing heart beats and occasional dizziness."
	TimeInterval (ISO 21090:TS)	An interval in time, with (optionally) a start date/time and (optionally) an end date/time and/or a duration/width.
	( <b>-</b> )	Usage/Examples
		<ul> <li>01/01/2008 – 31/12/2008</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>1:30 a.m. – 6:00 p.m., duration/width = 16.5 hours</li> </ul>

46 X	UniqueIdentifier	A general unique value to identify a physical or virtual object or concept.
	(ISO 21090: II)	In using this data type, the attributes of the UniqueIdentifier data type <b>SHOULD</b> be populated from the identifiers as defined in AS 4846 (2006) [SA2006a] and AS 5017 (2006) [SA2006b] as follows:
		<i>root</i> : a globally unique object identifier that identifies the combination of geographic area, issuer and type. If no such globally unique object identifier exists, it <b>SHALL</b> be created.
		<i>extension</i> : a unique identifier within the scope of the root that is directly equivalent to the identifier designation element.
		<i>identifierName</i> : a human readable name for the namespace represented by the root that is populated with the issuer or identifier type values, or a concatenation of both as appropriate. The content of this attribute is not intended for machine processing and <b>SHOULD NOT</b> be used as such.
		<i>identifierScope</i> : the geographic span or coverage that applies to or constrains the identifier. It is directly equivalent to the geographic area element. The content of this attribute is not intended for machine processing and <b>SHOULD NOT</b> be used as such.
		Also, the following constraints apply on the UniqueIdentifier data type:
		The <i>root</i> attribute <b>SHALL</b> be used.
		For an entity identifier the <i>root</i> attribute <b>SHALL</b> be an OID that consists of a node in a hierarchically-assigned namespace, formally defined using the ITU-T's ASN.1 standard.
		For an entity identifier the <i>root</i> attribute <b>SHALL NOT</b> be a UUID.
		The extension attribute SHALL be used.
		Usage/Examples
		IHIs, HPI-Is, HPI-Os and patient hospital medical record numbers are

### Table 3: Data Types Legend

### **Keywords Legend**

Where used in this document and in DCMs and SCSs, the keywords **SHALL**, **SHOULD**, **MAY**, **SHALL NOT** and **SHOULD NOT** are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

examples of identifiers that **MAY** be carried by this data type.

The	following	table	defines	these	keywords

Keyword	Interpretation
SHALL	This word, or the terms 'required' or 'must', means that the definition is an absolute requirement of the specification.
SHOULD	This word, or the adjective 'recommended', means that there <b>MAY</b> exist valid reasons in particular circumstances to ignore a particular component, but the full implications <b>SHALL</b> be understood and carefully weighed before choosing a different course.

ΜΑΥ	This word, or the adjective 'optional', means that a component is truly optional. One implementer <b>MAY</b> choose to include the component because a particular implementation requires it, or because the implementer determines that it enhances the implementation while another implementer <b>MAY</b> omit the same component. An implementation which does not include a particular option <b>SHALL</b> be prepared to interoperate with another implementation which does include the option, perhaps with reduced functionality. In the same vein, an implementation which does include a particular option <b>SHALL</b> be prepared to interoperate with another implementation which does not include the option (except of course, for the feature the option provides).
SHALL NOT	This phrase, or the phrase 'must not' means that the definition is an absolute prohibition of the specification.
SHOULD NOT	This phrase, or the phrase 'not recommended' means that there <b>MAY</b> exist valid reasons in particular circumstances when the particular behaviour is acceptable or even useful, but the full implications <b>SHOULD</b> be understood and the case carefully weighed before implementing any behaviour described with this label.

Table 4: Keywords Legend

## **Obligation Legend**

Obligation in DCMs or SCSs specifies whether or not a data component **SHALL** be populated in the logical record architecture of a message. NEHTA intends that all data components will be implemented.

Implementation guides specify the rules and formats for implementing and populating data components in specific messaging formats.

The following table defines the obligations.

Keyword	Interpretation
Essential	Indicates that the data component is considered a mandatory component of information and <b>SHALL</b> be populated.
	Usage/Examples:
	The Participant component for a Subject of Care <b>SHALL</b> include an Entity Identifier data component in order to hold the IHI.
Optional	Indicates that the data component is not considered a mandatory component of information and <b>MAY</b> be populated.
	Usage/Examples:
	This is only needed when a DCM incorrectly asserts that a data component is Essential. It will be used with a note stating that the DCM needs revision.
Prohibited	Indicates that the data component is considered a forbidden component of information and <b>SHALL NOT</b> be populated.
	Usage/Examples:
	Within a Participation data group depicting a Subject of Care, the Participation Healthcare Role <b>SHALL NOT</b> be completed.

**Conditional** Indicates that a data component is considered Essential only on satisfaction of a given condition. Individual data components specify the obligation of the data component when the condition is not met.

When a condition is met, the data component is considered to be essential and **SHALL** be populated.

When a condition is not met, the data component may be considered as Prohibited, or the data component may be considered Optional.

#### **Usage/Examples:**

Within a Pathology Result Report, the *Specimen Detail* data group is Essential if the requested test is to be performed on a specimen, otherwise it **SHALL NOT** be populated.

#### Table 5: Obligations Legend

Where Essential child data components are contained within Optional parent data components, the child data components only need to be populated when the parent is populated.

## **B.4 Information Model Specification Parts** Legends

This section illustrates the format and parts used to define each Section, Data Group and Data Element within NEHTA's information model specifications and identifies when each part is applicable.

### **Data Hierarchy**

The top-level component contains a data hierarchy. Each row contains information about a single data component. The entries are nested to represent inclusion of one component in another. Each entry contains three occupied cells. One contains an icon to indicate its data type. One contains the name of the component. One contains the multiplicity range for the data component.

### **Chapter Name**

Each section, data group, data element, value domain or choice has its own eponymous chapter. The chapter name is used in all data hierarchies.

### **Identification Section Legend**

The following table illustrates the layout of the Identification section and describes the various parts of the section.

Name	The information model name of the component. (Source NEHTA.)
Metadata Type	The metadata type of the component, e.g. section, data group or data element. (Source NEHTA.)
Identifier	A NEHTA assigned internal identifier of the concept represented by the component. (Source NEHTA.)

OID	An object identifier that uniquely identifies the concept represented by the data component. (Source NEHTA.)
External Identifier	An identifier of the concept represented by the data component which is assigned by an organisation other than NEHTA. (Source NEHTA.)

 Table 6: Identification Section Legend

## **Definition Section Legend**

The following table illustrates the layout of the Definition section and describes the various parts of the section.

Definition	The meaning, description and/or explanation of the data component. (Source NEHTA.)	
	For data groups used in a particular context the definition <b>MAY</b> be a refinement of the generic data group definition.	
<b>Definition Source</b>	The authoritative source for the Definition statement.	
Synonymous Names	A list of any names the data component <b>MAY</b> also be known as. (Source NEHTA.)	
	Implementers <b>MAY</b> prefer to use synonymous names to refer to the component in specific contexts.	
Scope	Situations in which the data component may be used, i.e. the extent and capacity within which this data component may be used, including the circumstances under which the collection of specified data are required or recommended.	
	For example, Medication Instruction (data group) has a scope which includes all prescribable therapeutic goods, both medicines and non-medicines.	
	This attribute is not relevant to data elements or value domains. (Source NEHTA.)	
Scope Source	The authoritative source for the Scope statement.	
Context	The environment in which the data component is meaningful, i.e. the circumstance, purpose and perspective under which this data component is defined or used.	
	For example, Street Name has a context of Address. (Source NEHTA.)	
Assumptions	Suppositions and notions used in defining the data component. (Source NEHTA.)	
Assumptions Source	The authoritative source for the Assumptions statement.	
Notes	Informative text that further describes the data component, or assists in the understanding of how the data component can be used. (Source NEHTA.)	
Notes Source	The authoritative source for the Notes statement.	
Data Type	The data type of the data element, e.g. DateTime or Text. (Source NEHTA.)	
	The Data type is applicable only to data elements.	
	The valid data types are specified in the Data Types Legend.	

Value Domain	The name and identifier of the terminologies, code sets and classifications to define the data element value range, or a statement describing what values to use in the absence of a defined value domain for the related data element.
	In the absence of national standard code sets, the code sets used <b>SHALL</b> be registered code sets, i.e. registered through the HL7 code set registration procedure with an appropriate object identifier (OID), and <b>SHALL</b> be publicly available.
	When national standard code sets become available, they <b>SHALL</b> be used and the non-standard code sets <b>SHALL</b> be deprecated. (Source NEHTA.)
	The Value Domain is applicable only to CodedText and CodeableText data elements.

**Table 7: Definition Section Legend** 

### Value Domain Section Legend

The following table illustrates the layout of the Value Domain section and describes the various parts of the section.

Source	The name of the terminology or vocabulary from which the value domain's permissible values are sourced, e.g. SNOMED CT-AU, LOINC.
Version Number	Version number of the value domain source.
Permissible Values	List of permissible values in the value domain.

**Table 8: Value Domain Section Legend** 

### **Usage Section Legend**

The following table illustrates the layout of the Usage section and describes the various parts of the section.

Examples	One or more demonstrations of the data that is catered for by the data element. (Source NEHTA.)
	Where a data element has an associated value domain examples representative of that domain are used where possible. Where the value domain is yet to be determined an indicative example is provided.
	Implementation guides <b>MAY</b> contain specific examples for how data elements <b>SHALL</b> be populated and how they relate to each other.
	The Value Domain is applicable only to CodedText and CodeableText data elements.
Conditions of Use	Prerequisites, provisos and/or restrictions for use of the component. (Source NEHTA.)
Conditions of Use Source	The authoritative source for the Conditions of Use statement.
Misuse	Incorrect, inappropriate and/or wrong uses of the component. (Source NEHTA.)
#### Default Value

A common denomination, or at least a usable denomination, from the Value Domain where available and/or applicable, typically assigned at the creation of an instance of the component. (Source NEHTA.)

**Table 9: Usage Section Legend** 

# **Relationships Section Legend**

The Relationships section specifies the cardinality and conditionality between parent and child data components.

The following table illustrates the layout of the Children relationships table.

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Icon illustrating the Metadata type or Data type.	Component Name.	Obligation of this child component to the component described on this page.	The conditions that SHALL be met to include this child data element. Only applicable for elements with a Conditional obligation.	The number of instances of this child component that <b>SHALL</b> occur as determined by the obligation and multiplicity.

#### Table 10: Children Legend

The following table illustrates the layout of the Parent relationships table. Note that the relationships described by this table are from the parent to the child component.

Data Type	Name	Obligation	Condition	Occurrence
Icon illustrating the Metadata or Data type.	Component Name.	Obligation of the component described on this page to this parent component.	The conditions that <b>SHALL</b> be met to include the data element. Only applicable for elements with a Conditional obligation.	The number of instances of the component described on this page that <b>SHALL</b> occur as determined by the obligation and multiplicity.

Table 11: Parent Legend

# **Appendix C. Examples**

This Structured Document Template sets out the logical data structure to support the electronic transmission of a discharge summary. The logical data structure does not reflect the visual presentation that a clinician would expect to see and therefore an example of a potential document layout is included to assist readers to understand how the data can be presented visually.

The following layout is a sample only and is one possible visualisation of the data elements specified in this Structured Document Template.

PATIENT: Mr	William SMITH	DOB: 01/01/194	6 (63 years)			
JUMP TO: Hon	ne Synop	osis Medications	Interventions	Recommendations	Supplementary	
PATIENT				DISCHARG	E SUMMARY	
Name	Mr William SI Mr Bill SMITH	MITH (preferred)	-			
MRN	542181	- C	Ex.	Fairhill Hea	lith Hospital	
IHI	8003600008912	385	10.	[in a bit of the bit o	or product all	
Date of Birth	01/01/1946	(63 years)	45	Summary Status	Final	
Sex	Male		-	Version Number	1	
Address	Residence:	20 Chapel Street, Lilydale	, VIC, 3002	Date completed	13/11/2009 14:06	
	Postal:	PO Box 123, Lilydale, VIC	, 3002	Document Author	Dr Jason LEE (Intern) Phone: 03 3256 8569	
Contact	Home Phone: Mobile:	03 3988 7156 0411 378 942			[HPI-I: 8003610000002084]	
ENCOUNTER	DETAILS		FACILIT	Y DETAILS		
Admission Date	Friday 06/11/20	09 09:12	Name	Fairhill Health H	ospital	
Discharge Date	Friday 13/11/20	09 13:22	Address	1 Stanley Street	Ringwood Fast VIC. 3136	
Separation Mode	To Home		Contact	Phone: 03 3256	8569	
Discharge Ward	Ward 3A			Fax: 03 3256	8888	
Specialties	Respiratory					
	Orthopaedic Sur	gery				
PRIMARY REC	IPIENTS					
Name (+ relations	hip to patient)	Organisation	Address	Cont	tact	
Dr Jane ANDERSON [HPI-I: 80036100000017	(GP) <sup>06]</sup>	Croydon GP Centre [HPI-O: 8003620000000541]	23 Anzac Street Croyd	on VIC, 3136 Phon Emai	e: 03 4575 4566 l: records@croydongp.com.au	
CLINICAL SYN	OPSIS					
Admitted for elective, right Total Knee Replacement (cemented prosthesis). Day 3, developed bilateral basal atelectasis. The FBC showed high WCC (20.0) and high neutrophils (16.0). Commenced on doxycycline and chest physio. Due to mild anaemia prior to surgery and subsequent operative blood loss, required a blood transfusion of three units. Subsequently made steady progress, regaining good mobility in his knee and is able to mobilise with the aid of a stick. Right knee Xray showed no fracture or dislocation, with the total knee prosthesis well positioned post surgery.						
PROBLEMS / D	DIAGNOSIS					
Туре	Descriptio	'n				
Principal Diagnosis	Osteoarthr	itis of right knee				
Comorbidities	Chronic Ob	structive Pulmonary Dise	ase			
	Anaemia					
Complications	Post-opera	tive pneumonia				
	Intra opera	tive haemorrhage				

Hypotension

CURR	ENT MEDICATIONS OF	N DISCHARGE (S	tatus: New = 'N', Ch	anged = `+', Un	changed = 'U', Withheld =	`W')
Status	Item Description	Dose Instructions	Reason for Medication	Duration	Change made (+ reason for change)	Quantity supplied
N	Doxycycline (100 mg) tablet	1 tablet once daily oral	Pneumonia	Continue until finished		2 tablets
N	Codalgin Forte (paracetamol 500mg + codeine phosphate 30mg) tablet	2 tablets as required oral maximum of 8 per day	Pain management	Ongoing		20 tablets
*	Lasix (frusemide 40 mg) tablet	1 tablet once daily oral	Fluid retention	Ongoing	Dose decreased from 1 tablet Twice a day (Due to hypotension)	100 tablets
U	Spiriva (tiotropium bro- mide 18mg per inhala- tion) inhalant	1 inhalation per day	COPD	Ongoing		own supply
w	Cardiprin (aspirin 100 mg) tablet	1 tablet once daily oral	Cardiovascular prophylaxis	Ongoing	Withheld (due to surgery)	30 tablets
	Additional comments	Please recommence 3 days after discharge				
CEAS	ED MEDICATIONS					
Item D	escription	Reason for Ceasing				7
Oxycodone hydrochloride (5mg) capsule		e No longer required	No longer required			
Celebrex (celecoxib 200mg) capsule		Ceased due to schedu	led surgery	5	0	

CEASED MEDICATIONS	
Item Description	Reason for Ceasing
Oxycodone hydrochloride (5mg) capsule	No longer required
Celebrex (celecoxib 200mg) capsule	Ceased due to scheduled surgery

#### ALLERGIES/ADVERSE REACTIONS

Agent
Penicillin

Reaction description Severe urticaria on trunk and legs; Nausea and vomiting

Metoprolol Acute exacerbation of Chronic Obstructive Airways Disease

#### CLINICAL INTERVENTIONS THIS VISIT

Primary cemented total knee replacement (R) Lumbar epidural block Transfusion of packed red blood cells, post-op

Physiotherapy

#### DIAGNOSTIC INVESTIGATIONS

			-		
Туре	Date		Test N	lame 5	tatus
Pathology	10/11	10/11/2009 14:06		mistry Battery Tests	inal
	10/11	/2009 14:06	Hepati	c Function Panel F	'ending
	10/11	/2009 14:31	Full Bl	pod Count F	inal
Radiology	08/11	/2009 09:28	X-Ray	of chest F	inal
	07/11	/2009 13:54	Right I	rnee x-ray F	inal
RECOMMEN	DATIONS				
То		Note			
Dr Jane ANDERSON Please remove the staples on 18 November 2009. Please ensure aspirin is recommoder post-discharge. Please follow-up anaemia.			18 November 2009. Please ensure aspirin is recommer up anaemia.	nced 3 days	
Mr William SMI Patient	тн	Return to GP on 18 Nov as guided by physiother	embe rapist.	r 2009 to have the staples removed. Keep up regular r Please recommence aspirin 3 days post discharge.	nobility routine
ALERTS					
Туре		Description			
Clinical		At risk of pressure sores du	ue to ea	asily damaged skin	
Advance Care Dire	ective	Present			
ARRANGED	SERVICES				
Service Date	Provider			Description	Status
13/12/2009 Dr Horace WILLIAMS (Orthopaedic Surgeon) [HPI-1: 800361000002050] Fairhill Health Hospital [HPI-0: 800362000000822]		)	Orthopaedic outpatient clinic appointment for 4 weeks post- discharge progress review	Confirmed	

INFORMATION PROVIDED TO PATIENT AND/OR FAMILY

Patient was given a brochure explaining the expected post-op recovery following a total knee replacement. The physiotherapist provided a list of home exercises. The good prognosis for return to activity was discussed with the patient - likely to be able to walk with a stick at six weeks.

#### NOMINATED PRIMARY HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS

Name (+ role)	Organisation	Address	Contact
Dr Jane ANDERSON (General Practitioner) [HPI-I: 800361000001706]	Croydon GP Centre [HPI-O: 8003620000000541]	23 Anzac Street Croydon VIC, 3136	Phone: 03 4575 4566 Email: records@croydongp.com.au
OTHER RECIPIENTS			
Name (+ relationship to patient)	Organisation	Address	Contact
Mr Peter OWEN (Community Physiotherapist) [HPI-1: 800361000002076]	PhysioCare Pty Ltd [HPt-0: 800362000000814]	200 Wonga Road Warranwood VIC, 3101	Phone: 03 5214 5236 Fax: 03 5214 5244
Mr William SMITH (Patient)		20 Chapel Street, Lilydale, VIC, 3002	Home: 03 3988 7156 Mobile: 0411 378 942
OTHER PARTICIPANTS			(Responsible Health Professional = * )
Name (+ role)	Organisation	Address	Contact
Dr Jeremy McCALLISTAR * (Respiratory Consultant) [HPI-I: 8003610000001967]	Fairhill Health Hospital [HPI-O: 800362000000822]	1 Stanley Street Ringwood East VIC, 3136	Phone: 03 3256 8569
Dr Janice SMITH (Registrar) [HPI-I: 8003610000001995]	Fairhill Health Hospital [HPJ-O: 800362000000822]	1 Stanley Street Ringwood East VIC, 3136	Phone: 03 3256 8569
Mr Charles Thomas (Pharmacist) [HPI-I: 8003610000002001]	Fairhill Health Hospital [HPI-O: 900362000000822]	1 Stanley Street Ringwood East VIC, 3136	Phone: 03 3256 8569
Miss Kathryn Jones (Physiotherapist) [HPI-1: 800361000002019]	Fairhill Health Hospital [HPJ-O: 800362000000822]	1 Stanley Street Ringwood East VIC, 3136	Phone: 03 3256 8569

This page is intentionally left blank

# **Appendix D. Log of Changes**

This appendix details the changes and feedback resulting from public comment on version 3.2, which was sent to Standards Australia in October 2010. It includes some changes made in response to a NEHTA internal review of the document.

Issue ID	Title	Requested Change/Feedback	Location/Change Made		
CIDS-27	Patient, subject of care, person can be used in the same sentence	Pick one of the terms 'Patient' and 'Subject of Care' and use it consistently.	NEHTA's standard term 'Subject of Care' is now used in all cases.		
CIDS-28, CIDS-29	Value domains used inconsistently	<ul> <li>Value domains used inconsistently.</li> <li>Example in Sections 4.14, 5.5 and 6.7, value domain VD-16299 has sets of permissible values that are not mutually exclusive:</li> <li>e.g.</li> <li>1- no significant medical history S4.14.3</li> <li>2- not current taking any medication S5.5.3</li> <li>3- no known adverse reactions S6.7.3</li> <li>Some value domains do not have permissible value sets e.g. VD-15554, VD-10176</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All exclusion statements get the same value domain.</li> <li>The value domain for 6.14 Adverse Reaction Type has been suppressed.</li> <li>The value domain for 5.19 Changes Made has been suppressed.</li> </ul>		
CIDS-30	Poor definitions	A repeating common problem throughout the document is that extraneous content is included in definitions. This is not consistent with ISO standards.	Some definitions reviewed and revised.		
CIDS-31	Definition is not consistent with Health Standard - METeOR ID: 270688	Use correct references for 4.5 Separation Mode Values.	Now references METeOR Vale Domain 270688. Other minor changes.		
CIDS-32	Wrong source attribution	Use correct references for 4.4 Separation Mode.	Now references METeOR Data Element Concept 270094. Other minor changes.		
CIDS-34	Poor definition of ENCOUNTER	Revise definition of ENCOUNTER.	The definition has been revised.		
CIDS-36	Poor definition of EVENT	Revise definition of EVENT.	The definition has been revised.		

Issue ID	Title	Requested Change/Feedback	Location/Change Made
CIDS-37	Definition should be singular	Replace 'Type(s)' with 'Type'.	Changes were made to Section 3.5 Care Setting.
CIDS-42	Paragraph contradicts content of document.	The paragraph in section 1.2 starting "Implementation which is optional to implement" conflicts with the content of the document.	The paragraph has been removed.
CIDS-43	Use of exclusion statements is disorganised	Use revised version of Exclusion Statements.	All exclusion statements now contain the single attribute 'Global Statement'. Cardinality and description of exclusion statements revised.
CIDS-44	Use the e-Referral design of Pathology Test	Use the e-Referral version of Pathology Test Result in place of Laboratory Report.	The new version has been integrated with the SDT.
CIDS-45	Use the e-Referral design of Imaging Examination	Use the e-Referral version of Imaging Examination Result in place of Imaging Test.	The new version has been integrated with the SDT.
CIDS-51	Description Values	Add SNOMED CT-AU concept IDs where available	SNOMED CT-AU Concept IDs added to 4.18 Problem/Diagnosis Description Values and 4.22 Clinical Intervention Description Values.
CIDS-56	SNOMED CT, SNOMED CT-AU; Use of registered trademark symbol	Initial use of SNOMED CT or SNOMED-CT-AU requires a registered trademark symbol.	Paragraph added to introduction about SNOMED CT-AU and terminology.
CIDS-57	Use of Participation icon	In various locations the Data Group icon is used when it should be the Participation icon.	<ul> <li>Icon replaced in Children relationships table for:</li> <li>4.2 ENCOUNTER - RESPONSIBLE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL AT TIME OF DISCHARGE</li> <li>4.2 ENCOUNTER - OTHER PARTICIPANT</li> <li>6.2 HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS - NOMINATED PRIMARY HEALTHCARE PROVIDER</li> <li>7.8 PROTOCOL - SERVICE PROVIDER</li> <li>7.11 RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDED - RECOMMENDATION RECIPIENT</li> </ul>

Issue ID	Title	Requested Change/Feedback	Location/Change Made
CIDS-83	Should use latest version of Participation Data Specification.	The Participation Specification has been updated and the latest version should be used for compatibility with other specifications.	Reference to Participation updated. Subject of Care Conditions of Use now explicitly state that Date of Birth and Sex are essential.
CIDS-84	Use current icons.	NEHTA has new (2011) icons for data specifications. Use them.	Icons changed. Guide for use appendix which describes new icons added. References to external guide for use document with old icons have been replaced with references to appendix.
CIDS-97	Nominated Primary Healthcare Provider - Conditions of Use - Missing constraints.	The Core Information Requirements for Discharge Summary have Address and Electronic Communication Details as essential.	Obligation constraint statements added to make Essential for both persons and organisations.
CIDS-100	Facility - Conditions of Use - The Entity Identifier of a Facility should be Essential.	The Core Information Requirements for Discharge Summary have this as essential.	Obligation constraint statement added to make Essential. Related value constraint adjusted.
CIDS-103	Speciality - Relationships - should be essential.	The Core Information Requirements for Discharge Summary have this as essential.	Obligation changed from Optional to Essential.
CIDS-105	Problem/Diagnosis Description; Definition is poor.	The definition should not mention coding.	Definition revised to An identifying description of the problem/diagnosis.
CIDS-124	Changes Made - Usage - second example not relevant	Remove the second example as it is not relevant to ceased medications.	Example 2 removed.
CIDS-125	Reason for Change - Definition - not suited to this use.	Use a more relevant definition. The notes are redundant in an essential data element.	Definition changed from "The justification for the stated change in medication." to "The reason why the medication was ceased."
			change has been made." removed.
CIDS-130	Protocol - Definition - wrong	Use a correct definition. Remove the notes.	Definition changed from "Information that is not critical to but may add value to the interpretation of a measurement." to "Relevant non-clinical information." Notes removed.

Issue ID	Title	Requested Change/Feedback	Location/Change Made
CIDS-133	Problem/Diagnosis Description - Value Domain is too broad.	Use the specific value domain which is now available for this data element and is used is other specifications.	Value domain <i>Problem/Diagnosis</i> Description Values replaced with Problem/Diagnosis Reference Set.
CIDS-134	Other Participant - Conditions of Use are wrong.	Employment Detail might be needed for a healthcare provider, make it optional. Date of Birth is Calculated From Age, DATE OF BIRTH ACCURACY INDICATOR and AGE DETAIL are only relevant to a Subject of Care, make prohibited.	Obligation constraints changed.
CIDS-135	Adverse Reaction - Definition and Synonymous Names should be single.	The definitions and synonymous names are plural. The data group contains information about a single adverse reaction.	Definition and Synonymous Names made singular.
CIDS-149	Health Event Identification should only be single.	An organisation may wish to record several values of Health Event Identification for internal processes, but there is no need for that in clinical discharge. Change multiplicity to 01.	Change made to 3.6 Health Event Identification.
CIDS-155	Conditions of Use sections for Participations are inconsistent in content and expression.	Standardise the conditions of use for similar uses.	Changes made to all participations.
CIG-253	Replace MUST with SHALL in Discharge Summary SDT	Use NEHTA's preferred conformance terminology of SHALL.	Conformance statements in this document now use 'SHALL' in place of 'MUST'.
PDS-315	Date of Birth and Sex should be optional for participations other than subject of care	Date of Birth and Sex should be optional for participations other than subject of care.	All participations other than Subject of Care now state that Sex and Date of Birth are optional.

# Index

### A

Additional Comments, 222 **ADVERSE REACTION, 252** Adverse Reaction Type, 255 ADVERSE REACTIONS, 248 Agent Description, 253 **ALERT, 261** Alert Description, 265 Alert Type, 263 ALERTS, 260 ANATOMICAL LOCATION, 74, 120, 158, 183 Anatomical Location Description, 80, 126, 164, 189 Anatomical Location Image, 81, 81, 127, 127, 165, 190 Anatomical Location Name, 76, 122, 160, 185 **ARRANGED SERVICE**, 269 Arranged Service Description, 270 **ARRANGED SERVICES, 268** 

### В

Body Structure Foundation Reference Set, 77, 123, 161, 186

### С

Care Setting, 23 **CEASED MEDICATIONS**, 229 CHANGE DETAIL, 225, 240 Changes Made, 226, 241 Clinical Information Provided, 100, 168 **CLINICAL INTERVENTION, 56** Clinical Intervention Description, 58 Clinical Intervention Description Values, 59 CLINICAL INTERVENTIONS PERFORMED THIS VISIT. 54 **CLINICAL SYNOPSIS, 60** Clinical Synopsis Description, 62 COLLECTION AND HANDLING, 88, 134 Collection DateTime, 91, 137 Collection Procedure, 73, 119 Collection Setting, 92, 138 Container Identifier, 97, 143 CURRENT MEDICATIONS ON DISCHARGE, 208

## D

Data Element Additional Comments, 222 Adverse Reaction Type, 255 Agent Description, 253 Alert Description, 265 Alert Type, 263 Anatomical Location Description, 80, 126, 164, 189 Anatomical Location Image, 81, 127, 165, 190 Anatomical Location Name, 76, 122, 160, 185 Arranged Service Description, 270 Care Setting, 23 Changes Made, 226, 241 Clinical Information Provided, 100, 168 Clinical Intervention Description, 58 Clinical Synopsis Description, 62 Collection DateTime, 91, 137 Collection Procedure, 73, 119 Collection Setting, 92, 138 Container Identifier, 97, 143 DateTime Attested, 15 DateTime Health Event Ended, 29 DateTime Health Event Started, 28 DateTime Received, 93, 139 DE-10141, 221 DE-10143, 228 DE-10145, 220 DE-10176, 226, 241 DE-10177, 227, 242 DE-10194, 215, 235 DE-10333, 26 DE-11008, 71, 117 DE-11012, 95, 141 DE-11013, 91, 137 DE-11014, 93, 139 DE-11017, 66 DE-11018, 151 DE-11023, 106, 175 DE-11029, 115 DE-15507, 28 DE-15510, 29 DE-15514, 52 DE-15521, 253 DE-15547, 51 DE-15554, 255 DE-15563, 258 DE-15579, 58 DE-15582, 62 DE-15584, 263 DE-15585, 265 DE-16001, 224, 239 DE-16008, 219 DE-16028, 38 DE-16040, 40 DE-16044, 222 DE-16056, 273 DE-16111, 73, 119 DE-16140, 34 DE-16149, 67 DE-16153, 76, 122, 160, 185 DE-16155.98 DE-16159, 146 DE-16171, 89, 135 DE-16187, 96, 142 DE-16188, 97, 143 DE-16198, 201 DE-16199, 81, 87, 127, 133, 165, 190, 204 DE-16302, 48, 211, 231, 250

DE-16319, 80, 126, 164, 189 DE-16327, 83, 129 DE-16335, 85, 131 DE-16336, 78, 124, 162, 187 DE-16397, 100, 168 DE-16402, 144 DE-16403, 145 DE-16404, 150 DE-16428, 102 DE-16466, 113, 182 DE-16467, 114 DE-16468, 148 DE-16498, 155 DE-16500, 156 DE-16502, 166 DE-16503, 169 DE-16504, 171 DE-16509, 191 DE-16512, 193 DE-16513, 194 DE-16514, 195 DE-16516, 198 DE-16517, 200 DE-16519, 202 DE-16520, 203 DE-16529, 92, 138 DE-16566, 112, 181 DE-16568, 174 DE-16571, 105 DE-16572, 108, 177 DE-16574, 111, 180 DE-16589, 205 DE-16605, 152 DE-16621, 86, 132 DE-20106, 15 DE-20111, 23 DE-20117, 270 DE-20121, 35 DE-20173, 272 DE-20175, 283, 286 **Diagnostic Service**, 67 **DICOM Series Identifier**, 200 **DICOM Study Identifier**, 194 Dose Instruction, 219 Encounter Period, 34 Examination Requested Name, 193 Examination Result Representation, 191 Findings, 169 Global Statement, 48, 211, 231, 250 Health Event Identifier, 26 Image, 87, 133, 204 Image DateTime, 203 Image Identifier, 198 Image View Name, 201 Imaging Examination Result DateTime, 205 Imaging Examination Result Group Name, 171 Imaging Examination Result Name, 155 Imaging Examination Result Status, 166

Imaging Examination Result Value, 175 Imaging Examination Result Value Normal Status, 177 Imaging Examination Result Value Reference Range, 181 Imaging Examination Result Value Reference Range Meaning, 180 Imaging Modality, 156 Individual Imaging Examination Result Name, 174 Individual Pathology Test Reference Range Guidance, 114 Individual Pathology Test Result Comment, 113 Individual Pathology Test Result Name, 105 Individual Pathology Test Result Status, 115 Individual Pathology Test Result Value, 106 Individual Pathology Test Result Value Normal Status, 108 Individual Pathology Test Result Value Reference Range, 112 Individual Pathology Test Result Value Reference Range Meaning, 111 Information Provided to Subject of Care and/or Relevant Parties, 286 Item Status, 224, 239 Laboratory Test Result Identifier, 151 Location of Discharge, 40 Medication Duration, 228 Object Description, 86, 132 **Overall Pathology Test Result Status, 98** Parent Specimen Identifier, 96, 142 Pathological Diagnosis, 144 Pathology Test Conclusion, 145 Pathology Test Result DateTime, 152 Pathology Test Result Group Name, 102 Pathology Test Result Name, 66 Problem/Diagnosis Description, 52 Problem/Diagnosis Type, 51 Reaction Description, 258 Reason for Change, 227, 242 Reason for Therapeutic Good, 221 Recommendation Note, 283 Report Identifier, 195 Result Comment, 182 Sampling Preconditions, 89, 135 Separation Mode, 35 Service Booking Status, 273 Service Commencement Window, 272 Side, 78, 124, 162, 187 Specialty, 38 Specimen Identifier, 95, 141 Specimen Tissue Type, 71, 117 Subject Position, 202 Test Comment, 148 Test Requested Name, 150 Test Result Representation, 146 Therapeutic Good Identification, 215, 235 Unit of Use Quantity Dispensed, 220

Volume, 85, 131 Weight, 83, 129 Data Group **ADVERSE REACTION, 252** ALERT, 261 ANATOMICAL LOCATION, 74, 120, 158, 183 ARRANGED SERVICE, 269 CHANGE DETAIL, 225, 240 **CLINICAL INTERVENTION, 56** CLINICAL SYNOPSIS, 60 COLLECTION AND HANDLING, 88, 134 DG-10128, 225, 240 DG-10296, 17, 19, 21, 41, 43, 245, 276, 281 DG-10331, 24 DG-15511, 257 DG-15513, 60 DG-15514, 56 DG-15517.252 DG-15518, 261 DG-15530, 50 DG-16007, 218 DG-16057.32 DG-16117, 223, 238 DG-16131, 275 DG-16136, 210, 230 DG-16137, 249 DG-16138, 47 DG-16144.64 DG-16145. 153 DG-16150, 74, 120, 158, 183 DG-16151, 75, 121, 159, 184 DG-16156, 69, 116 DG-16160, 149 DG-16166, 82, 128 DG-16167, 88, 134 DG-16186, 94, 140 DG-16211, 213, 233 DG-16325, 110, 179 DG-16328, 84, 130 DG-16469, 101 DG-16489, 103 DG-16504, 170 DG-16505, 172 DG-16511, 192 DG-16515, 197 DG-16528, 90, 136 DG-20002, 244 DG-20116, 280, 285 DG-20158, 269 **DIMENSIONS**, 84, 130 **DOCUMENT AUTHOR, 17** DOSAGE, 218 ENCOUNTER, 32 **EXAMINATION REQUEST DETAILS, 192 EXCLUSION STATEMENT - ADVERSE REAC-TION**, 249 **EXCLUSION STATEMENT - MEDICATIONS,** 210, 230

FACILITY, 21 HANDLING AND PROCESSING, 90, 136 **HEALTH EVENT IDENTIFICATION, 24 HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS, 244** IDENTIFIERS, 94, 140 **IMAGE DETAILS, 197 IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT, 153** IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT GROUP, 170 IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT VALUE **REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS. 179** INDIVIDUAL IMAGING EXAMINATION RES-ULT, 172 **INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT, 103** INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT VALUE REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS, 110 **INFORMATION PROVIDED, 285** MEDICATION HISTORY, 223, 238 NOMINATED PRIMARY HEALTHCARE PRO-**VIDER**, 245 **OTHER PARTICIPANT, 43** PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT, 64 PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT GROUP, 101 PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT, 82, 128 PROBLEM/DIAGNOSIS, 50 PROTOCOL, 275 **REACTION DETAIL, 257 RECOMMENDATION RECIPIENT, 281 RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDED, 280** RESPONSIBLE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL AT TIME OF DISCHARGE, 41 **RESULT GROUP SPECIMEN DETAIL, 116** SERVICE PROVIDER, 276 SPECIFIC LOCATION, 75, 121, 159, 184 SUBJECT OF CARE, 19 **TEST REQUEST DETAILS, 149 TEST SPECIMEN DETAIL, 69** THERAPEUTIC GOOD, 213, 233 DateTime Attested, 15 DateTime Health Event Ended, 29 DateTime Health Event Started, 28 DateTime Received, 93, 139 **DIAGNOSTIC INVESTIGATIONS, 63 Diagnostic Service**, 67 **Diagnostic Service Values**, 68 **DICOM Series Identifier**, 200 **DICOM Study Identifier**, 194 **DIMENSIONS**, 84, 130 **DISCHARGE SUMMARY, 7 DOCUMENT AUTHOR, 17** DOSAGE, 218 Dose Instruction, 219

#### Ε

ENCOUNTER, 32 Encounter Period, 34

#### EVENT, 31

EXAMINATION REQUEST DETAILS, 192 Examination Requested Name, 193 Examination Result Representation, 191 EXCLUSION STATEMENT - ADVERSE REAC-TION, 249 EXCLUSION STATEMENT - MEDICATIONS, 210, 230 EXCLUSION STATEMENT - PROBLEMS AND

DIAGNOSES, 47

## F

FACILITY, 21 Findings, 169

# G

Global Statement, 48, 211, 231, 250 Global Statement Values, 49, 212, 232, 251

## Η

HANDLING AND PROCESSING, 90, 136 HEALTH EVENT IDENTIFICATION, 24 Health Event Identifier, 26 HEALTH PROFILE, 243 HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS, 244

## I

IDENTIFIERS, 94, 140 Image, 87, 133, 204 Image DateTime, 203 **IMAGE DETAILS, 197** Image Identifier, 198 Image View Name, 201 **IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT, 153** Imaging Examination Result DateTime, 205 **IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT GROUP, 170** Imaging Examination Result Group Name, 171 Imaging Examination Result Name, 155 Imaging Examination Result Status, 166 Imaging Examination Result Value, 175 Imaging Examination Result Value Normal Status, 177 Imaging Examination Result Value Normal Status Values, 178 Imaging Examination Result Value Reference Range, 181 IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT VALUE REF-**ERENCE RANGE DETAILS, 179** Imaging Examination Result Value Reference Range Meaning, 180 Imaging Modality, 156 INDIVIDUAL IMAGING EXAMINATION RESULT, 172 Individual Imaging Examination Result Name, 174 Individual Pathology Test Reference Range Guidance, 114 INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT, 103

Individual Pathology Test Result Comment, 113 Individual Pathology Test Result Name, 105 Individual Pathology Test Result Status, 115 Individual Pathology Test Result Value, 106 Individual Pathology Test Result Value Normal Status, 108 Individual Pathology Test Result Value Normal Status Values, 109 Individual Pathology Test Result Value Reference Range, 112 INDIVIDUAL PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT VALUE **REFERENCE RANGE DETAILS, 110** Individual Pathology Test Result Value Reference Range Meaning, 111 **INFORMATION PROVIDED, 285** Information Provided to Subject of Care and/or Relevant Parties, 286 Item Status, 224, 239

#### L

Laboratory Test Result Identifier, 151 Laterality Reference Set, 79, 125, 163, 188 Location of Discharge, 40

#### Μ

Medication Duration, 228 MEDICATION HISTORY, 223, 238 MEDICATIONS, 207

#### Ν

NOMINATED PRIMARY HEALTHCARE PRO-VIDER, 245

## 0

Object Description, 86, 132 OTHER PARTICIPANT, 43 Overall Pathology Test Result Status, 98

#### Ρ

Parent Specimen Identifier, 96, 142 Pathological Diagnosis, 144 Pathology Test Conclusion, 145 PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT, 64 Pathology Test Result DateTime, 152 PATHOLOGY TEST RESULT GROUP, 101 Pathology Test Result Group Name, 102 Pathology Test Result Name, 66 Pathology Test Result Status Values, 99 PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF AN OBJECT, 82, 128 PLAN, 267 PROBLEM/DIAGNOSIS, 50 Problem/Diagnosis Description, 52 Problem/Diagnosis Reference Set, 53 Problem/Diagnosis Type, 51 PROBLEMS/DIAGNOSES THIS VISIT, 45

PROTOCOL, 275

#### R

Reaction Description, 258 **REACTION DETAIL, 257** Reason for Change, 227, 242 Reason for Therapeutic Good, 221 Recommendation Note, 283 **RECOMMENDATION RECIPIENT, 281 RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDED, 280** RECORD OF RECOMMENDATIONS AND IN-FORMATION PROVIDED, 279 Report Identifier, 195 RESPONSIBLE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL AT TIME OF DISCHARGE, 41 Result Comment, 182 **RESULT GROUP SPECIMEN DETAIL, 116** Result Value Normal Status Values, 109, 178 Result Value Values, 107

# S

Sampling Preconditions, 89, 135 Section **ADVERSE REACTIONS, 248** ALERTS, 260 **ARRANGED SERVICES**, 268 **CEASED MEDICATIONS**, 229 CLINICAL INTERVENTIONS PERFORMED THIS VISIT, 54 CURRENT MEDICATIONS ON DISCHARGE, 208 **DIAGNOSTIC INVESTIGATIONS, 63** EVENT, 31 **HEALTH PROFILE**, 243 **MEDICATIONS**, 207 PLAN, 267 PROBLEMS/DIAGNOSES THIS VISIT, 45 **RECORD OF RECOMMENDATIONS AND IN-**FORMATION PROVIDED, 279 S-16006, 31 S-16011, 243 S-16020, 267 S-16021, 268 S-16022, 207 S-16142, 45 S-16146, 208, 229 S-20109, 54 S-20112, 260 S-20113, 248 S-20116, 279 S-20117, 63 Separation Mode, 35 Separation Mode Values, 36 Service Booking Status, 273 Service Booking Status Values, 274 Service Commencement Window, 272 **SERVICE PROVIDER, 276** 

Side, 78, 124, 162, 187 Specialty, 38 Specialty Values, 39 SPECIFIC LOCATION, 75, 121, 159, 184 Specimen Identifier, 95, 141 Specimen Tissue Type, 71, 117 Structured Document DISCHARGE SUMMARY, 7 SD-20000, 7 SUBJECT OF CARE, 19 Subject Position, 202

# Т

Test Comment, 148 TEST REQUEST DETAILS, 149 Test Requested Name, 150 Test Result Representation, 146 TEST SPECIMEN DETAIL, 69 THERAPEUTIC GOOD, 213, 233 Therapeutic Good Identification, 215, 235 Therapeutic Good Identification Values, 217, 237

# U

Unit of Use Quantity Dispensed, 220

### V

Value Domain Body Structure Foundation Reference Set, 77, 123, 161, 186 **Clinical Intervention Description Values**, 59 **Diagnostic Service Values**. 68 Global Statement Values, 49, 212, 232, 251 Imaging Examination Result Value Normal Status Values, 178 Individual Pathology Test Result Value Normal Status Values, 109 Laterality Reference Set, 79, 125, 163, 188 Pathology Test Result Status Values, 99 Problem/Diagnosis Reference Set, 53 Result Value Values, 107 Separation Mode Values, 36 Service Booking Status Values, 274 Specialty Values, 39 Therapeutic Good Identification Values, 217, 237 VD-11023, 107 VD-15579, 59 VD-16028, 39 VD-16055, 274 VD-16115, 217, 237 VD-16148, 68 VD-16152, 77, 123, 161, 186 VD-16299, 49, 212, 232, 251 VD-16312, 79, 125, 163, 188 VD-16488, 99 VD-16572, 109, 178 VD-16617, 53 VD-20121, 36

Volume, 85, 131

**W** Weight, 83, 129